"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain to-day; cloudy, somewhat colder to-morrow; moderate south winds, becoming variable.
For full weather report see Page 11

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,458. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. Elsewhere Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS.

GOETHALS NOTIFIED HE'S TO BE GOVERNOR

Wilson Signs Order Creating New Canal Government and Selects Builder to Head It.

GARRISON CABLES TO HIM

Famous Army Engineer Is Pleased, but Won't Say When His Work There Will End.

Goethals Doesn't Know When He Can Get Away.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Jan. 27.—News of President Wilson's having signed an order establishing a permanent Government of the Canal Zone on April 1, naming Col. Goethals as Governor, was conveyed to the Colonel by The New York Times correspondent this afternoon.

Col. Goethals would make no comment, and when the correspondent asked him how long it would take to put the canal so efficiently in operation that he would feel himself in a position to leave it, he replied:

"I cannot answer, because I do not know."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—President Wilson to-day signed an Executive order erecting the new Government of the Panama Canal Zone, as provided by the Panama Canal, or so-called Adamson, act. Secretary Garrison at once cabled to Col. George W. Goethals, the Chairman of the Panama Canal Commission, notifying him of the fact and telling him that it was the President's intention to appoint him Governor of the Canal Zone. The new permanent Government, by the President's order, will become operative on April 1.

"And I have every reason to believe," said Secretary Garrison, "that Col. Goethals will accept the place."

Neither President Wilson nor Secretary Garrison thinks that Col. Goethals will either resign or ask indefinite leave, with the idea of accepting the post of Police Commissioner of New York. In this connection Mr. Garrison expressed an opinion bearing on the Mitchel-Goethals incident. The Secretary said that Col. Goethals was not understood even by many of his best friends. It was the Secretary's view that Col. Goethals was wholly unconscious of the desire on the part of Congress to reward him in any manner for the accomplishment of his great task, and had not for a moment thought of such a thing. His modesty was such, Mr. Garrison said, that he simply desired, when the canal was in satisfactory operation, to take up some other great work of more than ordinary difficulty and proceed to carry it out.

Col. Goethals, it was said, was so self-poised and self-controlled that he did not display the slighest ambition for personal advancement or promotion.

"He simply wants a big task," said the Secretary. "And I haven't the slightest doubt that he would like to undertake what has been suggested for him in New York. But he will remain in the army and accept the Governorship of the Canal Zone."

To Reappoint Board.

The method of selecting and appointing the subordinate officials of the Canal Zone has not been decided on. The Adamson act gives the President power to appoint such other officers as he may deem competent to discharge the various duties connected with the completion, care, maintenance, sanitation, operation, government, and protection of the canal. The President has decided to appoint the present members of the Panama Canal Commission as a special commission to continue in office until the formal opening of the canal, when they will be relieved of further duty. This is done largely as a sentimental matter, because it is the President's wish that the men who have labored so long to bring the canal to a completed success shall have the satisfaction of taking part in the celebration.

The present commission consists of H. F. Hodges of the Quartermaster Department of the army, William L. Seibert of the Engineer Corps of the army, Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau of the navy; Col. William L. Gorgas of the Medical Department of the army, and Richard L. Metcalfe, who is the head of the Department of Civil Administration in the Canal Zone. As to the selection of the 2,500 subordinate officials and employes who will be retained on the Canal Zone in the various capacities provided for in the Adamson act it is likely that President Wilson will defer largely to Col. Goethals.

The name of Col. Goethals will be sent to the Senate to-morrow. His term of office will be for four years, or until his successor is appointed. His salary will be $10,000, which is $5,000 less than he receives now. None of the other officers, officials, or employes in the Canal Zone will require confirmation by the Senate. The nomination for the Governor is alone by law subject to the Senate's advice and consent.

The President's order, establishing a permanent government for the Panama Canal Zone, creates these departments:

Operation and Maintenance, Purchasing Department, Supply Department, Accounting Department, Health Department, and an Executive Secretary.

These departments will be manned as follows:

Maintenance, Army engineer officer; transportation, Naval officer; electrical engineer, Army engineer officer; Captains of the terminal ports, Naval officers; superintendent of shops and dry docks, Naval constructor; chief health officer, Army medical officer; superintendent of hospitals, Army medical officer; chief of the quarantine division, officer of the Public Health Bureau, and chief quartermaster, Army officer.

The order describes in detail the various duties to be performed by the officers.

The President Explains.

President Wilson set forth his reasons for adopting the plan of Government provided for by his order in the following memorandum:

"In construing and carrying out the

Continued on Page 2.

WAVE HITS THE MONTEREY.

Ward Liner in Dire Peril, Passengers Terrified—Boy Goes Insane.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Jan. 27.—The Ward liner Monterey, which arrived here to-day twenty-four hours late from New York, was nearly swamped 150 miles south of Cape Hatteras, when she was struck by a gigantic wave at 2:40 o'clock Saturday morning.

The wave flooded the first cabins, while the intermediate departments were waist deep in water. The steamship keeled over 45 degrees, and did not regain her upright position until the first officer, wading breast deep, opened the port holes and allowed the water to escape.

Capt. Arthur Smith declares it was extremely fortunate that a second wave did not follow, as it would have sunk the ship.

The wave caused great excitement among the passengers, who rushed out on the decks, screaming and praying, most of them clad in their night-clothes. The intermediate passengers donned lifebelts. Their quarters were so flooded that the officers were compelled to transfer them to the cabins.

One of the Monterey's apprentices became temporarily insane from fear and had to be confined in a straitjacket.

MISSES HIS STEAMER AGAIN.

W. T. Denison, New Philippines Commissioner, Will Sail Feb. 3.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Because the United States Government was half an hour behind a press dispatch giving Winfred T. Denison the news that his appointment to be Secretary of the Interior of the Philippines had been confirmed to-day by the Senate, he missed his eighth consecutive liner for the Orient. The news arrived from Washington at 12:44 P. M. Pacific Coast time.

"That gives me just fifteen minutes to catch the Chiyo Maru, and I'm going to try it," Mr. Denison explained at the other end of a telephone line.

At the liner's dock he changed his mind and decided to wait for official advices. These came fifteen minutes too late. He asked the company to hold the Chiyo, but the tide would not permit this. He expects to sail on Feb. 3.

Mr. Denison was nominated last December to succeed Dean C. Worcester as a member of the Philippines Commission and to be Secretary of the Interior of the islands. His nomination was held up at the instance of Senator Smoot, pending investigation of protests by Thaddeus S. Sharrette, a member of the United States Board of General Appraisers, who was removed from office by President Taft on the findings of an Investigation Committee of which Mr. Denison was the head. Mr. Denison was also one of the Government's counsel in the sugar fraud trials.

HIS ROD TO FIND RADIUM.

German Also Purposes to Locate Gold as He Has Water and Coal.

Prof. Otto Edler von Graeve, who locates water and minerals with a "divining rod," arrived yesterday from Germany on the George Washington, on his way to Vancouver Island to find radium and gold for a syndicate. The professor said that he had spent the last three years in Russia, Bohemia, and Rumania locating water and coal mines, and in 92 cases out of 100 he had been successful. He declined to discuss his present mission, but said that when it had been accomplished he intended to give a series of lectures in this country on what he had accomplished with his divining rod.

While the ship was anchored at Quarantine yesterday Prof. von Graeve showed the passengers and reporters how by the aid of the rod he could find the location of the cables under the decks and the water tanks in the hold. Those who clasped the rod at his request said that they could feel it thrill.

A German engineer who was a passenger on the George Washington said that no one had been able to find water in German Southwest Africa until a man went out there with a divining rod and showed the engineers where to dig. It was a profession in the Middle Ages, and was being taken up seriously now by engineers in Germany, he said.

RHODE ISLAND IN STRAITS.

State Government Faces Threatened Deficit of $46,000 for 1914.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 27.—The government of Rhode Island never has experienced so great financial embarrassment as at present, Walter A. Read, State Treasurer, declared in his report to the Legislature to-day.

The State, he said, began the year with less than $400 available cash in the treasury, and he ordered that unless some means of increasing the revenue were found the year would end with a deficit of $46,430. The income for 1914 is estimated at less than $2,000,000, whereas, in the Treasurer's opinion, a dependable income of $3,500,000 is required.

RECORDS HIS PETTY DEBTS.

William Garrott Brown of Harvard Left Less Than $1,000.

Less than $1,000 was left by William Garrott Brown, author and lecturer on history at Harvard University, who died on Oct. 19 of tuberculosis at New Canaan, Conn., according to his will, filed yesterday in the Surrogate's office. He left equally to his brothers, Wilson R. and Eugene L. Brown, of whom the former is dead.

In a memorandum to the will the author had written:

Thinking of one or two creditors of mine, who, in case of my death, might not press their claims, I state, in order to guide the executors of my will, that to William Luce of Fort Smith, Ark., I owe a small debt of honor, contracted when we were both students, probably not more than $20. I owe a similar debt of $5 to John C. Breckenridge of New York; to I. Townsend Burden, Jr., of New York I owe likewise six golf balls.

Mr. Brown was graduated from Harvard. From 1893 to 1901 he was an assistant librarian there, and during the following year lectured on American history. He wrote several historical works.

If You Are Seeking Health, Visit California.

Cruel zero weather is harder to endure when you are ill. Why not escape it? Visit California, the land of sunshine. There thousands regain health every month. California in a quick, easy trip on the "GOLDEN STATE LIMITED" via Rock Island Lines. It makes the run in less than three days from Chicago or St. Louis. No changes. All-steel Pullman equipment. Finest dining car service. Direct route of lowest altitudes. For interesting information write K. E. PALMER, 1,238 B'way, N. Y. —Adv.

HARBOR FOGBOUND; FERRYBOATS CRASH

Passengers on River Craft Are Panic-Stricken—14 Liners Anchor at Sandy Hook.

THE SOUND BOATS STOP

Anchor Beyond Hell Gate and Launch Owners Reap a Harvest Ferrying Passengers Ashore.

The heaviest fog in the memory of the oldest seafaring men in this city settled down over the waters surrounding Manhattan Island early yesterday morning and disorganized shipping. Two municipal ferryboats collided in the impenetrable mist that enveloped the lower bay, a car float crashed into a ferryboat of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, throwing the passengers into a panic, and fourteen large steamships, including the Rotterdam, Minnetonka, Laurentic, and Berlin, were forced to anchor at the entrance to the Ambrose Channel, not daring to risk the trip to their piers.

Late last night the agents of the steamers plying through Long Island Sound, received word that their vessels had been forced to anchor. The forecaster for the United States Weather Bureau reported that the fog had been wafted to this vicinity on a southerly breeze, and that it would be dispelled to-day probably by rain.

Car Float Crashes into Ferryboat.

The ferryboat into which the car float crashed was the Scandinavian of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. The collision occurred at 7:20 o'clock last night.

The shrill signals of distress, one long blast followed by two short ones, which were sounded by the Scandinavian and the tug Morristown which had the car float in tow added to the excitement among the passengers on the ferryboat and called a score of vessels out to join in the hunt for the endangered craft. The big tugboats Bath and Bernardsville, held for fire duty at the Lackawanna terminal in Hoboken, were the first to give aid, and it was two hours before the passengers were landed.

The collision occurred after the Scandinavian had left her pier in Hoboken for the Barclay Street slip on the Manhattan side. The Captain could not see a score of feet ahead of him, so thick was the fog, and he had to feel his way along, giving his position to other vessels by blasts on his whistle. It was just twelve minutes after she left her slip at Hoboken that officials there heard the distress signal sounded. By that time the Scandinavian was in mid-stream, but the fog was so thick that her lights could not be seen from shore. The blasts of the whistle, though, told of an accident, and each time they were repeated they came from nearer down the stream, indicating that the boat was drifting helplessly toward the sea.

The Bath and Bernidville made their way slowly to the rescue because of the danger of running down some other craft. It was an hour after the Scandinavian had left her dock that the tugs came alongside, and she had then drifted more than a mile. The crew of the tugs could hear the cries of the passengers long before they could make out the ferryboat, and there was a cheer as the rescue boats drew alongside the disabled craft.

It was then found that the heavy steel car float, which is also owned by the Lackawanna Company, had ploughed into the Scandinavian on the portside amidships, digging her sharp prow into the men's cabin. So great was the force of the blow that the float was wedged tightly into the side of the ferryboat, and the rail and part of the cabin were carried away. No effort had been made to back the float away, as it was feared that the Scandinavian might have suffered serious injury below the water line. The tug Morristown was trying its best to steer the disabled craft toward the New Jersey shore, but it met with but poor success. The chief alarm of the passengers on the ferryboat after the first shock of the collision was over was lest they might be carried out to sea.

Land Through Cabin Window.

The tugs made fast to the disabled boats, and their combined power overcame the heavy tide which was carrying the damaged boats toward Sandy Hook. With a great blare of foghorns the boats steered a course up the stream. It was nearly 9 o'clock when they were finally docked at the Consolidated Coal Company's piers at the foot of Ninth Street in Hoboken. The passengers ran the decks in an effort to land, but the officers were forced to hold them back, as it was found that the only way to get them to the pier was through a window in the women's cabin. This window was not more than two and one-half feet wide and three feet high, and through it all of the passengers, men, women, and children, had to pass. In their anxiety to reach dry land few objected to the feat. Those who held back were gently but firmly pushed through the opening.

The pier where the landing was made is used as a coal depository, and the passengers, after crawling through the window, found themselves on a narrow walk, beneath menacing coal shutes, with water on either side. There were cries of alarm from the women and children. John Carroll and Nicholas Smith, watchmen on the pier, guided the passengers, pointing out the way with lanterns. Once off the pier the passengers found themselves out on the Shore Road, and then for half a mile they were forced to tramp through mud until they came to Hudson Square Park, where they found a trolley car line which carried them back to the centre of Hoboken.

Story of a Passenger.

Harry O'Brien of 1,027 Garden Street, Hoboken, was one of the passengers on the Scandinavian, who told a reporter of the collision. Most of the women were too frightened by their experience to talk.

"We were going along slowly and had reached midstream when the crash came," he said. "We couldn't see much of anything except a dense gray wall on every side. I was trying to penetrate that dense gray wall when the car float loomed up ahead. Then, almost before I could turn about, I heard the woodwork splintering.

The ferryboat seemed to groan, just like you would if you were struck a blow that hurt you, and she listed to one side. It was a lucky thing that the float hit us on the side where the men's cabin was, for, even so, there was enough excitement in the cabin occupied by the women. I could hear them crying out in alarm. I guess they thought they were going to drown. Then the whistle began to blow and we drifted around for a long time until we heard the toots of the tugboats near by."

Municipal Boats Collide.

About 2,000 men, women, and children passengers on the Municipal ferryboats Brooklyn and Manhattan of the

Continued on Page 3.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
THE PROGRESSIVE RY. OF THE SOUTH.
Splendid steel trains to Florida, Pinehurst, Southern Pines, Atlanta, Birmingham. Office 1184 B'way. —Adv.

First Photographs of Stefansson's Arctic Party

They were brought back after a hazardous journey through Northern Alaska, where no white man had ever been before, and will be reproduced in **The Pictorial Section of Next Sunday's Times.**

Also striking fancy dress costumes worn at Society's big midwinter entertainment, the Oriental Ball.

ASTOR YACHT TRIP BEFORE WEDDING

Vincent, His Fiancee, and Their Mothers to Cruise in the Mediterranean.

Instead of being prepared for a honeymoon trip, as had been generally supposed, Vincent Astor's yacht Noma, it was learned last night, is being put in shape for a pre-nuptial cruise to the Mediterranean, on which Mr. Astor will be accompanied by Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington, his bride-to-be; her mother, Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, and his mother, Mrs. Ava Willing Astor.

It is understood that the cruise is to be of two months' duration, during which time the party will visit Egypt, making a trip up the Nile, and in a way covering almost the same course followed by the late Col. John Jacob Astor on his ill-fated honeymoon trip.

In the course of the cruise, it is understood, orders will be placed abroad for Miss Huntington's trousseau, which, it is expected, will be ready for her on the party's return to America.

Preparations for the trip are being made very quietly. The Noma has been undergoing a thorough overhauling at the yards of the Staten Island Shipbuilding Company, at Port Richmond, S. I. New boilers have been installed and the engines prepared for a long cruise.

The desire of Mr. Astor and his fiancée, it is said, has been to await the completion of the preparations now being made for a long cruise in the Noma, and when all is in readiness to have the yacht steam up the Hudson to Rhinecliff, where the couple will board her, with their invited guests, and sail quietly away. Capt. Dungan of the Noma is said to have been instructed by Mr. Astor to fly no pennants when the yacht leaves the shipyards.

When efforts were made last night to confirm the report of the intended pre-nuptial cruise word was returned at the city residence of Mr. Astor, 12 West Fifty-sixth Street, that both Mr. Astor and Miss Huntington were members of a box party at the Lyceum Theatre, where a benefit performance of "The Promised Land," with Miss Billie Burke in the leading rôle, was being given for a charity in which Mr. Astor is interested. At the theatre it was learned that Mr. Astor was one of the patrons, and had been expected to share a box with Bourke Cochran, but had not appeared.

Later inquiries at Mr. Astor's home were met with the statement that he had retired for the night, and it appeared to be no secret in his entourage that preparations were being made for the cruise.

Miss Huntington and her mother are at Carlton House. Their country estate, known as Hopeland, adjoins the Astor country place at Rhinebeck-on-the-Hudson. Miss Huntington, who is 20 years old, made her début in society two years ago. Her father is Henry P. Huntington, the architect, and she is the granddaughter of the late William B. Dinsmore, who was very wealthy.

Since the announcement last November of Miss Huntington's engagement to Mr. Astor society has been on the alert to learn of the wedding date. It has not yet been announced, and it would seem from the preparations for this cruise that it is still some months away.

BREMNER IMPROVES SLOWLY

Sister Says He Is Better Than at Any Time Since Treatment Began.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Representative Robert G. Bremner, of New Jersey, who is being treated with radium for cancer in the Baltimore hospital, is improving slowly.

The Representative's sister visited him to-day and on her return to Washington said that he was in better condition than at any time since he submitted to the radium treatment. Several of Mr. Bremner's friends in the House have visited the hospital, but none has been allowed to see him.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 27.—In a report given out by the Harvard Cancer Commission relative to the effect of radium on the disease, the statement is made that "in certain limited cases treatment seems to be curative, while in others, not cured by this agent, local results are good, and such distressing symptoms as pain, hemorrhage, and discharge may be greatly benefited.

"Many cases of true cancer that have passed the operable stage," says the report, "may show improvement after radium treatment, but are 'rarely cured,'"

MISS MORGAN RETURNING.

Leaves St. Louis Hurriedly Without Giving Explanation.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 27.—Miss Anne Morgan, who was expected to remain here for a dinner at the Civic League and a meeting at Mary Institute, departed for New York at noon without making public the reason for leaving her associates of the National Civic Federation so hurriedly.

Mrs. L. Van Rensselaer and Mrs. Rogers Bacon of New York addressed the gatherings, Mrs. Bacon declaring that one of the most important duties of the federation now was to break down the snobbishness among shop and factory girls which she held to be as acute as jealousy among society girls. The shop girl, she said, complained that the factory girl was always seeking her job, and the factory girl complained that the shop girl always was trying to keep her back.

"HAPPY DUST" AT TOMBS.

Fricassi Is Held with Four Packages of Morphine.

John Fricassi of 2,334 Hughes Avenue, the Bronx, appeared at the door of the Tombs yesterday and asked Keeper Kober if he could see one of the prisoners. Something in the man's manner aroused Kober's suspicion and a thorough search was made of Fricassi's clothes. Sewed up in the lining of his coat the keeper found an envelope containing four packages of white powder addressed to different prisoners.

With each package was a letter. "Dear friend," the letter said. "Happy dust. I am sending all I can. Give the address to ——."

Fricassi was held by Magistrate Murphy in the Tombs Court in $1,000 bail for having morphine in his possession.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH.
Aiken, Augusta, Florida, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Memphis. Steel electric lighted dining, club, drawing, stateroom, sleeping and observation cars. 7 trains daily from New York. Office—264 5th Av., cor. 30th St.—Adv.

HAITI'S PRESIDENT FLEES TO WARSHIP

Fighting in Capital—Our Bluejackets Land—Battleship Is Rushing to Port au Prince.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—President Oreste of Haiti has abdicated, and American bluejackets have landed from the armored cruiser Montana at Port-au-Prince, the Haytian capital, to protect the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners. A German cruiser has also landed an armed force there. Rear Admiral Badger, commanding the Atlantic fleet, who is at Guantanamo, Cuba, has sent the battleship South Carolina to Port-au-Prince post haste. She is steaming to-night under forced draft over the 500 miles to the Haytian capital.

This information came to the Navy Department to-night in a dispatch from Admiral Badger, which read:

The President of Haiti has abdicated, leaving no Government. The Montana had landed 150 men, her deck force, in order to safeguard the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners. A German cruiser at Port-au-Prince was also landing a force at the same time. The South Carolina is leaving for Port-au-Prince. Capt. Russell will act in his discretion for the protection of lives and property, assisting the force already landed, if it becomes necessary.

Capt. Russell, who will take charge of the naval force at Port-au-Prince when he arrives, was until recently Judge Advocate General, and is well known to Secretary Daniels, who said to-night:

"I have the fullest confidence in the ability and discretion of Capt. Russell. I am satisfied that he will preserve order and protect the foreign residents."

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Jan. 27.—Michael Oreste, the President of Haiti, fled from the capital to-day and took refuge aboard the German cruiser Vineta. He was accompanied by his wife. Fighting began in the city at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. An hour later the President left the palace under escort and was conveyed in a launch to the warship lying in the harbor. Almost immediately detachments of bluejackets were landed from the United States armored cruiser Montana and the Vineta.

Firing continued throughout the afternoon, and it was evident that the revolutionary movement, which began in the north and spread to some of the southern towns, had gained sufficient strength in the capital to threaten not only the power but the life of President Oreste.

The new Congress, which met in extraordinary session yesterday, failed to take adequate measures to check the revolution, as had been hoped. It had been conceded for a long time, however, that the position of the Executive was acute.

It was the intention of Oreste to abdicate several days ago, but later he declined to do so, hoping with the aid of Congress, to prevent the overthrow of his administration.

The arrival of the Montana and Vineta has relieved the situation here so far as foreign residents are concerned. The legations are now under guard.

The revolutionaries to-day repulsed an attempt, made by a force of Government troops under the command of M. Prudel, Minister of the Interior, to land at Saint Marc, forty-four miles northwest of the capital.

The Government troops, who had proceeded there on board the dispatch boat Nord Alexis, returned here to-day.

CAPE HAITIEN, Jan. 27.—The revolution in Haiti is spreading all over the north. At Port de Paix and Gonaives the entire population has risen.

Two prominent exiles, Gen. Carlos Lamor and Gen. Beaufosse Lareche, both former Ministers of War, returned to-day to Cape Haiten, which is in the hands of the rebels.

HELD FOR STEALING PEARLS

Shattuck Pawned $10,500 Necklace He Got on Memorandum.

Harry W. Shattuck, a jewelry broker of Sayville, L. I., was convicted of grand larceny yesterday before Judge Wadhams in General Sessions. Shattuck was charged with stealing a pearl necklace worth $10,500, which he obtained on memorandum on the assertion that he was buying it for a customer.

Assistant District Attorney Press brought out at the trial that Shattuck promised Victor A. Picard of 141 Fifth Avenue, from whom he got the necklace, that he would return it in three days or else pay for it. Thomas E. Meehan, manager for Simpson, a pawnbroker in Forty-second Street, testified that on Nov. 5, forty-five minutes after Shattuck had obtained the necklace from Ricard, he pawned it for $1,500.

FOG KEEPS CAMPANIA.

Liner Awaits Clear Weather Before Starting for Liverpool.

The Cunarder Campania, with mails and passengers on board, was ready to sail for Liverpool at 1 o'clock this morning when after a consultation between Capt. E. T. Britten and Capt. D. J. Roberts, the Marine Superintendent, it was decided to hold the ship until the fog lifted it then being impossible to see the end of the pier from the vessel.

Capt. Roberts said it was one of the most persistent fogs he had ever seen. Among the passengers was James Hope Simpson, General Manager of the Bank of Liverpool, who said that he considered it fortunate that he was in this country at a very interesting time in the banking business. The new law, he said, would give currency the elasticity it needed. He had found business conditions quiet in railroad steel and constructive work, but fairly active in other lines.

FAIR VOTERS MUST GIVE AGE.

Chicago Election Commission Says the Law Is Inexorable.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Women who desire to register on Feb. 3 in order to be able to vote at the Aldermanic primaries must tell their exact ages, according to special instructions issued to-day by the Board of Election Commissioners.

"Each woman must state her age in years," the instructions read. "This was not necessary in the case of applying for the position of Judge or clerk of election. There it sufficed to say 'legal age'; but the law is positive, in the case of registration, that all must give their exact age.

"A woman's voting age, like a man's, is 21, not 18 years, as some suppose. Eighteen years is the common law marriage age. It has nothing to do with the election law."

Lily Drinking Cups are ideal for office use. They are made by the Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn.—Adv.

VANDERBILT YACHT ASHORE; PARTY SAFE

Owner, Wife, the Manchesters, and Lord Falconer Taken Off by Fruit Steamer.

CREW REMAIN ON BOARD

Warrior Reported in Fairly Safe Position Off Colombian Coast—Hosts and Guests Coming Here.

PANAMA, Jan. 27.—Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior, which has been on a Winter cruise in Southern waters, is fast aground off Cape Aguatia, on the northwest coast of Colombia, between Savanilla and Santa Marta.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt and their guests, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Lord Falconer, were taken off the yacht to-day by the United Fruit steamer Frutera and transferred to the steamer Almirante, bound for New York by way of Colon.

A tug has been sent from Kingston to aid the Warrior, which is considered to be in a fairly safe position. The yacht's crew is still aboard.

The Warrior is 255 feet in length, 1,097 gross tonnage, and is equipped with wireless. She was built at Troon, Scotland, in 1904.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt left New York on Dec. 23 of last year in their yacht, the Warrior, for a Winter cruise in Southern waters. With them a their guests were the Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Lord Arthur George Keith-Falconer, son and heir of the Earl of Kintore, who had arrived from England on the North German Lloyd steamer George Washington on Dec. 22.

Cape Aguatia is a rocky promontory extending far out, which abrutly breaks the monotony of the low sandy shore of Colombia. Fourth Officer David Richards of the Royal Mail liner Caribbean, who has sailed that coast for twelve years and knows its dangers intimately, was inclined to doubt last night whether the yacht would get off without serious damage.

"Cape Aguatia," he said, "is a rock about two miles in circumference and lying about three cables length off the mainland. To seaward the water drops off at the base of these to a depth of about twenty-two fathoms. The only lighthouse along this coast for more than 800 miles is that of Morro Grandé, six miles to the southeast of Cape Aguatia.

"Ships often skirt this coast in order to obtain a view of the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, which rises to a height of 16,000 feet thirty miles inland. The only explanation I could possibly offer for this accident is that the party, being on a pleasure trip, hugged the shore too closely. Under ordinary circumstances this would not have been of great danger, but at this particular time of the year the risk would be doubly increased.

On the charts in the chart room of the Caribbean Mr. Richards pointed out the fact that much of the condition of the coast near the cape is in doubt.

The principal dangers at this season of the year to be encountered along the coast, he went on to say, arise from the change form the rainy to the dry season, which takes place in January. At this time, he said, the land is covered with a vapor much like the "smoke" found on the west coast of Africa. The trade wind is strong but unsteady, and there is a strong current in the rainy season from the River Magdalena.

"The position of the ship is extremely perilous if she lies on the outermost rocks of the cape, as a northern wind is apt to spring up at any moment in this season. Help may be brought from Kingston, Jamaica, but that would be a two days' journey for the ordinary sea-going tug."

MORE ROAD GRAFT ARRESTS

Mills and Gates, State Officials, Accused in Wyoming County.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Jan. 27.—George C. Mills, a division engineer in the office of the State Highway Department in Rochester, and Harry J. Gates, a State Highway Supervisor, were arrested in Warsaw to-night in conenction with alleged road graft in Wyoming County. Indictments were returned against them yesterday.

Mills is charged with grand larceny, first degree, and conspiracy. Gates is charged with forgery, second degree. It is charged that he forged the name of Newton Clark, a farmer of Castile, to a voucher for work said to have been done on the State highway near Castile. Gates is a member of the Democratic County Committee and a candidate for Postmaster at Castile.

J. Milo Hawley of Warsaw and William H. Fallon of Bliss are also under indictment in connection with the alleged highway graft in Wyoming County. Each has pleaded guilty to one indictment charging grand larceny, second degree. The Grand Jury is still in session, and it is expected that other indictments will be reported to-morrow against State and county highway officials. District Attorney Coleman says he has uncovered the trail of an extensive graft system in connection with the roads built in that county.

Bill for New York Policewomen.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Assemblyman Mark Eisner of New York to-day introduced a bill inserting in the Greater New York charter a section requiring the police commissioner to appoint twenty or more patrol women between thirty and forty years old. They are to be regular members of the uniformed force and may be assigned to public parks, dance halls, moving picture shows and other places of amusement, or to patrol duty.

ALL "EAST COAST" POINTS REACHED BY "N. Y. & FLORIDA SPECIAL."
Atlantic Coast Line. 12:38 noon, other Ltd. Trains Daily. 1218 B'way, Tel. Mad. Sq. 1460. —Adv.

AEROPLANE TO CARRY 11.

British Army Strategists Want 100 of New Type Built.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Jan. 28.—According to The Daily Mail's aeronautical correspondent, Government experts are considering plans for an entirely new type of aeroplane destined for transport work. It is stated, he says, that in nine months' time an aeroplane can be built to carry a pilot and ten men.

The argument of the army strategists is that a hundred of these machines, carrying a thousand men and weapons, would be of vital importance in any warlike operations.

It would be possible to transfer 1,000 men at the rate of a mile a minute from any point on a battlefield to any more favorable point for attack or defense.

PLAN BIG WIRELESS PLANT.

Marconi Company Buys Land for Huge Station at Marion, Mass.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 27.—The town of Marion, Mass., is to have the largest wireless station in the world. Options have been obtained by the Marconi company on 150 acres of land lying west of the railroad station and along the tracks of the New Haven Railroad.

The work of clearing the land and the construction of the buildings, towers, and other equipment will begin in a short time. It is stated that 25 men will be employed at the plant.

SUES FOR $198,174 DUTIES.

Government to Test Its Claims on Limoges China.

Suit to recover customs duties amounting to $198,174.13 was begun yesterday by the Government in the Federal District Court against Vogt & Dose, importers of china of 65 Barclay Street. These duties cover the importations of Limoges china between Dec. 1, 1910, and Oct. 1, 1912, which, it is alleged, were entered at the Custom House under false invoices and consular certificates.

There have been several cases of a similar nature started by the Government against Limoges china importers, as the Government and the trade are not in accord on technical matters concerning the method of valuing the imports.

RECORD SEAS ON PACIFIC.

Surf Puts Out Light 200 Feet Up—California Storm Abates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—The highest seas known on the Pacific Coast were recorded during the recent series of gales. The light on Trinidad Head, near Eureka, Cal., was put out by surf that smashed in the thick protecting panes of glass and disarranged the lenses 200 feet above the normal surf line. A comber leaped the summit of the light on Tillamook Rock, off the coast of Oregon, and smashed in the glasses. The sea swept over the summit of the light on San Pedro breakwater, 75 feet up.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 27.—With seven persons drowned, all forms of overland transportation tied up or handicapped seriously, six trainloads of passengers marooned, and this section of the State damaged $1,000,000 as a result of the unprecedented storm raging since Saturday, prospect of relief brightened with the appearance of the sun to-day. The rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at midnight was 2.96 inches, making the total for the season 14.32 inches.

Japanese-Mexican Relations.

The Japanese controversy has lasted with undiminished feeling through three Administrations. Within the week the popular resentment in Japan has reached such a point that, in order to prevent Parliamentary reverses for the Government, Baron Makino, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has felt compelled to make a public declaration on the California question that involves a sharp criticism of the United States.

With no particular danger threatening Japanese citizens, the battleship Idzumo was dispatched to the Mexican coast; a five-day festival in honor of the Japanese naval officers has been proclaimed by President Huerta, and every new detachment of Gen. Huerta's newly reorganized army is equipped with Japanese rifles and ammunition bought at low prices from the Japanese Government.

The Russian situation remains where it was left when President Taft, barely forestalling a joint resolution of Congress, peremptorily denounced the Treaty of 1832, which has lapsed in consequence. While the abrogation of the treaty was received coolly in Russia at tht time, a latent feeling was engendered, which finds lodgment to-day chiefly in the ruling party.

At the same time Colombia's grievance over what Colombians regard as the spoliation of the Province of Panama by President Roosevelt has not been adjusted. The Colombian matter would, perhaps, be unimportant in itself, but every Latin-American country feels that the cause of Colombia is the cause of Latin America. The feeling to the south undoubtedly is that in that case the United States took what she thought she required, and until Colombia's claims for redress have been satisfied the fear will remain that, whenever further aggression is necessary to carry out some American policy, that aggression will take place at the expense of the Latin American republics.

What impressed some of the Senators who were at the White House last night was the fact that the diplomatic controversies in which the United States has become involved would all gravitate to a common centre of hostility, should one of the differences become acute. Senators find it difficult to believe that under any circumstances that are reasonably to be expected, Japan would go to war with the United States. But they realize that if the Island Empire purposes ever to strike for the domination of the Pacific, her first blow will fall when the United States is most involved in Mexican troubles. And such a blow, they fear, would find the United States under the cold, unsympathetic scrutiny of the civilized world.

A curious feature of these different controversies, which seem to be related with each other only in the fact that all crowd upon the United States at the same time, is that the Mexican situation, which is really related to none of them, constantly threatens to aggravate the differences with Great Britain, Japan, and Colombia. Every sign of active interposition by the United States in Mexican affairs underscores Colombia's repeated cry, that her cause is the cause of Latin America. Danger to the large British interests in Mexico steadily deepens the line of cleavage between the United States and Great Britain, while nearly everything that happens south of the Rio Grande gives additional evidence of Japan's activities running counter to American policy.

Japan's Hostility Occasions Worry.

It is from this maze of foreign difficulties that the President is determined to extricate the United States. While it was expressly stated at the White House last night that no questions of

FOREIGN POWERS TO BE PLACATED

President Hopes to Conciliate Europe and Colombia and Solve Mexican Problem.

TO ADJUST CANAL TOLLS

That Is to Satisfy Europe—For Colombia, Probably a Cash Payment of $25,000,000.

TO LIFT EMBARGO ON ARMS

Putting Constitutionalists on Equal Terms with Federals, Who Are Supplied by Japan.

JAPAN SETTLEMENT WAITS

Documents That Would Defeat Her Said to be Withheld to Spare Her Internal Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Little by little the picture of the international situation sketched last night by President Wilson for the Senators of the Foreign Relations Committee has been pieced together to-day. A summary of what the President told the committee shows the United States, at one of the most critical moments of the Mexican imbroglio, estranged from practically every important power in both hemispheres. Definite differences with Japan, Great Britain, Russia, and Colombia have deepened into unfriendly feeling toward the United States on the part of the peoples of at least two of these countries, and the sympathy of other nations with them has left the United States in a position rivaling the "splendid isolation" of England in the years preceding the Triple Entente.

The passage of the act of Congress, granting preferential treatment to American coastwise shipping through the Panama Canal was the occasion of the first serious difference for more than a decade between Great Britain and the United States. Later the American refusal to arbitrate the dispute brought against the United States the charge of serious breach of faith. While the common interests of France, Germany, Spain, Italy, and all other European countries, to a greater or less extent, have aligned them unmistakably with Great Britain, Germany has gone so far as to join with the British Government in declining to participate in the Panama Exposition in 1915.

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future policy were discussed, and that conversation limited itself to past events and the present status. It can be said that remedies for some phases of the trouble were definitely put forward in connection with the general discussion. Though, apparently, it was not so explained at the time, the mere statement of the proposed remedies strengthens the supposition that Japan is giving chief cause for worry, and that all the remedies really point to preparations against graver trouble in that quarter.

What might be construed as an ominous aspect, even of the remedies proposed, is that not one of them is designed to placate Japan. Some Senators, indeed, scout the idea of a final break with Japan, but others say that the real point of last night's meeting was the Japanese question. The proposed remedies would apparently leave Japan as much irritated as ever, but they would wipe out the cause for complaint of other countries and would permit the United States to work out the Japanese tangle without fear of international complications.

Threefold Remedy Proposed.

The remedy proposed is threefold. The President told the Senators unequivocally that he felt that free passage through the Panama Canal for American coastwise ships was a plain violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. He will recommend either the repeal of the clause in the Panama act exempting American coastwise shipping from tolls or the adoption of the Adamson joint resolution suspending its operation for two years and thereafter at the President's discretion, at least until the canal begins to pay for itself.

He hopes soon to conclude a treaty settling the Colombian controversy by a payment in cold cash that is expected to amount to about $25,000,000.

Japanese activities in Mexico he will probably meet at an early date by lifting the embargo on arms in favor of the Carranzistas.

The repeal of the tolls discrimination is expected at one stroke to clear the air of all serious European hostility. It would remove at once all objection in the Senate to renewing the general arbitration treaty with Great Britain, which lapsed by limitation on June 5, 1913. At once, with the possible exception of the Japanese treaty, all the dozen or more conventions that have been held up until the British treaty could be disposed of, would be ratified. The renewal of the British treaty would also take the United States out of reach of any hostile effects of the British-Japanese alliance, which releases Great Britain from participation in all controversies between Japan and a country with which Great Britain has an arbitration treaty.

The settlement of the Colombian controversy would permit the course of the United States in Mexico to be judged on its merits, without the reiteration of Colombia's grievance and the fears of Latin America. But neither the Panama tolls nor the Colombian claim mean anything to Japan, while the lifting of the embargo on arms offsetting the steady shipments of munitions from Japan to Gen. Huerta, though under no construction a blow at Japan or Japanese policy, would yet serve to intensify the feeling of distrust that now exists among the Mikado's subjects.

The dragging out of the California controversy is explained in strange ways by those claiming intimate knowledge of the negotiations at an earlier stage. It is said, with apparent circumstantiality, that the files of the State Department contain unpublished correspondence between Japan and the United States at the time the treaty of 1911 was finally agreed to that, if made public, would at once establish the American contention in the California dispute.

At that time, according to this report, the United States inquired in writing whether Japan, under the proposed treaty, would protest against State laws against the holding of real estate by aliens. The story is that the Japanese answer was a categorial "No," with the explanation that Japan wished to reserve similar rights of legislation at home. These rights Japan has since exercised.

The explanation offered as to why the State Department does not now produce that correspondence to shut off Japanese protests against the California law is that, while such a course would be a final answer to the present Japanese Government, it would fan the fury of the jingo element in Japan and probably cause the overthrow of the Government after a bitter parliamentary onslaught. That would simply result in putting the jingoes at the head of the Japanese policy, and with them the United States would find it more difficult than ever to deal.

Wilson Policy Would Prevail.

No one in Washington doubts the ability of President Wilson to carry out the plan he contemplates for relieving the international situation. Chairman Adamson of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, said to-day that he expected at any time to receive a recommendation from the President to proceed along the lines of his joint resolution. It is known that the President will soon make his wishes public on that point, and it is expected that he will do so by message to Congress, if not more formally by a personal address to the two houses in joint session.

The joint resolution, or a bill repealing the offensive clause of the Panama act, would probably prevail without much delay at both ends of the capital. Already Congressmen who formerly advocated this discrimination in tolls are expressing a willingness to reverse their votes while the President's influence is now at its highest point. The vote in the Senate was 4 to 1, but small in the aggregate, with many Democrats voting in obedience to the party platform. But it is thought that when the President, who has repeatedly cited the platform as binding him to a definite course, himself repudiates an express provision, the other strict party men among the Democrats will follow him.

No Congressional action is required in regard to lifting the embargo on arms. The President is empowered by act of Congress to proclaim an embargo on munitions of war at his discretion, with such limitations and exceptions as he pleases. If he wished to relieve himself of the responsibility he could let Congress repeal the authority, and Congress, where sentiment has long favored free shipments of arms to the rebels, would gladly do so.

The Committee on Foreign Relations has long advocated such a policy, but until lately the President was thought to oppose the committee. Secretary Bryan is still said to be bitterly opposed to any such step that might seem to encourage the shedding of blood, even if its ultimate effect should be the end of the war.

Favor Indemnity for Colombia.

As to the treaty, now nearly ready, making heavy compensation to Colombia for the loss of the Province of Panama, and the valuable asset in the canal's right of way, there would be little opposition in the Senate. The Republicans could be trusted to follow the guidance of Senator Root of New York, who as Secretary of State negotiated a treaty giving an indemnity to Colombia, and Democrats for many years have declared on the stump and in Congress that President Roosevelt's recognition of the independence of Panama was in flat violation of the American treaty guaranteeing Colombia's territorial integrity. It is thought that the country generally would have an easier conscience if Colombia's claim were paid.

There is nothing to indicate when the embargo on arms will be lifted. Even Senators who once opposed such a step feel now that the Constitutionalists are entitled to the privilege of obtaining arms in this country. Some of them think that the rebels are almost strong enough to justify recognition of their belligerency. In some quarters it is felt that a proper equipment of the rebel forces formally enrolled under Gen. Carranza and Gen. Villa will lessen the danger of anarchy should Gen. Huerta be finally driven from power.

TO UNITE ALL COLOMBIANS.

Liberal Presidential Candidate Withdraws in Favor of Conservative.

Special to The New York Times.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Jan. 27.—The Liberal candidate for the Presidency has withdrawn, and all parties are expected to unite in support of the Conservative candidates in an effort to present a solid front in the negotiations with the United States.

Colombia is seeking to stir up all the South American countries to support its demands.

NEW WILSON POLICY ALARMS MEXICANS

Proposed Lifting of Arms Embargo for Rebels Called Precursor of Anarchy.

OUTBREAKS ARE FEARED

And a Condition of Brigandage That Would Force Intervention by the United States.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 27.—Prominent Mexicans and Americans profess to be astounded at the report that President Wilson intends to lift the embargo on arms for the rebels. They say they consider this the inevitable precursor of anarchy throughout the country. One well-known politician said that if President Wilson carried out his purpose innumerable small bands of bandits and highwaymen would spring up throughout the country and that the United States would be forced to intervene and put them down. He also expressed the opinion that the rebels from the north would be unable to reach the south in time to prevent conditions there from getting altogether out of hand after the inevitable fall of Huerta.

Government officials were unwilling to comment upon the report. One of them said: "This would be impolitic while the lifting of the embargo has merely been proposed and is not effective. Possibly I may make a statement if this action is taken officially by President Wilson."

Those in touch with President Huerta, however, think that Nelson O'Shaughnessy will receive his passports if the embargo is lifted. Diplomats are disinclined to believe that President Wilson will take the action he is said to be contemplating. They think his announcement is intended to intimidate Huerta and force him to some compromise. Others suggest that the threat is contemplated as a means of provoking hostile action by Huerta, justifying the armed intervention of the United States, since they say President Wilson cannot possibly believe that the rebels are capable of establishing and maintaining order.

A prominent Mexican, not connected with any political faction, said:

"It is not Huerta's power that is decaying and crumbling, but Mexican autonomy. To put arms in the hands of rebels means wholesale murder. It seems that Mexico is doomed to disappear as a nation, and it matters little whether the American rifles and bullets destroying her are in the hands of Americans or Mexicans. The fact remains before all the world that these bullets are American."

It is generally believed that the lifting of the embargo would result in an exodus of Americans and Mexicans fearing the excesses of the rebels and bandits who would infest the vicinity of the capital for purposes of loot. The Americans here are not organized to resist such bands, and would have no choice but flight. Many Mexicans would doubtless leave, since it is generally reported that the rebels have prepared a list of hundreds of men whom they intend to execute when they capture the capital. This list, it is said, includes many prominent families whose property will be confiscated.

Rebel sympathizers here say they fear it would be impossible to prevent a general massacre and wholesale reprisals should the rebels capture the city. Many fear that this result would discredit their cause from the start and prevent them from obtaining the funds which would be necessary to establish even the semblance of civil government and give protection to the lives and interests of foreigners and Mexicans.

While the plot against Huerta discovered by the police does not seem to have the importance at first attached to it, arrests were continued to-day, those detained including Fidencio Hernandez, former private secretary of Felix Diaz, and Guillermo Mexulero a Felicista Deputy, recently released from the penitentiary.

It was impossible to obtain the views of President Huerta upon President Wilson's reported intention of lifting the arms embargo. His secretary said he did not believe that President Huerta would consider it diplomatic to express his views on the subject until the embargo was definitely lifted.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 27.—Police activity continued to be manifested today in connection with the anti-Government conspiracy reported yesterday, in regard to the nature of which the authorities are silent. It was said, however, that further arrests were to be expected.

In unofficial circles it is asserted that the plot was to seize President Huerta and take possession of the Government by force of arms.

Federico Gamboa, formerly Foreign Minister, was currently reported to have been placed under arrest in this connection, but the report was untrue, as was also that in regard to Gen. Eugenio Rascon, Military Governor of Oaxaca, who was said to be in the plot. Rumors of the arrest of José Luis Requena, who was a candidate for the Vice Presidency on the Felix Diaz ticket, were spread in the city, but were without foundation.

The publication of the news of the breaking up of the alleged plot caused no excitement, as similar reports had become common recently.

In the meanwhile Provisional President Huerta rides about everywhere in an automobile, with no other protection than an aide-de-camp.

BANDITS ROB AMERICANS.

Hold Up a Train and Make Ranchmen Prisoners.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 27.—Officials of the Mexico Northwestern Railroad received word to-day that a train filled with American ranchmen and Mexicans, which left Juarez on Monday, had been held up by bandits near Guzman, eighty-five miles south of the border.

A section foreman telegraphed from Guzman that the bandits under Maximo Castillo had burned the bridge behind the train and had taken the passengers captive after robbing them. Anxiety was felt for the Americans, who were returning to mines and lumber camps, because of reported threats by Castillo that he would kill all foreigners. How many persons were on the train was not known. A force of Constitutionalists has been sent to drive the bandits out of the country.

Rebel leaders received a report that Gen. Toribio Ortega, who led in the first attack on Ojinaga and who had gone south to prepare for the attack on Torreon, had been captured by the Federals. The report was said to have come from Federal sources by way of Mexico City. No confirmation came through the rebel lines of communication.

WANTED RASCON PRESIDENT.

Dehesa Said to Have Plotted to Put Him in Huerta's Place.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Jan. 27.—The arrest of Teodoro Dehesa was made in consequence of a contemplated revolutionary movement among several Generals, who wished to put Gen. Rascon in the Presidential chair. Dehesa is supposed to have been one of the financial backers of the project.

When Major Huerta presented himself at Dehesa's house, he refused at first to accompany him to Mexico City, but later, seeing the Chief of Police and several Secret Service men in the party, he consented to leave Vera Cruz for the capital.

READS OF HIS OWN DEATH.

Gen. Gonzales, Reported Shot by Huerta, Alive in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A short, stout man, swarthy of face, with a stubby gray mustache, wandered into a newsstand near the Willard to-night and began browsing over the evening papers. Suddenly he gave a start. "My God! I am shot!" he cried. Then he gripped the newspapers nervously and began to read excitedly an account of the shooting in the City of Mexico to-day of Gen. Fernando Gonzales and others implicated in a plot against President Huerta.

The excited man was Gen. Fernando Gonzales himself. He arrived here to-day sick and worn out after months of hardship in his own country.

His first concern after he had read the account of the plot and his own execution was to ask nervously for a telegraph office.

"I must tell my wife I am alive," said Gen. Gonzales. "She is in Paris. I have been here in the United States for three weeks now, and I am sick and must rest."

Gen. Gonzales, when seen later, said that he was very glad to say he was still alive, and that there could be no mistake as to the identity of the Fernando Gonzales mentioned in the dispatches from the City of Mexico. He is a son of the former President of Mexico, Gen. Manuel Gonzales, and has been a consistent opponent of the Huerta régime.

Gen. Gonzales said he had no special plans for the future and could not say whether he would go to Europe and join his wife. He would remain here for a few days, he said, and try to rest and get back his strength.

RUSH MAIL STRIKE TRIAL.

Chauffeurs Take the Stand and Deny Use of Violence.

In order to hasten the trial of the fifteen mail chaffeurs who are charged in the Federal District Court with conspiring to obstruct the mails, Judge Killits ordered yesterday the holding of night sessions. The Court adjourned at 4.30 o'clock and then reassembled at 6 o'clock. Several of the defendants took the stand yesterday in their own defence.

David Hockberg, President of the Chaffeurs' Union was the first of them to testify, and he told of the crowd which collected on Oct. 30 at the headquarters of the strikers at Twenty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue and said that one of the gangsters had placed a revolver at his mouth and told him to shut up. He denied that he had ever used any violence or advised its use, and he had never told the pickets, he swore, "to bring back strike-breakers on a shutter."

Similar testimony was given by other defendants. When James Fasano was called, he explained what was the "silvery bomb" of which Government witnesses had spoken.

"It was part of a cigar wrapped up in tinfoil, which I smoked later," he said.

The trial will continue today.

CHAPEL PLANS APPROVED.

Trustees of New Cathedral Adopt Design for St. Boniface's Chapel.

The Trustees of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday approved plans by Vaughan for the Chapel of St. Boniface, which is intended for services in German, and will be erected by Mrs. George S. Bowdoin at a cost of $175,000. It will be on the north side of the cathedral next the Huntington Chapel.

Mr. and Mrs. Elihu Chauncey have given $2,500 toward the cenotaph to the late Bishop Horatio Potter, which will stand against the chancel wall opposite the entrance to the Belmont Chapel, and the sons of the late Mrs. Alfred Corning Clark Potter will give a window in memory of the late Bishop Henry C. Potter, to be placed in the Potter Chapel.

Bishop Greer, when asked about the proposed change in the general design of the cathedral, said that no action had yet been taken, and the question was still before the committee on fabric.

RULES COMMITTEE CURB.

Assembly Expected to Act To-day—Bill Box to be Abolished.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—It is expected that the Assembly will adopt rules to-morrow which will curtail the power of the Rules Committee, which in former years virtually took charge of the business of the House in the last few weeks of the session. To-day the committee decided to recommend an amendment abolishing the bill box, so that a member who has a bill to introduce must hand it in person to a clerk appointed to look after the bills.

Another change agreed upon by the committee requires that every bill placed on the calendar must remain two days before it can be advanced. By this change it is expected that the members will have sufficient time to examine all bills which are on the order of final passage.

Gangi, Kidnapper, Loses Appeal.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—The twenty-five-year sentence of Giovanni Gangi of New York, who six years ago kidnapped Rosina Giordana, 5 years old, and obtained a ransom of $800 for her return, was affirmed to-day by the Court of Appeals.

Would They Spend $500 if—

Phone us—Cortlandt 3675—and we will give you the names of department stores, banks and other business houses that are using "Ellis" machines.

A single department store has ordered 33.

A single bank has as many as 21 in daily use.

Other concerns have one, two, three or more.

Would they spend $500, $600 or $700 for an "Ellis" machine if it did not more than pay for itself in time and labor saved?

Adds, does your billing, makes out your monthly statements, writes your cash book and journal.

Let us put one in your office on trial. Free!

ELLIS

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REACH FOR GAFFNEY IN $41,250 GRAFT

Paymaster Shaw Finds Stage Set for Him in Grand Jury Anteroom.

JOLTS FOR HIS MEMORY

Osborne at Albany Seeks the Highway "Pie Book" Kept by Commissioner Carlisle.

A worried man paced the anteroom of the Grand Jury chambers for nearly three hours yesterday afternoon. He smoked cigars incessantly and evinced signs of nervousness. From the threshold reporters watched him walk back and forth. The man was James G. Shaw, stone quarryman, who had been recalled as a witness to explain what he had done with a package of $41,250 in bills on a certain day in March, 1909. Shaw knew that he would be asked over and over again if he had not passed that package of money to James E. Gaffney, the warm friend of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader. He had reason to be worried.

Shaw had been subpoenaed to appear early, but the hours passed, and he was not called. He saw men of his acquaintance pass in and out of the Grand Jury room, and that seemed to increase his nervousness. The Grand Jury apparently was ready to hear every one except him.

Under ordinary conditions the delay might have been attributed to a number of causes. The delay in Shaw's case, however, could be attributed to only one cause. Some one had carefully planned it. The delay, it was obvious, was meant to work on Shaw's nerves. It did.

The climax of the tedious afternoon came at 4 o'clock, when an attendant appeared near the Grand Jury room and called: "Leo F. Skully."

Witness Worries Shaw.

Shaw's face was a study. He ceased his pacing for a moment while Skully brushed by and entered the Grand Jury room. Then he continued to pace back and forth for forty-five minutes. In all that time Skully was telling his story to the Grand Jury.

The importance of Skully's testimony was learned later. Skully was employed as bookkeeper in Shaw's office at 115 Broadway in 1909. He now is an expert accountant. He left Shaw's employ some years ago. Skully was the witness who, it had been asserted, could show the connection between Shaw and James E. Gaffney. Skully was a satisfactory witness, it was learned. After he left the Grand Jury room he cheerfully told what he knew about Gaffney.

Skully told the Grand Jurors, it is understood, that he was instructed many time in May, 1909, to call Gaffney on the telephone. The man who instructed him, he said, was his employer, James G. Shaw.

"I would call Gaffney's office on the telephone," said Skully, "and I would ask for James E. Gaffney. Is this James E. Gaffney?' I would say. When a man's voice replied, 'Yes,' I would say: 'Mr. Gaffney, James G. Shaw wants to talk with you. Hold the wire.' And then I would connect Gaffney with Mr. Shaw."

Moreover, Skully, it is said, told the Grand Jurors that he saw Gaffney in Shaw's office a number of times in the early part of 1909. Whoever got the package of bills from Shaw at about this time Whitman believes merely was a "bagman" for a man "higher up."

Shaw's Memory Fails Him.

"James G. Shaw," called the jury attendant when Skully was dismissed. That was at 4:45 P. M.

In the Grand Jury room were the twenty-three jurors, District Attorney Whitman, and Assistant District Attorneys Clark and Embree. There was no formality about Shaw's introduction, it is understood. Whitman went right to the point with the one question at issue:

"Did you not give that money to James E. Gaffney?"

Shaw, it is understood, said that he did not pass any money to Gaffney; that he might have given it to any other Tom, Dick, or Harry, but that he was positive that Gaffney was not the man.

The one question may have been asked a hundred times in the hour and a half that Shaw spent in the Grand Jury room. If it was, Shaw, it is understood, stuck persistently to his Tom, Dick, or Harry explanation.

If Shaw's story is taken at its face value, then some one is the richer by $41,250, and no one knows who that person is. The fortunate person has Patterson & Co. of Pittsburgh, aqueduct contractors, to thank for the gift. Patterson & Co., through an agent, drew the $41,250 in bills out of a Pittsburgh bank and then sent the money to this city by a trusted messenger to Shaw. Now Shaw, according to his story, gave it to a man whom he cannot recall.

Shaw appeared more worried when his ordeal was over than before. He did not have time to catch his breath, however, before Process Server Barry handed another subpoena to him. It called for his appearance to-morrow afternoon before the Grand Jury.

If Shaw can not tell a more convincing story on Thursday he will be asked to come again and still again, if necessary. If a crime has been committed District Attorney Whitman wants to find out who committed it. The five years within which he can prosecute in this case expires in March.

This case, from the District Attorney's point of view, is not as strong as the Stewart case. In the Stewart case, according to the testimony of James C. Stewart, the contractor, a "Mr. Gaffney" called on him and asked for a "contribution" of $135,000 at the time that the Canal Board was considering bids made by his firm for about $3,000,000. Stewart did not pay the money, and he did not get the contract. Stewart went to Leader Charles F. Murphy and complained about Gaffney, according to United States Senator O'Gorman, Stewart's client. Stewart will be a witness before the Grand Jury to-morrow afternoon, and he will be asked to tell what happened when he talked with Murphy at Delmonico's. It is understood that Stewart complained bitterly to Murphy, and that he told him to call Gaffney off. To this, according to the District Attorney's information, Murphy replied: "A mistake must have been made. I'll see about it."

After Murphy "saw about it" the bagman never bothered Stewart again. Stewart testified that he had never seen "Mr. Gaffney" before his call or after his visit. This Mr. Whitman hopes to disprove. He has witnesses, it is understood, who will swear that they saw Stewart and Gaffney together a number of times.

Stewart will have an opportunity to correct his testimony.

This is a favorite mode of procedure with Whitman. It was adopted at the very beginning of the graft investigation in the case of George H. McGuire of Syracuse. McGuire collapsed on the stand after admitting that he had lied over and over again. If Whitman's witnesses do not fail him, it was pointed out yesterday, Stewart might be prevailed upon to tell all he knows.

Commissioner Chadwick Called.

In addition to Shaw and Skully, other witnesses who testified yesterday were Commissioner Charles N. Chadwick of the Board of Water Supply, Benjamin Barker of Pittsburgh, and Dennis O'Leary Cohalan, a lawyer. Commissioner Chadwick was asked about the letting of the aqueduct contract to Patterson & Co. at a bid $80,000 more than the lowest bid. Barker, who was appointed as co-receiver with Shaw when Patterson & Co. encountered financial difficulties several years ago, was asked about his relations with Shaw. Cohalan, who is a brother of Justice Cohalan, was asked about an article published in an afternoon newspaper on June 10, 1909, which spoke in a disparaging way of an aqueduct contractor who later pail $30,000 to James E. Gaffney for "expert advice." It had been intimated that Cohalan had inspired this publication. This Cohalan denied yesterday. The article as published had the effect, it was intimated, of inducing the contractor to pay Gaffney $30,000 for his advice.

At the close of the Grand Jury hearing a number of new subpoenas were sent from Mr. Clark's office. It is understood that eighteen of the subpoenas went to Buffalo banks, and that they called for transcripts of bank accounts of politicians not mentioned thus far in the "suspected roll." The name of one Buffalo politician, it is understood, will figure in the investigation when James C. Stewart appears before the Grand Jury.

It was the intention of Whitman to call ex-Gov. Sulzer in the John Doe investigation this afternoon. Sulzer notified the District Attorney, however, that Thursday would suit him better, and so the John Doe hearing has been postponed until Friday. Sulzer, it is expected, will appear before the Grand Jury on Thursday and will testify at the public hearing on Friday. Senator O'Gorman also may appear at the public hearing on Friday.

CARLISLE'S "PIE BOOK."

Record of Highway Patronage—Van Wirt Amplifies 'Bagman' Testimony.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—John N. Carlisle, State Highway Commissioner, kept a "pie book" in which he recorded patronage parceled out by him to Democratic politicians, according to testimony given to-day before James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's Special Graft Investigator.

Ex-Congressman Theron Akin of Fort Johnson, Montgomery County, testified that last Summer he appealed to Mr. Carlisle to transfer John B. Wright, an Assistant Highway Engineer, and that the Commissioner produced the book and pointed out to Akin just how much patronage he had obtained. Incidentally, Mr. Wright was not transferred.

"I certainly want that book," said Mr. Osborne. Roy K. Fuller, appearing for Mr. Carlisle at the hearing, made no response.

John B. Wright, now Commissioner of Public Works of Amsterdam, testified that he had refused to approve the work of Contractors Peer V. Baird of Montgomery County, and John E. Consaulus of Troy, and as a result had been transferred to a position 300 miles from his home. He had appealed to C. Gordon Reel, then Superintendent of Highways, but was informed that the transfer had been brought about by politicians and contractors. Among those named, Wright said, were Joseph J. Murphy of Troy, Consaulus, Baird, members of the Hollington Contracting Company of Troy, in which Wright declared Consaulus was interested, and "the Montgomery County political ring, headed by former Senator William H. Gardiner, now a member of the State Board of Claims."

Mr. Akin testified that 2,000 feet of road in his county had been built by the Mohonk Contracting Company, in which Baird was interested, at a cost of $10,000.

"I could have built a better road with a couple of men and a baby carriage for $3,000," said Mr. Akin.

John J. Jelley, a contractor of Amsterdam, testified that he had been told by Supt. Reel that unless he could get the indorsement of ex-Senator Gardner, the dispenser of patronage in Montgomery County, he could not obtain any repair work.

Bidding "by invitation" on maintenance and repair work for the State Highway Department was the topic of interesting testimony given by Dudley E. Van Wirt, a Hudson Falls contractor. Mr. Osborne spent a busy hour or so trying to learn the significance, if any, of the award of contracts without public advertising to Van Wirt in 1911 and 1912, when, as he already had testified before District Attorney Whitman in New York, he had contributed heavily to the Democratic campaign fund, also "by invitation" extended to him by Everett P. Fowler of Kingston, the "bagman" of the Democratic bosses in those years.

Mr. Van Wirt testified that in 1911 he contributed $500 to the Democratic State Committee through Mr. Fowler. In that year his contracting firm, Flood & Van Wirt, received contracts for unadvertised repair work amounting to between $5,000 and $10,000. The following year, he said, the firm contributed $4,000, and obtained $77,000 of similar work. In every instance the contract was signed by John A. Foley of Niagara, First Deputy Highway Commissioner under C. Gordon Reel.

The first contract Mr. Van Wirt said he had bid on "by invitation" involved an expenditure of $50,280 by the State for repairs to a highway in Warren County.

"Bids were not advertised for," said the witness. "I was advised in writing that we were the lowest bidder. That is as far as my knowledge in the matter goes."

Mr. Van Wirt then told of the $500 contribution to the Democratic State Committee in 1911 and the $4,000 in 1912.

"Did you not undertake in your contract with the State to make enough money out of profits to be able to contribute that $4,000?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"That is the only thing we get our money out of—contracts. We must have made it out of our contracts to be able to contribute it," said the witness, but he added that he had not considered the $4,000 in making his bids. He admitted that "a slight acquaintance" with a townsman of his "who had been Chairman of the Democratic State Committee," the man meant being Winfield A. Huppuch, business partner of ex-Gov. Dix.

"Don't you think that if he told somebody that you could be relied upon to do the right thing it would go a long way?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I have never heard his word questioned," said the witness.

"I never did, either," said Mr. Osborne. "Now, you see how these things will work out if we only put our brains on them," he added, triumphantly. "These contributions, of course, had no relation whatever to your payments on the contracts?"

"No," said the witness. "We never were held up on payments, if that's what you are after."

"Certainly not," agreed Mr. Osborne. "I can see as you can, that it would have been a shame to make you pay $4,000 and then hold you up, too. How much highway work did you do in 1913?"

"About $16,000;" said the witness. "I did not contribute a sou to the campaign fund, though. That year I got my work as a result of public bidding."

At the close of the hearing Mr. Osborne announced that he was prepared to recommend to Gov. Glynn legislation making it a felony for contractors on State work to contribute to a political campaign fund. He also will recommend legislation making only a man with an engineer's training and experience eligible for head of the State Highway Department, and providing for the appointment of all the employes of the department, from deputy down, from the civil service list.

John N. Carlisle, the present head of the Highway Department, is a lawyer. C. Gordon Reel, under whose administration most of the abuses disclosed in the Osborne, Whitman, and Hennessy investigations occurred, is an engineer.

Gov. Glynn said to-night: "I will approve any appropriation passed by the Legislature for the purpose of investigating graft in the State departments a minute after it gets to me, regardless of whether the investigation is to be made by a committe representing both houses or one representing the Republican Assembly alone. No one in the State is more anxious to ascertain the whole truth than I. I will give the Assembly all the help I can. I want to see this good roads situation cleaned up, and I am sure Commissioner Carlisle does, too. Until it is his department cannot get down to business."

Omega Oil for Cold in Head and Catarrh

Put a teaspoonful of Omega Oil in a cup of boiling water, then inhale the steam which goes through the passages of the nose and throat. This simple treatment usually gives quick relief.

GOETHALS NOTIFIED HE'S TO BE GOVERNOR

Continued from Page 1.

foregoing order, I direct that it be done with the following considerations in view:

"I have deemed it advisable for reasons of efficiency, economy, and good administration to have all the activities connected with the Panama Canal under the supervision of one Cabinet officer.

"The troops which will be stationed on the canal zone for the protection of the Panama Canal are under the Secretary of War. The Panama Canal act provides that in time of war an officer of the army shall upon the order of the President have exclusive authority over the operation of the Panama Canal and the government of the canal zone. The construction of the canal has been successfully carried on under the supervision of the Secretary of War. The logical conclusion is, therefore, that the supervision of the operations of the Panama Canal under the permanent organization should be under the Secretary of War.

"The organization is to be in general accordance with the chart accompanying this memorandum, except that all of the various divisions and subdivisions need not be established until, in the opinion of the Governor, it is desirable to do so, the organization being expanded gradually as the necessities of the work require. Jan. 27, 1914."

MITCHEL STILL HOPEFUL.

Can't Believe He Won't Get Goethals Ultimately—Work on Police Bill.

The official announcement from Washington that Col. George W. Goethals was to be appointed Governor of the Canal Zone did not disturb Mayor Mitchel in the least yesterday. The Mayor is still firmly convinced that Col. Goethals ultimately will be Police Commissioner.

"It will be all the nicer if Col. Goethals serves as civil Governor of the Canal Zone before he becomes Police Commissioner of New York," said the Mayor with a smile. "It will give him all the more distinction and prestige."

"Then you do not think the Colonel will stay very long as Governor?"

"Well, his letter still speaks for itself," was the reply.

"If for any reason, Col. Goethals is not appointed Police Commissioner will you still favor the passage of the bill giving increased powers to the Police Commissioner?"

"I refuse to believe," the Mayor replied, "that any reason exists or will exist to prevent Col. Goethals from coming here. I won't cross that bridge until we come to it."

"Was there any salary increase promised to Col. Goethals?" was the next question.

"Why, I'm glad you asked that question," replied the Mayor. "Mr. Perkins told the Colonel that I was prepared, if he would accept the Commissionership, to do what I could in the Board of Estimate to get a material increase in the salary. I did not fix any amount, but I believe that Mr. Perkins mentioned $12,000 as the probable figure. After other conversation, and as Perkins was leaving, Col. Goethals said to him:

"'You tell the Mayor that he needn't do anything about that salary. If I go to New York, I'll go to solve the police problem and not for salary.'

"What Col. Goethals said does not alter my idea of what the salary of the Police Commissioner should be—particularly if we get a man like Goethals to serve year after year. Mr. Perkins's mention of $12,000 was his guess of what he thought the Board of Estimate would authorize. I believe that a salary of $12,000 to $15,000 would be no more than adequate."

Situation as Polk Sees It.

With a view to making clear just what prospect there is of Col. Goethals becoming Police Commissioner of New York, Frank L. Polk, the incoming Corporation Counsel, at the request of THE TIMES, gave out last night this summary of the situation from the city administration's point of view:

The situation with regard to Col. Goethals's acceptance of the Police Commissionership is clear and simple. There is not the smallest reason for any confusion in the public mind, nor any basis for an impression that the National Administration at Washington and the local Administration have disagreed. Here are the main points in the situation:

If New York City will wait until the Panama Canal is in operation; until Col. Goethals is satisfied that his work as chief engineer is complete;

If the President will grant Col. Goethals's application for retirement upon completion of the canal:

If the legislation is obtained abolishing court review of the Commissioner's action in dismissing policemen, which Col. Goethals prescribes as the condition of his acceptance:

Then Col. Goethals will be Police Commissioner of New York in Mayor Mitchel's administration.

Col. Goethals stated his position very clearly in his letter of Jan. 14 to the Mayor.

First After reiterating the strong appeal the place of Police Commissioner holds for him, he expressed his hope and desire to see the canal completed and in successful operation.

Second—He explained that he had served nearly thirty-four years, that the President, under the law, was authorized to retire him after thirty years of service, and that he hoped that if the President would grant him this privilege on request.

Third—In making the condition that the law by which removals from the force are subject to review by the courts be abolished, he gave this reason:

In public work of any kind efficiency can be secured only when the service of those engaged in it is satisfactory to superiors, and while I fully believe in the right of every man to have a hearing, the decision of the superior as to the character of the man's service should be final. In cases where a man whose services have not been satisfactory can be reinstated by a court of review, the effect on discipline and efficiency is most injurious.

To meet the objection that a policeman dismissed by the Commissioner loses his contributions to the pension fund, it is proposed, in the contemplated legislation, to provide for the return to a dismissed member of the police force of his contributions to the pension fund, with interest.

Going Over New Police Bill.

The Mayor said yesterday that he was not ready to make public the provisions of the proposed bill taking from the courts the power to review police dismissals. He said he told Assistant Corporation Counsel McGoldrick to go over the bill carefully and check it up with the various drafts that had been prepared, and that it then would be introduced in the Assembly.

"I believe the Mayor ought to have power to direct a rehearing by the Commissioner upon the application of the respondent. That is only in accord with the Mayor's power over the Commissioner. I testified before the Curran Committee that the Police Commissioner ought to be subject to the Mayor."

The Mayor made public a letter he had received from the City Club favoring the proposed legislation. The letter read:

We are prepared to support, and will do all in our power to obtain the passage of, a bill amending the charter so as to accomplish the following objects:

The abolition of court review of action taken by the Police Commissioner to enforce discipline;

The abolition of technical rules or legal evidence in the hearing of charges;

Except when discharge follows conviction for a crime, the return to a dismissed member of the police force of his contributions to the pension fund, with interest.

We also urge upon you the support of a bill substantially like the Velte bill of last year, (Senate Int. No. 1,643, last Print No. 2,492,) restoring to the local authorities of New York City the ability to modify or otherwise change other details of police administration now rigidly controlled by provisions of special legislation. With these two bills enacted into law, your administration will have a free hand to deal with the police problem. The opportunity will be great and the responsibility commensurate.

Reinstatement Statistics.

Regarding the effect of the law by which policemen, convicted on charges of misconduct or neglect and dismissed by the Police Commissioner, have been restored to duty by the courts, the records of the Curran Committee show the following statistics covering the fourteen years from 1889 to 1912, inclusive:

Appeals against dismissal	688
Number of appeals pressed	218
Reinstated by the courts	46

The number of reinstatements in the last four years, however, has averaged higher, owing to the Commissioner having applied a section of the charter which permits the reopening of such cases, even when the Police Department's action has been sustained by the courts. The record of the last four years is shown in this table, which also includes the cases in which the Commissioner himself has restored men to duty, frequently under threat of an appeal to the courts:

	Reinstatements.				How Restored.	
Rank.	'10.	'11.	'12.	'13.	By Courts	Under Chtr.
Captains	1	..	..	1	3	3
Lieutenants	1	4	..	1	3	3
Sergeants	..	1	1	2	1	3
Patrolmen	6	14	12	8	18	22
Doormen	..	..	1	..	..	1
Totals	8	21	13	11	23	30

Didn't Offer It to Perkins.

When the Mayor was asked yesterday if he had offered the Police Commissionership to George W. Perkins he replied that he had not.

"I suppose that rumor started," he said, "because Mr. Perkins has taken such an interest in the matter and has done so much in regard to selecting a Commissioner."

When the Mayor was informed that a bill had been introduced in the Assembly making it compulsory that twenty policewomen be appointed to the force, he said:

"I haven't given the matter very much thought, and I cannot say at present if I favor the plan or not. There are a great many good people for it, but personally I have never felt that there was any great necessity for women on the force. It seems to me that it is largely a home rule proposition and outside the providence of legislators at Albany to propose any such plan."

GOETHALS IS PLEASED.

Gossip Already Busy as to Subordinates He Will Name.

PANAMA, Jan. 27.—The news of the signing to-day by President Wilson of an executive order establishing a permanent government for the Canal Zone, and that Col. Goethals would be appointed Governor, reached here late to-day and brought with it a feeling of relief at the ending of the uncertainty.

When word was conveyed to Col. Goethals he expressed pleasure, but at first declined to make any comment. Later he said that, after he had received official notification of his appointment as Governor, there would be no delay in the reorganization of the canal force. He expressed gratification at the honor to be conferred upon him by the President.

It is believed in official circles here that the plan submitted by Col. Goethals through the Secretary of War has been followed out. This would give the Governor control of all features of the administration, the more important officials having either army or civil officers experienced in the work of the respective departments of which they will have charge.

Col. Goethals is understood to have selected Capt. Hugh Rodman of the navy as Superintendent in charge of the operation and navigation of the canal and Naval Constructor Daniel C. Nutting, Jr., to be Superintendent of all the construction shops at Balboa and elsewhere, succeeding Lieut. Col. Tracy C. Dickson. Constructor Nutting has just arrived on the Isthmus.

Capt. Rodman was to-day appointed Chairman of the Board of Local Inspectors to serve during the absence on leave of Lieut. Col. William V. Judson, who is on his way to the United States.

GIVES RATE WARNING IN TAP LINE DECREE

Commerce Board Orders Roads to Stop Demurrage Favors and Conserve Revenues.

POINTS TO MILLIONS LOST

Must Profit from Every Service Before They Can Fairly Ask Increase, Says Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—In handing down an opinion to-day in the industrial railways or tap line case, the Interstate Commerce Commission made comments that savored of a warning to the Eastern railroads that they must not be too optimistic regarding their application for a 5 per cent. freight rate advance.

These tap line services—that is, the hauling of products from the place of production to the main line of a railroad—are in many cases furnished free of charge, and the commission asserts that this has been a cause of heavy depletion in the revenues of railroads. The commission says it must necessarily take such practices in consideration when it comes to determine whether the railroads are entitled to advance their rates.

In deciding the tap line case the commission held as follows:

"That the service of line carriers in official classification territory beyond a reasonably convenient point of interchange, between their rails and the tracks of industries with plant railways, is a shippers' service, a part of the industrial operations of the plant and not a service of transportation, and that the performance of such services by the line carriers without charge in addition to the rate and the allowances paid by them therefor to industries, or to their plant railways for performing the service for themselves, are unlawful rebates in fact, and in effect give undue and unreasonable preferences and advantages to the industries so favored, and work undue and unreasonable prejudice and disadvantage to shippers in the same line of business who do not receive any such allowances and who do not receive the benefit of any such service."

It is held also by the commission that the admission of industrial lines to the benefit of free movement of their cars results in many cases in a substantial addition to their revenues that accrues directly to the benefit of the industry and is an undue, unreasonable, and unlawful preference and advantage of the industry.

In addition the commission holds that delivery of a car by a line carrier to the interchange track is a delivery to the industry itself and that this and the elimination of demurrage results in an unlawful disadvantage to shippers not enjoying these advantages.

Points to Freight Rate Plea.

The commission proceeds to discuss the relation of these practices to rate advances, and says:

"Indeed, the very carriers that are augmenting their expense accounts and dissipating their revenues in this manner, to the extent of many millions of dollars a year and for the benefit of a comparatively few shippers,are now complaining that their present earnings are insufficient, and on that ground, have asked our permission to make a substantial increase in their general rate schedules. In that sense the proposed advance in rates has a certain very definite and immediate relation to this proceeding.

"In this general connection it may safely be assumed that no substantial part of the well informed and reflecting public would deny to the owners of the railroads of the country a reasonable return on their investments; nevertheless, before they may fairly ask the general public to share further in carrying their burdens, it is manifest that the railroads must properly and properly conserve their sources of revenue by making every service rendered by them contribute reasonably to their earnings.

"This having been done, the commission upon an adequate showing of the need of additional revenue will not shrink from the responsibility of sanctioning such measures, including even a general advance in rates, as may be required to bring reasonable prosperity to railroads, so far as this may be accomplished under rates and charges that are reasonably just alike to shippers and to carriers.

Where the Public Figures.

"Aside from the right to receive from the public a reasonable return on their investments, it is of profound importance to the public, in its own interest, to accord fair and equal treatment to the owners of railroads, for upon no other basis may we continue to look to private capital for the further development and extension of our railroad facilities. The general public interest is therefore, advanced in a very direct way by the reasonable success of railroad investments under rate schedules that reasonably respect the rights of shippers.

"But if further burdens through an increased scale of rates may justly be imposed on the general public, all must agree that unlawful concessions, rebates, and preferences in the interest of a small proportion of the shipping public ought to be eliminated from the practices of carriers. It is therefore appropriate, as it also our duty on general grounds, to examine carefully into the legality of the allowances, free services, per diem, and demurrage concessions of the character disclosed on the record before us, by means of which the revenues of the carriers are so heavily taxed and their net earnings so largely impaired; and we now take up the consideration of that question with a full appreciation of its far-reaching importance."

In discussing the loss to railroads through these practices the commission says:

"The amount paid on allowances and reclaims is large, and the service rendered free by the line carriers to a relatively few favored industries would, if charged for on a reasonable basis, increase the revenues of the carriers by many millions annually."

Payments to Steel Roads.

Certain examples to support these assertions are given.

"During the year ending June 30, 1912," says the commission, "the Pennsylvania Railroad paid $1,019,910.41 in divisions out of the rate to only ten such industrial railways connected with steel plants; the New York Central's western lines paid to twelve such industrial railways an aggregate of $660,037.93; the Baltimore & Ohio paid to thirteen such industrial railways the sum of $530,-317.06. Five of these industrial railways received from the several lines the additional amount of $1,059,274 in per diem reclaims. Just how much demurrage these arrangements enabled these industries to avoid is not shown, but the loss in car service revenues to the carriers must have been very material."

Various tap line railroads are mentioned in the opinion and their operations with respect to common carriers is reviewed. Throughout its report the commission emphasizes its disapproval of the practices of showing preferential treatment to great industrial concerns through hauling their products free to main lines. In conclusion the commission makes some general observations which have a relation to its previous remarks about the relationship of the questions presented to those involved in the application for an advance in freight rates.

Growth of the Practice.

The Commission says:

"A full understanding of these matters, resulting from a careful examination of the record, impresses us with the inherent unlawfulness of this relation between large industries and the line carriers, built up upon the fiction that their plant railroads are servants of the shipping public, and, therefore, perform a service of transportation for the proprietary industries for which they may be compensated by the line carriers out of the rates. The practice has grown step by step until by reason of the immense drain upon the revenues of the line carriers it has now become a burden of substantial proportions upon the general shipping public. The primary purpose of the act to regulate commerce, as the courts have often said, was to strike down undue preference and favoritism, and a large part of our labors is devoted to complaints of this nature. The cost to the line carriers of these contributions by them in money and services per diem, reclaims and demurrage exemptions, to the few favored shippers shown on this record does not appear. It has been estimated at not less than $15,000,000 a year, and this we regard as conservative.

"As we have just indicated, these practices were not suddenly devised in their present form, but are more or less the result of a process of development. The traffic of these industries is so enormous as to make it a facile instrument for forcing concessions out of the line carriers; and when one line has yielded to these influences, the others serving the same industry, must necessarily pay the same price or lose their share of the tonnage offered for carriage by the industry. In that manner the practice has spread from industry to industry; and the varying forms by which it is surrounded and under which it is conducted at the different plants are simply a cloak and device to give it the color of legality.

Classed as Rebates.

"It was admitted of record by counsel for many of the more important of these iron and steel companies that the trunk lines would be entirely within their legal rights if they abandoned the allowances now being paid to some industries and abandoned the services now being performed without charge for other industries. What we decide upon the testimony adduced is that these practices are unlawful in themselves because they are rebates, in fact and in effect, and also give undue and unreasonable preferences and advantages to the industries so favored and work undue and unreasonable prejudice and disadvantage to shippers in the same business who do not receive any such allowances or rebates and who do not receive the benefit of any such services.

"And we hold, further, upon the record, that the form in which these plant facilitates are organized and operated is an unlawful device adopted by the industries for the purpose of securing rebates from the published rates and rebates in service and other undue and unreasonable advantage forbidden by law."

Commissioner Prouty, it was announced, would present his views on these questions later on.

SEEKS TO ENJOIN TENOR.

Hammerstein Would Prevent Harrold from Singing for Others.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich reserved decision yesterday in the application made by Oscar Hammerstein for an injunction restraining Orville Harrold, the tenor, from appearing with the Century Opera Company. The tenor was thus enabled to make his début at the Century Opera House last night in Gounod's "Romeo and Juliet."

Ex-Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer appeared in court yesterday for Mr. Hammerstein. He said Harrold was an ingrate, and told how Oscar Hammerstein had taken Harrold from a Colorado mine and had sent him to Paris to receive a musical education. And after Mr. Hammerstein had paid his way to Paris and had obtained teachers for him, Judge Dittenhoefer said, Mr. Hammerstein agreed to pay Harrold $700 nightly and guaranteed him forty nights a season.

Max D. Josephson, attorney for Mr. Harrold, opposed the injunction asked for by Mr. Hammerstein on the ground that Mr. Hammerstein, having been forbidden to produce grand opera in New York, Boston, and other large cities, could offer only concert work to Mr. Harrold. Concert work, he contended, would injure Mr. Harrold's reputation. The contract between Mr. Hammerstein and his client was not binding for this reason, he said.

HEAR OF HAMPTON'S WORK.

It Is Solving a Great Political Problem, Says President McAneny.

Many friends of Hampton Institute assembled last night at Carnegie Hall for its annual meeting in this city under the auspices of the Hampton Association of New York. William Jay Schieffelin was in the chair, and President McAneny told of the good work of the institution.

"Education," he said, "is not its chief purpose. It deals with politics as well. It is an experimental station for the solution of the race problem."

Moving pictures of Hampton were shown during the evening. In them the students were seen learning farming, cutter making, and other industries. A negro glee club from Hampton sang old plantation songs.

In the boxes last night were Mrs. Felix Adler, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss, Miss Edith Bryce, Mrs. Edward S. Harkness, George Foster Peabody, George A. Plimpton, and Gilbert Colgate.

McCOMBS CALLS ON WILSON

Fall Congressional Campaign Discussed—McCombs Optimistic.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—William F. McCombs, Democratic National Chairman, had a long conference with President Wilson to-night at the latter's request. Mr. McCombs said afterward that "various State situations" were discussed at length, preparatory to some extent to the Fall Congressional campaign. He remarked that he had told the President a good deal about the New York State Democracy and his recent visits to Albany and reiterated his complimentary references to the administration of Gov. Glynn.

Mr. McCombs declined to talk of reports that he would be a candidate for the United States Senate and said he did not know who would be named Ambassador to France.

With regard to business conditions throughout the country, he said that everywhere in his recent travels he had found a spirit of confidence and optimism, and that trade conditions had shown a decided improvement since the passage of the Currency bill.

SENATE CONFIRMS PINDELL.

Opposition to Peoria Editor for Ambassador Dwindles to Nothing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Senate this afternoon confirmed Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, Ill., as Ambassador to Russia. The opposition disappeared and the appointment was approved without a roll call.

Democrats and Republicans alike regretted the appointment of Mr. Pindell. Charges never have been answered to their satisfaction declaring that Mr. Pindell, when he received the appointment, asked Representative Stone of his district to submit all Postmasters' nominations to him so that he could be sure the Postmasters appointed in that district would act as agents for his newspaper. Mr. Stone refused to submit copies of the correspondence to the Senate Committee, and Mr. Pindell, while expressing willingness that they should be submitted, did not present them in evidence.

C. S. Hamlin to be Acting Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Charles S. Hamlin, at present Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in charge of customs, will take charge of the financial end of the department when John Skelton Williams takes the oath of office as Controller of the Currency. Mr. Williams, who as Controller is ex-officio a member of the Federal Reserve Board, will take the oath on Feb. 2. The department officials announced the change to-night. According to the announcement, no one has been chosen to fill the vacant Assistant Secretaryship.

Martine Urges Garfield Monument.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senator Martine asked the Senate to-day to vote $10,000 to aid in building a monument to President James A. Garfield at Long Branch, N. J., conditional on the raising of $10,000 by a memorial association.

DARTMOUTH ALUMNI CHEER OLD COLLEGE

President Nichols Sets Forth the Financial Problem in a New Way.

HOPE LIES IN GRADUATES

District Attorney Whitman Tells of His Encounter with Crime in Hanover.

More than 200 graduates of Dartmouth, gathered last night at the fiftieth annual dinner of the Dartmouth Alumni Association of New York at Hotel Savoy, gave their college yell for some of the old alumni and distinguished guests, and listened to speeches by President Arthur L. Livermore of the Alumni Association, President Ernest Fox Nichols of Dartmouth College, District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, and President Ernest M. Hopkins of the Alumni Council.

In the course of a description of the advance made in recent years by Dartmouth, President Nichols said that nevertheless the institution was running behind financially, and that he considered that the hope for the future of Dartmouth and other colleges lay in the support which would be given by the alumni. Then he told this story:

"A South African vulture, which had been placed in the London Zoo, caused great surprise one day by laying an egg. It sat on the egg for fifty-four days, by the keeper's count, before the egg was hatched. Then, as soon as the chick had pecked through its shell, its mother ate it.

"This raised the problem: 'Can a vulture become self-supporting?'

"This is the position now of Dartmouth, and virtually all endowed institutions. They must turn to their alumni offspring for support."

President Nichols explained why it was decided in 1913 to drop the later years of the medical course from the course of study at Dartmouth.

"The conditions, which are the good fortune of Dartmouth in one respect," he said, "made it inevitable that the latter years of the medical course should be given up. Medical students must be taught in centres where they have opportunity for clinical practice. The college is not situated in the midst of an impoverished and congested population, which fosters disease; there are no factories near which supply cases of torn limbs and broken bones.

"The Medical School has been in existence at Dartmouth for 116 years, from 1797 to 1913. It was like a blow to our sympathies and better feelings to make the change, but it was inevitable.

"Dartmouth is now equipped to give students the best possible laboratory training in medicine for two years. It has made arrangements to place students, who have spent two years there, in the best schools for their clinical training—schools in congested cities, where the materials for clinical study are so large."

President Nichols told of a talk he had had with the present Earl of Dartmouth a year ago, saying:

"I could see sliding in his mind the thought that the most permanent monument to the name of that honorable and noble family would be in the school which his ancestor had founded in America."

Toastmaster Livermore, in introducing District Attorney Whitman, who is a graduate of Amherst, said that Whitman would now be Mayor of New York if he were a graduate or Dartmouth.

"Charles Whitman is an alumnus of Dartmouth," he said, "held the balance of power in the Fusion Committee, and he kept in pretty close communication with William Randolph Hearst. But if Charley Whitman had been a Dartmouth graduate, would not John Hopper have said: "'Away with you. I am for Charley Whitman.'

"And does anyone here doubt that, under those circumstances, Judge Whitman would have been the Fusion choice?"

Mr. Whitman said that his first experience with crime and the fear of detection occurred twenty-seven years ago at Dartmouth. His train was delayed, and he had to go to Hanover in a wagon on one of the coldest nights New England had ever known. He went at once to the house of the fraternity to which he belonged and was admitted after much delay.

"The young fellow who let me in," said Mr. Whitman, "whispered that the fraternity had been engaged that night in the time-honored custom of stealing Christmas turkeys, and they were afraid that they had been trapped. As the attendance at Dartmouth what it is to-day, I can't help wondering how the farmers around Dartmouth fare."

SAYS CLERKS RULE R. R.'S.

Efficiency Expert Criticizes Signatures by Minor Officials.

In the administration of their affairs, the railroads of this country are suffering from government by chief clerks and other corporations are suffering from government by Secretaries, according to Major Charles De Lane Hine. He is the originator of the unit system of organization for the Harriman and other railroad lines, and he spoke at the annual dinner of the Efficiency Society at the Hotel Biltmore last night. He said he believed that under no circumstances should one individual ever use the name or sign the initials of another.

Speaking of the indiscriminate use of names and signatures by minor officials or employes in railroad organizations and other corporations, Major Hine said that the act of a $10,000 official could be found often "filtering down through a $5,000 official and finally to a $1,000 clerk."

"You couldn't step down your electrical current that way," said Major Hine.

Julius Henry Cohen was toastmaster, and some of the other speakers were Charles H. Jackson, Dr. Dewey, and H. Russell Brand.

Roger W. Babson, speaking at the morning session of the conference, said:

"I sympathize with organized labor in its attempt to increase wages. The workmen are justified in their co-operative efforts, but they are making a great mistake in attempting to block progress by opposing the rating of the efficiency of men, which is a progressive measure.

"I believe that the greatest inefficiency exists to-day among the Boards of Directors and officers of our various corporations. Hundreds of officers are utterly unfit for their work, and hold their positions simply because they have inherited them. Of course I realize that an efficiency engineer who recommended that the President of a corporation be fired, or that a new Treasurer be employed, or that a new Board of Directors be chosen, would starve for a good many years, but if efficiency engineers are honest they would give such advise in many cases."

Other speakers at the morning and afternoon sessions were Dr. Katherine M. H. Blackford, Dr. Gustave Blumenthal, H. A. Hops, and W. M. Corse.

PRAISE DRUMMOND'S WORK.

Friends Give a Dinner in Honor of Retiring Commissioner.

Michael J. Drummond, Commissioner of Charities in the last city administration, was the guest of honor last night at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria given by his friends. The speakers praised Mr. Drummond's services as Commissioner and told of the achievements of the department under his régime. They were: Dr. Royal S. Copeland, the Right Rev. Joseph F. Mooney, Luke D. Stapleton, Edward Lauterbach, Edward M. Grout, and Homer Folks.

William B. Ellison, formerly Corporation Counsel, was the toastmaster. Others at the speakers' table were: John A. Kingsbury, the Rev. Thomas J. McCluskey, Robert W. de Forest, Archibald R. Watson, the Rev. Charles P. Tinker, Jacob H. Schiff, and Herman A. Metz.

FAULTS IN CURRENCY LAW.

C. A. Pugsley Names Three, But Says Measure is Good.

Ex-Congressman Cornelius A. Pugsley, President of the First National Bank of Peekskill, speaking last night at the eleventh annual dinner of the Building Material Men's Association of Westchester County, offered three adverse criticisms of the new currency law, and followed them with three points in its favor. He said that he considered the bill as a whole "a most desirable measure."

Mr. Pugsley's first objection to the law was that it did not provide for the retirement of the $346,000,000 of "greenbacks" still in circulation. He said that although no one doubted the ability of the Government to carry this fiat money it was still a "continual menace."

His second objection was that the minimum capital of $4,000,000 allowed Federal reserve banks was too small.

"It would be unwise to have pigmy Federal Reserve Banks in any city overshadowed by other institutions with much larger capital and surplus," he said.

"I believe, also, that the Federal Reserve Board should be as far removed from political domination as the Supreme Court of the United States," Mr. Pugsley said, in giving his third criticism of the currency bill. "For this reason I have questioned the advisability of placing upon the board either the Secretary of the Treasury or the Controller of the Currency. Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Williams personally will make most capable members of the board, but they are both political appointees."

The three points in favor of the law mentioned by Mr. Pugsley were that it would "mobilize and concentrate reserves," "provide greater facilities for extending safe credit," and "guarantee an elastic currency and make impossible a famine in currency, as was experienced in 1907 and other periods of history."

Frank L. Young, ex-Assemblyman and former District Attorney of Westchester County, spoke on "Business Ethics." John F. Dinkel, President of the association, was toastmaster.

HOLY CROSS ALUMNI DINE.

Mayor Gainer Wants Young Catholics to Enter Politics.

At the ninth annual dinner of the New York Alumni Association of Holy Cross College of Worcester, Mass., held in the Hotel McAlpin last evening, Mayor Joseph H. Gainer of Providence, R. I., was the principal speaker. He referred to the need of educating young Catholics in the active civic affairs of the nation, especially so that they would exercise a moderating influence on radical legislation.

He urged them to combat the new ideas of eugenic laws, individualism, attacks on private property, and especially legislation of the minimum wage class.

Bird S. Coler, former Controller, defended Catholic schools and Catholic education as a curb on the growth of Socialism. Collector Dudley Field Malone predicted the creation of an organization in this own political party which would fight graft and continue the campaign until purity in politics would be axiomatic.

Other speakers were the Rev. Joseph N. Dinand, S. J., and the Rev. John F. Canby, S. J., President and ex-President of Holy Cross.

The special guests of the Alumni were the Rev. Joseph N. Dinand, President of Holy Cross; the Rev. John F. Lehy, ex-President of Holy Cross; the Very Rev. Joseph F. Haselmann, ex-President of Holy Cross; the Rev. Thomas E. Murphy, ex-President of Holy Cross; the Rev. Thomas J. McCloskey, President of Fordham University; the Rev. William H. Rogers of Hartford, Conn., one of the oldest graduates of the college; the Rev. James Smith of Fair Haven, Conn., and Dr. Hugh Cook of Newark.

FOR OPERA IN ENGLISH.

National Society Discusses Progress of Its Plan at Plaza Dinner.

"The Progress of Grand Opera in English" was discussed from various points of view last night at a dinner given by the recently organized National Society for the Promotion of Grand Opera in English at the Hotel Plaza. All of the speakers were optimistic over the success of past attempts to produce operas in English, and predicted an increased popularity of the language as an operatic medium.

Reginald de Koven, the President of the society, presided and spoke on the subject from the point of view of a composer. Otto Kahn spoke as an impresario. Walter Damrosch as a conductor, David Bispham as a singer, and Charles H. Meltzer as a librettist. John C. Freund, the last speaker, represented the musical press.

Others at the speakers' table were Victor Herbert, Percy Mackaye, Mrs. Charles H. Meltzer, Franz Arens, Kurt Schindler, Putnam Griswold, and Mme. Anna E. Ziegler, the secretary of the society.

GREENE COUNTY DINNER.

Native Sons and Daughters Dance at the Astor.

More than 150 natives of Greene County, N. Y., many well-known now in this city, gathered last night at the Hotel Astor to celebrate their tenth annual dinner.

Dr. Walter B. Chase, President of the society, was toastmaster, and the speeches were made by the Rev. Archibald E Campbell, ex-Senator J. C. Spooner, Dr. Everett C. Field, the Rev. John F. Carson, and Dr. William Francis Campbell.

A large number of the guests were women.

A dance followed the dinner.

JERUSALEM TO BETHLEHEM.

Concession for Street-Car Service and for Lighting of Jerusalem.

JERUSALEM, Jan. 27.—A concession for the construction of a street car line running from Jerusalem to Bethlehem and also for the lighting of Jerusalem by electricity was granted to-day by the Turkish Government to the French bank which supplied to Turkey the money to purchase the Brazilian dreadnought Rio Janeiro recently added to the Turkish navy.

Alfred Hudson Dead.

Alfred Hudson, a character actor who appeared in some of the first touring stock companies, died from heart disease on Sunday in Bellevue Hospital. Mr. Hudson was 65 years old, and was last seen on Broadway more than a year ago with Nat C. Goodwin in a revival of "Oliver Twist." He was for ten years a member of the stock company of the Boston Theatre in Boston, Mass. His funeral will be held this morning from the Funeral Church, 241 West Twenty-third Street. The Actors' Fund of America cared for Mr. Hudson during his illness.

Eugene A. Wise, Sr., Dead.

Eugene A. Wise, Sr., at one time a Councilman from Harlem under the old system of city government and more recently cashier in the office of the County Clerk, died last night at his home, 525 West 138th Street. He was 61 years old and for many years had taken an active part in city politics. Mr. Wise was a candidate for Alderman from the Twenty-first Assembly District in 1907 and was narrowly defeated. He suffered a paralytic stroke while at work last September, from which he never recovered.

David N. Melvin Dies in Florida.

MIAMI, Fla., Jan. 27.—David N. Melvin of Port Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., said to have been the inventor of linoleum, died at his Winter home here to-night of heart disease.

ASSAILS CLERGYMAN FOR INTEREST IN GIRL

Rev. I. N. W. Irvine Files an Affidavit Against G. W. Anthony, Trinity Vicar.

IS FORMER'S GRANDCHILD

Latter Replies He and Wife Desired to Adopt Her to Remove Her from Home Difficulties.

The Rev. Dr. Ingram N. W. Irvine, who became very well known in 1902 when he was removed from the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Talbot of Pennsylvania, submitted an affidavit to the Supreme Court yesterday in which he made a bitter attack on the Rev. George W. Anthony, vicar of St. Augustine's Chapel in East Houston Street, one of the churches of the Trinity Parish. The trouble between the two clergymen is the outcome of the marital troubles between Mr. Irvine's daughter, Mrs. Annie Irvine Roney and her husband, James Allen Roney.

Mr. and Mrs. Roney separated about four years ago. Mrs. Roney began an action for a divorce, and an interlocutory decree was given her on Nov. 12 last. The four children of the couple were given to the mother, and Roney was directed to pay Mrs. Roney $35 a week alimony. Shortly after the suit Roney tried to have the children turned over to the care of the Gerry Society. An order was entered by Justice Cohalan, and Roney made out the necessary papers for the seizure of the children if they were given over and served it on the society. Roney is a law stenographer, and he thought he could handle the case himself, but Supt. Walsh of the society thought the papers were irregular.

Cornelius J. Sullivan of the law firm of Nicoll, Anable, Lindsay & Fuller, counsel for the society, advised delay until Justice Cohalan could be communicated with. In the meantime Mr. Irvine was busy preparing his affidavit praying for the court to vacate the order for the removal of the children from the care of the mother to the care of the society. Justice Cohalan yesterday denied the application to vacate the order, but instructed the society not to take any further steps in the matter until it received directions from him. This leaves the children in precisely the same position as it was before any of the proceedings for the care of the children were started.

In his affidavit Mr. Irvine accused Mr. Anthony of striving to get possession of Theresa Dewey Woodruff Roney, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Mrs. Roney, and said that he had been pursuing the girl for some time in an effort to get her under his control. Mr. Anthony, he wrote, received the reporter of THE TIMES last night in his home in the rear of the church in East Houston Street. He said he had heard about the attack made upon him by Mr. Irvine, and that while he would rather say nothing about the subject, he felt it is his duty to make a statement. Then he said:

"About a year ago last November my wife and I, who are childless, took Theresa into our home. Mrs. Roney was at first willing that we should have the child. It was our intention to give Theresa a high school education, to bring her up to become a good churchwoman, and to look after her just as if she were our daughter. Mrs. Roney was always running here. We could understand a mother's desire to see her child, but we thought her visits were too frequent and too unsettling to the child.

"Finally we concluded to ask Mrs. Roney if she would consent to let us have the child by some legal procedure that would enable us to recognize her as our child. But Mrs. Roney wanted Theresa to go back to her. We objected to that because we did not think the mother's influence would do the child any good. But she insisted and we agreed to let the child go to her grandmother, Mrs. Irvine, for we knew her to be a splendid woman. This was arranged and the child was placed in the care of Mrs. Irvine.

"Concerning the accusation of Mr. Irvine that I loitered about the home of Mrs. Irvine in order to get into touch with Theresa, that is partly true and partly false. Indeed, his whole statement is a mixture of the true and false. I went to the Bronx on several occasions to see the girl because she wrote to me and said she was sad. I do not wish to say anything about Mrs. Roney. It doesn't become a man to utter a word that would in any way reflect upon any woman."

That was all Mr. Anthony would say except that he intended to take any steps necessary to protect himself from attack.

Mr. Irvine says that the charge that he was deposed from the ministry of the Episcopal Church for immorality is false and that he was deposed by Bishop Talbot because he refused to do the bidding of the Bishop to violate the laws of the church and of God by admitting to communion a woman thrice divorced for incompatibility and four times married. Accompanying the affidavit of Mr. Irvine is a letter from Bishop Raphael of the Cathedral of the Holy Orthodox Russian Greek Catholic Church setting forth that Mr. Irvine is a canon in his diocese.

TYSON & CO. DENY SUIT.

Action Not Brought by Bank, Says Sullivan.

John Sullivan, Vice President of Tyson & Co., in a formal statement last night denied that the concern was being sued for $50,000 on two notes of $40,000 and $10,000, respectively, in the Supreme Court by the First National Bank of Lakewood, N. J., as printed in THE TIMES yesterday morning.

This statement was supported by J. M. Walsh, Vice President of the First National Bank of Roselle, N. J., who holds a note of Tyson & Co. for $5,000. Mr. Walsh explained that the suit was not brought to collect $50,000 from Tyson & Co., but that another holder of a Tyson & Co. note—whose name he withheld—had brought the action.

Settlement to Mark 20th Year.

An exhibition of work done in the Henry Street Settlement will be held on its twentieth anniversary, next Saturday, at 301 Henry Street. Addresses will be made by Mayor Mitchel, Dr. William H. Maxwell, Dr. Josephine Baker, Jacob H. Schiff, Mrs. Florence Kelly, Mrs. Max Morgenthau, Jr., Samuel Lewenkrohn, and Lillian D. Wald. This settlement has organized and administered a service for the sick poor in their homes throughout Manhattan and the Bronx, and 21,000 patients, of whom 11,066 were children, were cared for last year, entailing 200,000 calls by the eighty nurses of the institution.

FEARS JURY FIXING.

Federal Attorney Asks That J. J. Meyers Be Locked Up During Trial.

Assistant District Attorney Arnold asked Judge Martin yesterday in the Federal District Court at the close of the day's hearing of the second trial of Archie L. Wisner and John J. Meyers for using the mails to defraud to forfeit the bail of Meyers and have him locked up in the Tombs. At the beginning of the trial, he said, it had been represented that Meyers was financially unable to retain counsel, and on this account he had had assigned to him ex-Senator John C. Quinn and Louis Delafield. But now, he said, he had learned that the defendant had $500,000 in San Francisco.

"I feel it would be a great danger to this trial," said Mr. Arnold, "to permit this man, who has plenty of money, to go about the city. I do not want this second trial to end in a disagreement like the first one."

"Have you any information of jury fixing?" asked Mr. Delafield.

"My dear young man," replied Mr. Arnold, "I never make statements without some good basis to go on. At present I have no tangible facts to present."

Otto Schlesinger, who represented Meyers at the first trial, appeared yesterday and took his seat at the counsel table. Mr. Arnold also asked that he be excluded. Judge Martin replied that in the light of his own experience as a District Attorney for nine years he could not see how that could matter.

"Your service is your distinction and my knowledge of Meyers is my misfortune," replied Mr. Arnold. "I have talked with the people he has swindled, and I know his character from every angle."

Judge Martin reserved his decision concerning Meyers's bail until this morning.

AMATI VIOLIN BRINGS $950.

Instruments Bequeathed by Late A. L. Seligman Sold for $2,725.

The collection of musical instruments bequeathed by the late Alfred L. Seligman to the Young Men's Symphony Orchestra of New York, a charitable organization which he founded for the purpose of giving needy young musicians free education and training in orchestral playing, was sold for their benefit at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon, the returns being $2,725.

A violin made by Amati with a leather-covered case brought the highest price of the collection, going to W T. Wallace of South Orange, N. J., for $950. Mr. Wallace paid $360 for a violoncello made by Guardanini, and $150 for an old violoncello of German make. C. G. Burnheimer paid $290 for a violoncello by Amati, H. A. Ginnsburg $400 for a violin made by Guillaume, with a leatherette case, and G. W Hammerschlag paid $155 for a viola made by Gaspar da Salo.

The first violin in the collection sold, one of German make, brought $10. Two violin bows brought $3 each and another $2. A viola formerly thought to be a Stradivarius but now believed to be a copy, with a case, went for $36, and a viola bow made by Tourte brought $32. Another by Fletcher sold for $13. A violin by a German maker with a case brought the same price, $13. Two violoncello bows of German make brought $9 each. A violoncello bow by Dodd went for $15, and one by Servais for $25. A violoncello made by Channon, with a cover, also brought $25. A violin bow made by Bazie sold for $15, and one mounted in gold for $17. A gold-mounted violin bow made by Fletcher brought $16, and another by Baush went for $13.

These instruments were given without restriction, and the Board of Directors of the orchestra, finding it impractical to use them, they were sold with the consent of the family of Mr. Seligman, the proceeds of the sale to be devoted to the charitable purposes of the society.

The musical instruments formed only a portion of a sale of silver, bronzes, rugs, &c., and the returns for the day were $4,359. The regular sale will be concluded this afternoon.

BROADWAY BEAUTY FOR $75.

Medical Society Investigator Tells of McCargo's Promises.

John H. Woodbury, Inc., by Peyton R. McCargo, Secretary and manager of the corporation, appeared before Magistrate Corrigan in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday afternoon on complaint of the Medical Society of the County of New York, which charged practicing medicine without a license. McCargo waived examination and was held for Special Sessions under nominal bail of $100.

Summonses were issued on the affidavit of Mrs. Frances Benzecry, investigator for the Medical Society, who charged that at the beauty parlors of the concern at 30 West Thirty-fourth Street Manager McCargo had agreed to renovate her features for $75. She said she was 21 years old, but that she looked to be 35, and Manager McCargo replied:

"For $75 we can make you look like a Broadway beauty."

McCargo proposed, she said, to reduce her cheeks, which he considered overplump, by taking a tuck in her skin. By removing a strip of epidermis at the roots of her hair and sewing up the incision her skin could be drawn taut, she says he said, and everything made right and tight with her cheeks. She promised, she alleged, to take six or eight years from her appearance by injecting oil into the skin under wrinkles.

John G. Dyer represented the Medical Society in court. The officers of John H. Woodbury, Inc., are, President, David Patterson, and Secretary and manager, McCargo.

CITY BREVITIES.

Mary Antin will address the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall on Friday on "Who is a Good American?"

James Joseph Coffey, the heavyweight fighter from County Roscommon, applied in the Federal Building yesterday for his first naturalization papers. Two days ago Alexander Aberg, a wrestler from Finland, took the same step.

The annual meeting of the Hebrew Technical Institute will be held on Sunday at 36 Stuyvesant Street. Up for election as Directors are Joseph L. Buttenwieser, Emanuel Hollander, Irving Lehman, Henry M. Leipziger, Theodore Rosenwald, Louis Seeberger, and Eugene E. Spiegelberg.

Edward E. McCall, Chairman of the Public Service Commission for the First District, and Ivy L. Lee, executive assistant of the Pennsylvania Railroad, were speakers at the regular monthly meeting of the Traffic Club of New York held last night in the Waldorf-Astoria.

Today and Thursday

Women's Boots at $3.95

reduced from $6, $7 and $8

Button models, in patent French calf, patent colt, tan Russia calf and black Russia calf, with cloth, kid, or colored ooze tops. Broken sizes.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

$750,000 FIRE AMID EXPLOSIVE STORES

Hills Brothers' Plant in Brooklyn Burns, Surrounded by Large Chemical Concerns.

FIREMEN HINDERED BY FOG

Watchmen Run to Boiler Rooms to Draw Furnace Fires—Chief Kenlon Answers Fourth Alarm.

A fire last night, for which four alarms were turned in, destroyed the large fruit-packing establishment of Hills Brothers & Co. at 48-64 Irving Street, Brooklyn. The loss was estimated at $750,000. The concern occupied a five-story building with a frontage of 300 feet on Irving Street and 100 feet deep, and was surrounded by chemical plants, in which thousands of gallons of explosives were stored. The fire started from spontaneous combustion.

John Siemes, night watchman for Hills Brothers & Co., was making his rounds at 5:30 yesterday afternoon when he discovered smoke coming from the fourth floor, and running upstairs found the entire floor in flames. He remembered the chemical plants nearby, and at once realized the danger of the situation.

After turning in an alarm he summoned A. S. Bennett, chief engineer for the chemical plant of Lehn & Fink. The two men ran to the boiler room, and, to prevent an explosion, extinguished the furnace fires. Then they hastened to a chemical plant next door to the burning building, where 10,000 gallons of explosives were stored. Only an alley, 10 feet wide, separated the two buildings, and they drew the fires in the boiler rooms of the chemical plant as well.

When Deputy Chief Lally arrived he at once turned in three additional alarms, and these brought Chief Kenlon and apparatus from Manhattan.

The firemen attempted to confine the blaze to the east section of the building, but despite a fire wall it worked through and rapidly consumed the western half of the plant. In a short time the cellar and roof were ablaze, and Chief Kenlon put a large force of firemen at work to prevent the fire from spreading to the chemical factories opposite.

It was two hours before the fire was under control. A heavy fog was rolling in from the East River, and this made difficult for the firemen to see. The plant is only half a block away from the river, and three fireboats were set to work.

During the fire the police found Charles Carlson of 648 Hicks Street moaning in the gutter of Irving Street. His hands were badly burned, and he was treated by an ambulance surgeon from the Long Island College Hospital. He had helped to put out the fires in the boiler rooms of the chemical plant, he said, and in that way had burned his hands.

DROWNS IN BATHTUB BED.

Woman Manager of a Creche Placed Baby There to Sleep.

Before going on a visit to friends about noon yesterday, Mrs. Mary Stewart, who boards the babies of working mothers at her home, 2145 Boulevard, the Bronx, placed seven-month-old Gladys Leak in the bathtub. She tucked the little girl, who was very sleepy, in her blankets, placed a pillow under her head, and left the house.

Mrs. Stewart returned at 4:30 o'clock yesteraday afternoon, and going into the bathroom, found Gladys and the pillow floating on top of a full tub of water, according to what she told the police. She said she placed Gladys in the tub, as she had a habit of rolling off the bed and she didn't want the child to hurt herself. She was sure that the water had not been running when she left at noon and she could not explain how the faucet came to be turned on.

She called Policeman Hunt, who summoned Dr. Dolan of Fordham Hospital. Dr. Dolan said the child had been dead for at least two hours. Coroner William Flynn was notified and is making a rigid investigation into the case.

According to the police, the water was still running from the faucet when Mrs. Stewart returned, and would have overflowed the tub but for the drain pipe near the top. The mother of Gladys lives at Eighty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue. There were no arrests.

ADMIT STEALING AUTO.

Two Members of Gang, Caught by Dougherty, Plead Guilty.

Chester Travis and John Chandler, said to be members of the gang of auto thieves which Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty has been rounding up, pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Nott in General Sessions to the theft of a $5,000 Packard car from Dr. Graeme M. Hammond of 60 West Fiftieth Street, on May 27. The pleas were taken as an indication that the men will assist Commissioner Dougherty and Assistant District Attorney Deuel in running down other members of the band.

The Grand Jury will take up auto thefts to-day probably, and, it is understood, Travis and

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

HAMBURG-AMERICAN DEMANDS ATTACKED

Managing Director of the North German Lloyd Line Says They Are Unreasonable.

FIGHT TO FINISH EXPECTED

Hamburg Line to Resume Services to the East and Far East and to Invade South American Field.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The action of the English steamship lines in reducing rates is regarded in Berlin as the signal for the opening of hostilities in a great ocean rate war.

The Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd Lines, whose dispute is the main cause of the conflict, are feverishly preparing for the battle. Herr Heineken, Managing Director of the North German Lloyd, who leads the Bremen forces against Herr Ballin of the Hamburg-American, is now in Budapest, conferring with his numerous emigrant agents in Hungary, with a view to meeting the Hamburg-American's competition all along the line. From his headquarters Herr Heineken to-day issued orders to his agents in the United States to follow instantly any competitive move on Herr Ballin's part on that side of the Atlantic, no matter at what cost.

So far the rate war is confined to the third-class and steerage. The first and second cabin rates are not yet affected. It is believed, however, that the fight will speedily reach a point where no quarter will be given on either side and that saloon rates will soon tumble.

It is stated to-night that the Hamburg-American will make a $23 rate between the Continent and the United States on Feb. 1, and that an even heavier reduction is already in prospect. Herr Heineken to-day gave to the Budapest correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt the following statement:

"Both the Continental and the British lines consider the demands of the Hamburg-American Line unjustifiable and impracticable. Neither its past nor its present position makes its demand for a higher quota legitimate. The tonnage which, it claims, justifies its demand is only partially employed in the North Atlantic steerage traffic.

"It is, moreover, the Hamburg-American which has hitherto most bitterly contested the demands of other lines in similar cases. It has, furthermore, always been one of the principles of the pool to consider the quotas unalterable, and that to increase tonnage to-day in this line and to-morrow in that should not justify a demand for an increased quota. There would otherwise be a constant shifting of quotas and consequent insecurity, to prevent which was the very object of the pool.

"Finally, it is a fact that the Hamburg-American Line, in order to attain its quota, has had over a series of years to offer on the average lower rates than the other pool lines.

"Even since the Imperator entered into commission this condition has not changed. The Continental lines are therefore justified not only in refusing to recognize the Hamburg-American Line's pretensions, but are compelled to repudiate them."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—There were new developments in the Atlantic rate war to-day. The Cunard, White Star, Dominion, Allan, and Canadian Pacific Companies reduced the third-class rates for traffic between the Continent and Canada. The reduction amounts to $2.50 on westbound rates and $5 on eastbound rates.

"The only person who stands to benefit from the war," said a Director of one of the great British lines to-night, "is the third-class passenger, who may expect, if it lasts any length of time, to travel from the Continent to New York via Liverpool for $10, or even $7.50.

"As for the shipping companies, they will suffer heavy losses. It is a useless war, for when it is all over we shall only have arrived at the point we started from and fresh compacts will have to be drawn up. But the German companies forced us into it against our will. The British companies were bound to take action, and it is only natural that they are prepared to make any financial sacrifices rather than lose the great third-class traffic which they built up in the course of years."

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Representatives in Great Britain of the Hamburg-American Steamship Line declared to-day that the rate war opened between the German companies was to be a fight to a finish.

The Hamburg-American Company is preparing for war on all the traffic heretofore conceded to its rivals, and will immediately resume its passenger services to the East and the Far East, hitherto almost monopolized by the North German Lloyd. It will also invade the South American field.

It was officially announced to-day that the reduced steerage rates published by the British steamship lines between the United States and Continental ports will become effective on Feb. 1.

GIRL "RHODES SCHOLARS."

New Plan to Commemorate the Anglo-American Peace Centenary.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A movement to commemorate the Anglo-American peace centenary by establishing a series of scholarships for women tenable at Girton College, Oxford; Newnham College, Cambridge, or Bedford College, London, is being instituted by a section of the League of Empire.

The proposal is that scholarships be organized, similar to the Rhodes scholarships, open to women of the English-speaking nations between the ages of 21 and 26, each of an annual value of $1,250, and tenable for two years.

Mme. Thayer, Honorary Secretary of the Women's Scholarships Committee, in explaining the proposal to-day, said:

"The scholarships would be a living memorial to the hundred years of peace. The experiment has already been tried successfully, for in 1910 Miss Points, an American girl, was sent over here for two years by the General Federation of Women's Clubs to complete her education. The machinery which examines the Rhodes scholars was utilized in her selection, and we are informed that this machinery will be at our disposal if the scholarships we propose are founded.

"By coming to England and studying for two years at the colleges at Oxford, Cambridge, or London these girls from all parts of the empire and America would acquire a cachet—an A1 brand—and the scholarships would also strengthen the imperial scheme and our friendship with the United States."

WANT SERVANTS, NOT WIVES

Australasians So Eager That They Engage Them by Wireless.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—In his unflattering pamphlet concerning the suffragette agitation Sir Almroth Wright, the well-known physician, advanced the suggestion that the true remedy for the superfluity of women in England was the removal of the superfluous ones to the Dominions and their marriage there.

This view is examined at some length in the second interim report of the Dominions Royal Commission, issued to-night. It points out that there is a superfluity of 1,179,000 women in England and Wales and a deficiency of 226,000, as compared with males, in Australasia, but of the surplus women in this country, it appears that 610,000 are over 40 years old, and for the most part are found in two classes, "elderly ladies and women servants," of whom the former are hardly possible emigrants and the latter can now ill be spared.

The fact is that domestic servants are becoming scarce in the mother country because here, as in the Dominions, the tendency is for women to adopt industrial and commercial life and to abandon domestic service.

Moreover, in Australasia the same problem as that which exists in England has arisen. The proportion of unmarried women to married women between the ages of 25 and 50 is practically identical with the proportions in England and Wales, and the report adds that it would seem, statistically speaking, that the chances of marriage for women migrants are only slightly higher in Australasia than at home.

If there is not a great demand for wives in Australasia, there is "an imperious and practically unlimited demand for female domestics." In some cases before a ship carrying women immigrants sights land a large number of its passengers have been engaged by wireless telegraphy.

POPE SAW TANGO, ROME STORY SAYS

Remarked That if It Were Made a Penance It Would Be Considered Cruelty.

SHOWED A PRETTIER DANCE

All Rome Tripping the Venetian Furlana, Now Known as the "Dance of the Pope."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The Rome correspondent of the Temps sends to his paper a story which he says is going the rounds of the Roman salons of how the tango was danced the other day before the Pope, so that his Holiness might judge for himself whether it was immoral.

Two representatives of one of the old patrician families of Rome were admitted to private audience, according to the correspondent, and, humming softly well-known music, initiated his Holiness into the mysteries of the tango steps. As they danced the Pope's brow furrowed with a look of stupefaction. Finally he ejaculated:

"Is that the tango?"

"Yes, your Holiness," was the reply.

"Well, my dear children," commented Pius X., "you cannot find it very amusing."

There and then, says the correspondent, the Pope raised the interdict, for, as he pointed out with an ironical smile, if the tango were made a penance, it would be looked upon as sheer cruelty. The only condition he made was that the name "tango" should be changed.

At the same time the Pope asked the two young people why they did not dance the beautiful Venetian furlana. They confessed that they never had heard of it.

"What! do you not know the furlana?" asked his Holiness.

"It was obvious," continues the Temps dispatch, "that he was itching to demonstrate the steps to them, but, repressing his desire, he rang for a Venetian servant and ordered him to show the visitors how to dance the furlana. Before the callers left the Vatican they had learned the dance, and now are teaching it to all their friends."

The correspondent declares he has surprised well-known Deputies practicing the furlana in the lobbies of the Chamber and initiating a young Nationalist colleague into its graceful mysteries. It has already been christened "the Pope's dance."

ONE LONDON STRIKE ENDING

Coal Carriers Seem to Have Won Their Demand for Increased Pay.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A speedy termination of the coal strike, which has affected London since Jan. 21, when 10,000 coal carriers quit work, was foreshadowed in a resolution adopted by the men at a meeting this morning, when they decided to resume work in the coal yards where the employers had consented to grant the increase of 2 cents a ton for loading coal demanded by the men, bringing their wages up to 20 cents a ton.

As several of the largest London firms have agreed to this, it is generally thought that the others will be unable long to resist.

WANAMAKER GIFT DELAYED.

Artist Working on Picture for London Corporation Is Dead.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—It has become known that a painting on which the late John H. F. Bacon, A. R. A., was working at the time of his death a few days ago was commissioned by Sir Vezey Strong on behalf of John Wanamaker. The picture represents the coronation luncheon to the King and Queen in the Guildhall in the course of Sir Vezey's Lord Mayoralty.

Mr. Wanamaker was staying with Sir Vezey at the Mansion House at the time and attended the historic luncheon as the personal guest of the Lord Mayor. He was deeply impressed by the scene, and suggested that it would make a fine picture, such as he would be willing to present to the City of London, to be hung in the Guilhall Art Gallery.

The suggestion was submitted to the King, who heartily approved of it, offering to give sittings for a painting. Mr. Bacon, whom the King commissioned to paint the coronation scene in Westminster Abbey, was also intrusted with the execution of the Guildhall picture, which was to be exhibited at the Royal Academy next May.

Mr. Bacon last Christmas was ready to fill in the portraits, of which there are at laest 150, including the King and Queen, the Prince of Wales, Princess Mary, twenty-five other royalties, the Diplomatic Corps, and the members of the Government. Very shortly the King would have given sittings.

Mr. Bacon died suddenly last Saturday after an attack of acute bronchitis. It is hoped that arrangements will be made for the completion of the picture.

Title of "Prince" Forbidden.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Officers of the Chamber of Deputies to-day declined to permit the prefix "Prince" to be used in connection with the name of the son of Prince Victor Napoleon in a question addressed to the Government. A Deputy put in a written question to the Minister of the Interior in regard to Prince Napoleon Louis, who was born on Jan. 23 and was exiled from France under the act of 1886 forbidding the heads and heirs of former reigning families of France to enter the republic. The Speaker requested the Deputy to amend his question, which was done. No response has yet been given.

KAISER CELEBRATES HIS 55TH BIRTHDAY

Day Observed Throughout the Empire—Brilliant Ceremonies in Berlin.

DR. BODE MADE A NOBLE

Prof. Ehrlich Also Honored—Highest Distinction Given to Prince Guido Henckel von Donnersmarck.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The Kaiser's birthday honors include hereditary nobility conferred on Dr. Wilhelm Bode, Director General of the Prussian Royal Museums in Berlin, the celebrated art connoisseur. Dr. Bode's latest distinction is a reward for his work in obtaining Van der Goes's masterpiece from Spain.

Dr. Friedlaender, Director of the Kaiser Friedrich Museum, who assisted in the purchaser of the picture, and who is well known in New York, is decorated with the Crown Order.

Prof. Paul Ehrlich, the discoverer of "salvarsan," receives the Red Eagle of the second class.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—Emperor William celebrated his fifty-fifth birthday today, hale and vigorous in body and mind, and able still, as was shown by his recent woodchopping exploits, to undertake the physical work of a man in the prime of life.

All classes of the Emperor's subjects joined in observing the day, celebrations being held by the university and technical school students, by the academies of arts and sciences, by army and navy officers, by civic organizations, and by municipalities and veteran associations throughout the empire.

The day in Berlin was ushered in by the traditional sounding of a choral from the lantern of the castle dome by a corps of trumpeters at 7 A. M., and by the "Grand Reveille" by massed military bands, which marched from the castle to the Brandenburg Gate the whole length of the crowded Unter den Linden, and back.

After divine service in the Royal Chapel his Majesty held a birthday levée and received the congratulations of his Ministers, of the Ambassadors and Ministers accredited to the German Court, of the high military and naval authorities, and of Court society.

In the progress of the Diplomatic Corps through Inter den Linden to the Castle, always a great attraction for the spectacle-loving citizens of Berlin, the United States Ambassador James W. Gerard, in an automobile, and wearing civilian attire without gold braid or decorations, was a conspicuous figure among the foreign representatives, all in gorgeous uniforms covered with orders and riding in State carriages.

The levée was followed by a customary military event, the giving out of the password for the day, which was, as always, "Long Life to his Majesty." The Emperor, attended by his six sons and followed by a glittering suite, walked from the Castle to the guardhouse near the Arsenal, where all the officers in Berlin were assembled for the ceremony.

There was the customary display of street decorations, principally of bunting and evergreen festoons, and apparently every business house in the city had in its show windows a bust of the Emperer, surrounded with flowers.

There was a long list of birthday honors and decorations, promotions being awarded lavishly throughout the army and navy services, but the lion's share of the distinctions was conferred on men belonging to the business and artistic worlds. The highest distinction of all was given to Prince Guido Henckel von Donnersmarck, who receives the Black Eagle.

A newspaper publisher, August Scherl, proprietor of the Lokal Anzeiger and numerous other publications, is honored with the Second Class of the Red Eagle with the Star.

TO EXILE LABOR LEADERS.

South African Government Decides on Drastic Action.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 27.—The Government has decided to deport ten of the principal labor leaders, including President Watson and General Secretary Bain of the Trades Federation.

Under a strong escort the men were taken to-day from the Transvaal to Natal and late to-night were put on board a steamship, which will sail before dawn, stopping at no port until it reaches England.

This action was taken by virtue of martial law, which is still in force in Natal, from which Province the deportation can legally take place. Measures will be taken to prevent the men's return to South Africa.

Supreme Court Judge Wessels to-day refused to grant an order restraining the Government from deporting the labor leaders, on the ground that the facts presented were insufficient. He suggested that the application be renewed to-morrow, when the full court will be sitting.

New German Research Institutes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The Kaiser Wilhelm Society for the Promotion of Scientific Research intends to add two new important institutes to its already extensive plant—an institute of physiology and an institute for "the exploration of the brain." The plan is still in embryo, and will require a year to be worked out.

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You doubtless know of stores, for instance, where they show fifteen to twenty-five dollar suits for women just to be able to advertise low prices; but where both managers and saleswomen look down on people who buy them.

Here we make OUR SUPREME EFFORT in producing them, and thus secure the BEST VALUES IN NEW YORK CITY at these moderate prices, and the firm, the managers and the salespeople are PROUD TO SELL THEM, and give their most courteous and respectful service to women who seek MODERATELY-PRICED goods of whatever kind.

For GREENHUT'S Is *"The Store of Moderate Prices"*

We give THE BEST THAT IS IN US and this great organization for the securing of HIGHEST POSSIBLE VALUE in moderate-priced goods, and in the serving of people who want to buy goods at moderate prices.

That is ONE of the reasons for the great popularity of GREENHUT'S, and why "people feel at home here."

If You Are Not Already

A Charge Customer of The Big Store

we will make it easy for you to become one. Consult our Department of Accounts,

Balcony, Main Building.

All charge purchases made during the remainder of this month will be entered on bills rendered March 1.

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

GREENHUT BUILDING

Ring Out the Glad News

to the Millions of Homes in New York and Its Suburbs

The Greenhut February Furniture Sale Has Begun

Two great floors in the spacious GREENHUT Building are filled with artistic and dependable furniture, in kinds and varieties most wanted by ambitious housekeepers.

Nowhere do home-builders plan their furnishings more enthusiastically and with more artistic care than in New York and its vicinity.

And NOWHERE can attractive, well-made furniture be quite so economically bought as at GREENHUT'S during this February occasion.

The Vast Assemblage Is Ready as You Read—Every Piece and Suite Is Substantially Reduced—Savings Range Up to Almost ½

While the sale will continue for an entire month, there are many remarkable groups here now that will naturally be sold out in a few days—some may be gone today.

Remember that Greenhut furniture comes only from reliable makers—every piece is carefully selected, and GUARANTEED to give satisfaction.

Come to the SAFE Store, where PRICES ARE ALWAYS LOWEST.

$18 Golden Oak Extension Tables—6-ft. planked top; 42 inches in diameter; heavy pedestal and claw feet; top of beautifully figured oak; at.... $14.50

$15 Couch—covered in Spanish leatherette; golden quartered oak frame; neatly ornamented; well made and deeply tufted; at.... $11.50

$9.75 Solid Oak Chiffonier—golden oak finish; five large drawers; 32 inches long, 18 inches deep, with 12x18 plate mirror; at.... $7.50

$12.75 White Enameled Dressers—18x38-inch top; large drawers with all wood knobs; well constructed and finished; at.... $9.75

$8.50 Englander Wit-Edge Springs—woven wire sides, keeping mattress from sliding; at.... $6.70

$25 Genuine "Ostermoor" Felt Mattresses—round ends; 45 lbs. to the full size; covered in fancy cretonne ticking and made of white layer felt; at.... $15

$15 Two-Inch Continuous-Post Brass Bedsteads — five 1-inch filling rods; all regular sizes; bright or satin finish; at.... $11.50

$8.50 Bird's-eye Maple Desks—for women; 26 inches wide; large drawer; neatly arranged interior; at.... $6.50

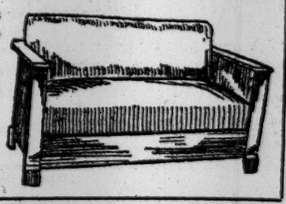
$9 Fumed Oak Desks—for women; 28 inches long; pretty design; quartered oak front, sides and top; neatly arranged interior; at.... $6.50

$4.75 Golden Quartered Oak Genuine Leather Slip Seat Dining Chairs—made of selected wood; Colonial design legs; very substantial; at.... $3.95

$8 Fumed Oak Rockers—high backed; roomy and comfortable; seat is covered with Spanish leather; fine for library or living room; at.... $6.75

This $27.50 "Duofold" Divan Sofa Bed, Today, for.... $21

The bed measures 53 inches between arms; it makes up into a ¾ bed when opened; it is 61 inches long and covered with Spanish leatherette; the frame may be had in mahogany or golden oak finish; an excellent link spring comes with it. Mattress to fit this bed.... $3.50



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Today Begins One of Our Greatest Semi-Annual Events—

Sale of Dress Goods Remnants

For ½ and ¼ of Their Worth

Think of buying a Dress Pattern worth $6 for $1.75, or a superb $24 Pattern for only $6!

Yet these are exactly the opportunities that will be here in this greatest Dress Goods Sale of the year, TODAY, and hundreds, of prices between, and smaller pieces for still bigger reductions.

Smart new suits and beautiful dresses can be made up at a small fraction of their worth by the clever and lucky women who choose from this wonderful collection, today, and while the sale lasts.

Lengths of materials in this sale run from 1 to 10 yards, in black and all the new shades.

Regular 50c to 85c Fabrics	Regular $1 to $2 Fabrics	Regular $2 to $3 Fabrics	Regular $3 to $6 Fabrics
a Yard 25c	a Yard 50c	a Yard 75c	a Yard $1

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Illustrated. $1.25 net. Postage 12c extra.

Monte Carlo

By Margaret De Vere Stacpoole

A delightful story of the welding together of a couple seemingly ill assorted by bringing-up and tradition. At Monte Carlo a group of an artist's friends, Bohemians of the baser sort, cause, together with some unfortunate occurrences, a serious domestic breach, until a gentleman-adventurer in the pay of the Austrian Secret Service shows himself to be a true gentleman and brings about a reconciliation.

$1.30 net. Postage 13c extra.

Betty Standish

By A. J. Anderson

A love story this, but there are obstacles, among them a rather good-for-nothing and troublesome rival, and also a curious streak in the hero's nature brought on by much living in Japan and long contemplation of Japanese ideals of honor. Graft Oriental ideas on an Englishman, and queer things are likely to happen. Queer things do happen; but in the end they are overcome and the story ends as one wants it to end.

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SCOTT'S COMRADE HONORED BY FRANCE

President Pins Legion of Honor Insignia on Evans's Breast.

5,000 HEAR HIS STORY

Great Crowd Battle for Admittance to the Sorbonne to Greet Antarctic Hero.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The French Geographical Society welcomed Commander Evans, Capt. Scott's aide, this evening at the Sorbonne.

President Poincaré was present. Extraordinary scenes were witnessed in the vast amphitheatre, where about 5,000 persons gathered to hear the story of the Scott expedition. At least 2,000 of the public, including many ticket holders, shut out of the building owing to lack of room, were totally unable to gain admittance, but men and women continued to struggle and fight with the police in attempts to get inside.

Commander Evans's recital touched everybody by its simplicity and pathos. Deafening applause marked the close of his lecture, which was delivered in French, on the famous and tragic antarctic expedition.

M. Monis, the Minister of Marine, eulogized the bravery and self-sacrifice displayed by the members of the Scott expedition and pointed out that Commander Evans, who played a not inconsiderable part in their glorious exploit, had very modestly left his own share in the work of the expedition almost unnoticed. In eloquent words the Minister spoke of the death of "the gallant Scott and no less gallant Oates," and said that as long as the world lasted and while men were touched by the heroic and the sublime their glory would never fade.

To honor Commander Evans, who was well worthy of the produest English traditions, the French Government, said M. Monis, had decided to confer upon him the Cross of the Legion of Honor. In doing this, he felt the Government was but echoing the wish of every French heart, however humble.

Commander Evans was then presented to the Minister, and at M. Monis's request President Poincaré, amid tumultuous applause, pinned the insignia of an Officer of the Legion of Honor upon Commander Evans's breast. At the same time the President said: "I am proud to shake hands with so brave a man."

RUBBER-PLATED WARSHIPS.

British Admiralty Said to be Experimenting with New Invention.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—An invention for rubber-plating battleships is being experimented with by the Admiralty, according to The Globe, which is usually well-informed on naval matters.

The process consists in sandwiching sheets of rubber between layers of toughened steel, and the inventors declare that a wall of rubber will have the same effect of cannonshell as sandbags have on riflebullets.

CASTRO IN TRINIDAD?

Caracas Said to be Much Exercised Over the Report.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, Jan. 20.—According to dispatches from Caracas a report is current there that Gen. Cipriano Castro, the ex-President of Venezuela, is in Trinidad.

There is said to be much concern at the Venezuelan capital over the news.

Portuguese Cabinet Resigns.

LISBON, Jan. 27.—The Cabinet, headed by Dr. Affonso Costa, resigned today, as a result of the Parliamentary deadlock and Ministerial crisis, which were brought about by the action of the Opposition majority in the Senate in systematically rejecting all the Government's proposals.

MOVE TO UNITE MINERS.

Mine Workers Appoint Committee to Confer with Western Federation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.—The proposition for the consolidation of the United Mine Workers of America and the Western Federation of Miners was given a working basis by the mine workers' convention here late to-day. The International Executive Board was empowered to appoint a committee to meet a similar committee from the Western Federation to discuss the amalgamation, and, if a plan should be agreed upon, to submit it to the miners for a referendum vote. The report of the committee, whether it reaches an agreement or not, must be submitted to the next biennial convention.

Two other important resolutions were adopted by the convention. One was a substitute offered by the Resolutions Committee refusing to indorse the Dillingham Immigration bill. It was set forth that a copy of the Dillingham bill had been received, and that it was too voluminous to be read or considered by the convention. The substitute requested the international officers to work in conjunction with the Legislative Committee for some bill which would stem the tide of immigration, so that the large army of unemployed already in the country could have work.

The second resolution recommended that the entire matter of establishing cooperative stores be referred to the various districts with instructions that a campaign of education be carried on, so that the miners might take definite steps at the next convention toward establishing a chain of co-operative stores.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, will arrive in Indianapolis Thursday morning, and will explain the action of the Executive Council of the Federation in connection with charges made in the convention yesterday by Charles H. Moyer, President of the Western Federation of Miners, that if the copper strike in Michigan was lost, it would be due entirely to the inactivity of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor.

BANKERS AID HOSPITALS.

Collections in the Financial District Total $18,455.

James Speyer, Chairman, and Albert H. Wiggin, Treasurer, of the Bankers and Brokers' Auxiliary of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, report the following subscriptions for this year's collection to date:

J. P. Morgan & Co.	$5,000	W. Salomon & Co.	100
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	2,500	Grant B. Schley..	$100
Speyer & Co.	2,500	B. Strong, Jr...	100
Lazard Freres	1,000	Strong, Sturgis & Co.	100
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William Salomon.	250	Henry de Coppet.	50
"F. S."	200	Jacques S. Halle.	50
Maitland, Coppell & Co.	200	F. W. Lafrentz..	50
Wm. H. Moore..	200	Seward Prosser..	50
Daniel G. Reid..	200	W. J. Wilson....	50
Muller, Schall & Co.	150	Brown Bros. & Co.	40
Anonymous	100	E. W. Coggeshall	25
George F. Baker.	100	S. S. Conover....	25
G. F. Baker, Jr..	100	H. H. Dean....	25
Otto T. Bannard.	100	C. Head & Co..	25
S. N. Bond.....	100	Herrick, Berg & Co.	25
S. Borg & Co....	100	J. B. Martindale.	25
E. M. Bulkley...	100	S. H. Miller....	25
H. K. Evans....	100	W. A. Nash.....	25
E. H. Ferry.....	100	Ruel W. Poor...	25
Allen B. Forbes.	100	Sutro Bros & Co.	25
Walter E. Frew.	100	R. R. Moore....	15
J. H. Harding...	100	R. C. Beal & Co.	10
A. J. Hemphill..	100	W. H. Drayton,3d	10
Francis L. Hine.	100	Frank J. Heaney.	10
Hornblower & Weeks	100	Herrick & Bennett	10
G. W. McGarrah.	100	L. S. Kaufman..	10
Bradley Martin..	100	John W. Platten.	10
Merch. Nat. Bank	100	James M. Pratt..	10
Edwin G. Merrill.	100	C. H. Sabin.....	10
J. Munroe & Co.	100	C. A. Sackett....	10
W. H. Perkins..	100	L. B. Franklin..	5
W. A. Read & Co.	100	A. B. Holden....	5
		Total.....	$18,455

The financial district furnishes generous contributions to this fund each year.

MRS. OLIVER ASKS DIVORCE.

Wife of the Architect Calls Him Unfaithful After Years of Devotion.

Mrs. Marshall Francis Oliver, wife of the architect, began suit for divorce yesterday in the Supreme Court, alleging that her husband was guilty of misconduct with women at an east side hotel. Oliver put in no defense.

In the Summer of 1912, Mrs. Oliver states, her husband, after many years of devotion to her and their two children, began to absent himself from their home at 40 Gramercy Park. Soon came accusations and a separation. One of the children was taken to the home of Mr. Oliver's mother, while the other remained with his mother.

Justice Blanchard reserved decision, but intimated that he would award Mrs. Oliver custody of the children.

FORD WORKERS HERE RECEIVE FIRST BONUS

Office Boys Find $12 in Weekly Envelopes and Clerks Get $30 in Theirs.

MECHANICS AVOID SALOONS

Advised to Do So and Not to Talk of Their Increase by Superintendent.

The first profit-sharing bonus to the employes of the Ford Motor Company in Long Island City was paid yesterday, and even the office boys rejoiced to find that their weekly pay envelopes contained $12. Stenographers, bookkeepers, and other members of the clerical force, it was reported, had received $5 a day.

How the profit-sharing plan had affected the wages of the machinists was not explained yesterday afternoon by the Superintendent of the Long Island plant. It was noticed, however, that all of the workmen carefully avoided the saloons adjoining the factory. This attitude on the part of the men was explained by a representative of the company, who said:

"Any employe who drinks, gambles, or dissipates will be immediately dropped from the payroll. It is our intention to benefit the home life of our workmen, to give them an inspiration and ambition to better their condition in life. We believe that there are plenty of mechanics who will appreciate an opportunity of this kind, and those who cannot appreciate the opportunity are not wanted in the employ of this company."

A machinist who was approached by a TIMES reporter said: "We all got our bonus, but we were told to keep our mouths shut."

An official of the local branch of the company said that any statement must come from the Detroit offices of the company.

Engines Killed Father and Sons.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 27.—Charles Louth, 82 years old, followed his two sons to death under the wheels of a switch engine when he was struck and killed in the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific yards in Kansas City, Kan., today. The sons, Edward and Charles, Jr., both switchmen, were killed in switching accidents within the last two years. Otto, a third son, is a cripple as the result of being struck by a switch engine a year ago.

SHIELDS ACCUSED FLAGMAN.

Suspending Sentence, Court Blames System for North Haven Wreck.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 27.—Charles H. Murray, flagman of the Bar Harbor express, wrecked by the White Mountain express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad at North Haven on Sept. 2 last, who had pleaded guilty of manslaughter, was sentenced to one year in the county jail, the sentence to be suspended and Murray to be in care of the probation officer, by Judge Shumway of the Superior Court this afternoon.

In the wreck twenty-one lives were lost. Murray was sent back to flag the White Mountain express, but had gone only a short distance when the train passed him. The State's contention was that Murray did not go back far enough.

In pronouncing sentence the court said that Murray's negligence was very remote, and that the real cause was the system under which the flagman worked. Judge Shumway said he had read the finding of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in which different contributory causes for the wreck were assigned, and Murray's was the least of these. The flagman had four minutes in which to go back two thousand feet, and even if he had covered that distance, the wreck, under the conditions, could not have been averted, in the opinion of the court.

The trials of Bruce C. Adams, conductor of the Bar Harbor express, and Engineer Miller of the White Mountain express are yet to be held.

STEALS $10,000, FORGIVEN.

Employe, Reinstated, Commits Suicide After Benefactor's Death.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—The story of an employer's faith in an employe who robbed him of $10,000 was brought to light here to-day at an inquest held over the body of W. E. Curry of Cleveland, who died suddenly last night of self-administered poison.

In 1903 Curry was employed by the Vincent-Barstow Company of Cleveland. He stole $10,000 of the company's funds, was arrested at Pueblo, Col., and brought back. Despite this act and assertions by the police that it was not his first offense against the law, S. K. Barstow forgave him. He made himself surety to the police that Curry would offend no more. Curry's position was restored and in the succeeding years he justified his employer's faith.

Recently Mr. Barstow died and Curry literally "went all to pieces." He drank heavily and soon ran through the money he had saved. Finally he came to Chicago, where he registered in a hotel as "W. B. Jackson." When the hotel clerk went to his room last night to demand that he pay his bill he found "Jackson" dead. Letters among his effects disclosed his identity. It is said that after his benefactor died Curry feared that the old charges would be raked up against him. This worry, coupled with his grief at Mr. Barstow's passing, is presumed to have unbalanced his mind.

SAYS SPEER WRECKED ROAD.

Georgia Central Official Testifies Against Judge—Another Outburst.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 27.—Charges that Federal Judge Emory Speer "wrecked" the Central of Georgia Railroad in 1892 were made to-day before the Congressional Committee investigating charges of official misconduct against the jurist by A. R. Lawton, Vice President of the railroad.

Mr. Lawton testified that the corporation was paying dividends when on March 4, 1892, Judge Speer issued a "midnight order" naming receivers for the company. This, he said, destroyed the credit of the company and resulted in a competing company becoming the owner.

Judge Speer interrupted the proceedings again to-day during the testimony of H. W. Meldrim, a local attorney, who told how once he "was grievously insulted by the cowardly remarks of Judge Speer." Judge Speer sprang from his chair and cried: "The insolence of this witness should be checked. It is inconceivably wrong that you will permit a witness to speak of my conduct as cowardly."

Chairman Webb announced that more temperate language must be used or he would order the offenders ejected.

LION KILLS CINEMA MAN.

Member of American Expedition Dies in East Africa.

NAIROBI, British East Africa, Jan. 27.—Mauling by a lion caused the death here to-day of Fritz Schindler, a member of an American moving-picture expedition engaged in taking pictures of wild animals in their natural surroundings.

Schindler, with others belonging to the expedition, was attempting to photograph a lion in the jungle on Saturday, when the animal sprang on him and lacerated him so badly that he never rallied.

WOULD EXPEL YALE 'DREGS.'

College Paper Feels No Mercy for Students Who Fail to Pass.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 27.—A strong plea for higher scholarship requirements is made and drastic action in the case of the man who fails to maintain a passing mark in his studies is made by The Yale News to-day. It advocates the expulsion from college of a student who has failed in his studies, instead of dropping him to the class below, as is the custom now.

Referring to the intellectually laggard as "the dregs," the News declares: "In the treatment of the deficient, Yale University shows too much mercy. The passing mark is within the reach of everybody not publicly confined. It is ridiculously low. Yet, for not achieving it, either through indifference or superhuman dullness, almost nobody is ever expelled. The dregs merely gravitate. The expulsion of the dregs might have a beneficent effect upon those nearing that level."

Winter Clearance Sale 20% Discount

The Boots and the character of their making are distinctively our own. Those who know us respond promptly to our sale announcements.

Button and Lace Boots for Men and Women

FRANK BROTHERS
Fifth Avenue Boot Shop,
Fifth Avenue,
Between 26th and 27th Sts.

MARK CROSS ESTABLISHED LONDON
Actual Makers, 89 Regent St.

Thankless Children

While it is true that all CROSS articles are the children of our own brain, there are some of these children with whom we are not on speaking terms, referring specifically to some sixty bags of Levant leather, formerly sold at $16.50,

Now Reduced to $8.50

These sixty are of fresh, new leather; all colors; silk lined; capacious opening; change purse; card case attached to side; nothing the matter with them except they're humiliatingly numerous,

Mark Cross
NEW YORK.
210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street
World's Greatest Leather Stores

GIMBELS

The February Sale Furniture Is Ready NOW for You to See

It is all in its appointed place on our floors ready for the Sale, but at its regular prices today. The February Sale tickets, showing the average savings of 25 per cent., will be attached tonight; so that tomorrow, the first of the three

"Days of Acquaintance"

you can get a clear idea of just what your economies will be on the Furniture that you may choose today.

Not necessary to say much about the QUALITY or DESIRABILITY of the Sale offerings—for this GIMBEL Furniture Business would never have grown to its present greatness, except through merit and fair prices.

And it is our own fine stock, increased by equally good special lots to well over half a million dollars' worth, which forms the basis of this Sale.

The Furniture Is So Good

that you will *not* be apt to take advantage of the "money back" privilege, although it is here for you to avail yourself of freely.

So many visitors came to see the Furniture yesterday, and to say "save this piece for me," that we recommend that you come today if convenient.

Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Floor

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE 46th & 47th STS.

Final Clean-up of Gowns

For dansant and evening wear—of velvet, trimmed with chiffon and beautiful hand-embroidery—that were $65, $95 to $225; at—

$28 $45 $65 $95

Final Clean-up of Coats

Including many suitable for Spring as well as present wear—

Beautiful Fur-trimmed Coats

that were $75 to $195— *at $45, $65 to $95*

Final Clean-up of Suits, $25

Beautiful Fur-trimmed effects that were $75 to $125.

Suits that were $125 to $195— *at $65*

Final Clean-up of Wraps

That were $150 to $225— *at $75*

Including most luxurious fur-trimmed styles.

Final Clean-up of Furs

Beautifully Matched Fur Sets—originally $195 to $1,700— *at $85 to $750*

Fur Coats of fine prime skins—originally $135 to $895— *at $75 to $450*

Charge Purchases will be billed March 1st.

Every Man Should Consider THIS FACT—

Not in many years, if ever, has such a complete and splendidly-made stock of MEN'S CLOTHING been placed under the hammer as is now offered in this

RECEIVER'S SALE

that is in progress at all the four stores of

Smith Gray & Co.

Selections should be made AT ONCE, while stocks are full and complete; for reductions are great, and the selling is rapid, for these vast stocks MUST BE SOLD OUT AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.

By Order of
OSCAR A. LEWIS, RECEIVER
For the alleged Bankrupt,

Smith Gray & Co.
NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST
5TH AVENUE ABOVE 27TH ST.
4 STORES
BROOKLYN
FULTON ST AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

No Drawbacks to Mar This Unusual Sale of INNOVATION Wardrobe Trunks

The Trunks are the genuine INNOVATION Wardrobe Trunks, absolutely perfect, and just from the factory, for Spring, 1914, selling.

Three favorite grades, retailing usually at $25, $45 and $65 each—in the three standard styles—full size (with 10 hangers); demi-size (with 6 hangers); and *petite* size (with 5 hangers); each style adapted for packing either men's or women's clothing.

There are *plenty* of the Trunks, not merely a few as bait, because we made an extraordinary purchase of 1100 of them from the Innovation Ingenuities, Incorporated.

Thus intending travelers can now buy these most luxurious Trunks in the world at the lowest prices we have ever offered, for new and perfect, genuine INNOVATION Wardrobe Trunks, in *full assortment of styles.*

While our quantity lasts we are selling

The $25 INNOVATION Trunks at $17
The $45 INNOVATION Trunks at $28.50
The $65 INNOVATION Trunks at $42.50

Please note that GIMBELS is the *only* Store in the Borough of Manhattan, except the Innovation shop itself, where a complete range of INNOVATION Trunks can be obtained, because we are authorized distributors. Fifth Floor

Victrola Records for February

The complete list is now on sale in the GIMBEL Talking Machine Store. Among them are

New Dances, including "Isle d'Amour" (hesitation waltz); "Honeymoon Express," and "Get Out and Get Under" (one-steps).

Popular songs, including "I'm Afraid I'm Beginning to Love You," and "Sit Down, You're Rocking the Boat."

Musical Comedy Selections, including "The Little Cafe" and "Madcap Duchess." Also "Un Peu d'Amour."

Red Seal Records, including solos by Melba, Caruso, Kubelik, Gadski, Schumann-Heink and Maud Powell.

We shall be glad to play any of these and other records for you. Eighth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

California

Where Summer Makes Her "Winter" Home

Less than three days Chicago to Southern California on the

Los Angeles Limited

Lv. Chicago daily 10:02 p.m.
Ar. Los Angeles 4:20 p.m. 3d day

Equipped with the latest type of Pullman standard sleeping car (with drawing-room and compartments — ensuite if desired), Pullman drawing-room and compartment cars, composite library-buffet observation car, modern tourist sleeping car with smoking compartment and dining car with perfect cuisine and service.

This luxurious daily train runs exclusively via

Chicago and North Western
Union Pacific
Salt Lake Route

For tickets, reservations and full particulars apply to

C. C. Walton, G. A.
183 Broadway
New York
Phone Cortlandt 5300

J. B. DeFriest, G. P. A.
287 Broadway
New York
Phone Worth 4094

E. de Brabant, G. A.
238 Broadway
New York

L43302

ORGANIZED IN 1887

WE will lend you money on your real estate and you may pay the interest in monthly installments instead of in a lump sum semi-annually. Also we will pay you 4% interest on all such monthly installments.

Let us explain this easy method of paying interest on real estate mortgages.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn

BRANCH OFFICES

1425 St. Nicholas Ave., N.Y.
883 East 149th St., Bronx.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn.
367 Fulton St., Jamaica.
120 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

You Can Burn Soft Coal Without Smoke

in a Kewanee Smokeless Firebox Boiler because it burns all the gases in the coal before they can be condensed into smoke.

A Kewanee Smokeless saves you money in two ways. It permits you to use less expensive coal—and it gets a bigger percentage of the heat from the coal you do burn.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

PLAYER PIANOS

Don't lose your Piano in exchanging for a Player Piano, when you can have it turned into a Player Piano for a moderate charge.

Christman Player Actions can easily be installed in any Piano, and are a great success. Send for Circular.

USUAL BARGAINS

in used Baby Grand and Upright Pianos in Steinway, Knabe, Sohmer and many others.

$100 UPWARDS

Christman Sons,
35 West 14th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Aves.

EDISON'S

LATEST INVENTION
Diamond Disc Talking Machine
Victor and Columbia Talking Machines.
CONVENIENT PAYMENTS
$35 & $45 Talking Machines and 12 Songs. $17.50 $21.50
Double Face Records, 25c-50c.
Edison Records, 21c up to $2

Guarantee Phono Co.
Largest Dealers in Brooklyn
257 Washington St., B'klyn, N.Y.
2 blocks from Borough Hall.
Open Evenings and Sundays.

BOMB MEN GIVE BIOGRAPHY OF CRIME

Two Gangsters Tell of Their Careers from School Truants to Black Hand Agents.

THEY HELD LIFE CHEAP

Lehman Says In Sylvestro Trial He Cared No More for His Victims Than for "Insects."

Two biographies of crime, in which young men of 24 traced their careers from truant schoolboys to professional bomb throwers, were unfolded before Judge Rosalsky and a jury in General Sessions yesterday at the trial of Angelino Sylvestro, on trial as a member of a Black Hand bomb gang. The young men who testified were Alfred Lehman and Rocco Pucielli.

Lehman, in a confession which he made to the District Attorney, said that he and two companions, in robbing a laundry in Stanton Street, had beaten a Chinaman to death with a lead pipe. He and his associates got $2 each, he said, in that crime. On cross-examination Lehman said that when he put a bomb in a crowded tenement he had no more regard for the human inmates than he had for "insects." Pucielli admitted that he had no regard for human life, but he protested that no bomb set by him had killed any one.

Both witnesses were well dressed and their appearance did not indicate the depravity to which they confessed. Pucielli said that when he was graduated from St. Patrick's School in Mott Street his father and uncle wanted him to go to high school. He deceived them and played truant, he asserted. Soon he became a thief, proficient in stealing horses and wagons. Then he took up bomb throwing. He said he had set off thirty bombs in the past year.

Lehman said that he was brought up in Woodhaven and went to Public School 59. He stayed away from school before he was fourteen and associated with street gangs. He came home frequently after midnight and, all efforts to bring him under discipline failing, he was sent to the House of Refuge when 14 years old, where he stayed twenty-two months. On his release, he said, he made his living by stealing. Two years ago he was convicted of petty larceny and was sent to the Hart's Island Reformatory. He later served six months in the penitentiary at Schenectady, where he pleaded guilty to white slavery.

On his return to New York, he said he took up his quarters in the rooms occupied by Pucielli in Fourteenth Street, between First and Second Avenues. He said he had known Sylvestro, the defendant, for six or seven months, having met him in a saloon frequented by thieves at Elizabeth and Houston Streets. Sylvestro was then a milk wagon driver and was adept as a horse and wagon thief. He said that his gang stole many horses and wagons. One of these was owned by the Charity Organization Society. They disposed of their wagons in Paterson, Hackensack, and Brooklyn.

Lehman said he had turned State's evidence against Sylvestro and other members of the gang because they had failed to get him a lawyer when he was locked up in the Paterson jail for throwing a bomb in a New Jersey silk factory.

He expressed contempt for Angelo, as he called Sylvestro, for cowardice. He said that when they came to place the bomb at 170 East Houston Street Sylvestro trembled so he could not light the fuse with his cigar. He had to take the bomb away from him and light it. This bomb failed to explode. Lehman said the Italian gangsters were too nervous to light the bombs themselves and employed him, a German-American, and Burk, a Polack, as their bomb lighters. Sylvestro, he said, would come to their rooms early in the morning and wake them up to tell them where a horse and wagon might be stolen. Once Sylvestro stole a wagon, he asserted, but became frightened and left it in Cherry Street, where other members of the gang got it and took it to Brooklyn, selling it for $115. On another occasion, he said, Sylvestro stole a horse and wagon and deserted it when the driver pursued him.

Lehman admitted that he set fire to two buildings in Brooklyn to enable the owners to collect insurance.

Judge Rosalsky showed great interest in the young man's cool recital of his crimes and asked him why he had committed them. Lehman shrugged his shoulders and said:

"It was easy money. I got more that way than I could at honest labor."

Another question from the Judge brought out that Lehman had saved no money. Most of the proceeds of his crimes, he said, had been gambled away in stuss resorts on the east side.

Giuseppe Ferrara was mentioned by Lehman as the leader of the gang to which he belonged. Some of the members, including Fay, are fugitives from justice. They had several members of the gang write letters whenever they ran across any man with money whom they thought might be scared. These letters were stamped with a skull and cross bones. If the letters were ignored, there was a preliminary explosion, after which the victim usually paid. Lehman said that frequently he did not know the names of the victims, but went out with other members of the gang, who set the bomb, and then pointed out its location to him. He would then stroll by, he said, and light the fuse with a cigar or cigarette. If it failed to explode in a few minutes, he would return and reignite it.

Pucielli confirmed all that Lehman said of the operations of the gang. He denied that he was testifying to get immunity for himself, and said that he had decided to tell the truth when he was convinced the police had obtained evidence enough against him to convict him. He said he had never lied under oath, and made his disclosures without showing any feeling, "because they were true."

TRACES MAIL THEFTS TO SON

Assistant Postmaster at Richmond Hill Aided Inspectors, Unsuspecting.

An investigation made quietly by Post Office Inspectors Brown and Parsons into the frequent disappearance of mail matter in the last six months from the Post Office at Richmond Hill, Queens, led to the arrest yesterday of Albert Seth Pettit, son of Assistant Postmaster J. Seth Pettit of that place. The prisoner, who is a clerk in the Richmond Hill Post Office, was taken to Brooklyn and arraigned before United States Commissioner Cochran. He was held in $1,500 bail for a later hearing.

The Assistant Postmaster, unaware that his son might be involved, aided the Post Office Inspectors in their search to find the culprit. He went over the books to determine how much mail was missing. While the investigation was on the thefts suddenly stopped for a while, as young Pettit learned of the presence of the Inspectors. A few weeks ago the search was apparently dropped, as the Inspectors wished to move cautiously.

When the arrest was made yesterday, two letters, one of them a decoy, were found on Pettit. The decoy letter was mailed at the Grand Central Station on Sunday night by Inspector Brown, and the mailing was timed so that it would reach the Richmond Hill Post Office when Pettit was on duty. The letter was addressed to Tony Polignone, Woodhaven Avenue, Richmond Hill. The Inspectors waited at the Post Office, and when the letter was not delivered to the carrier they arrested Pettit.

Besides the decoy letter another one addressed to an insurance company, containing $8.25, was found on the prisoner. When he was arraigned before Commissioner Cochran the specific charge against him was the theft of the money from the insurance company's letter. Pettit is 24 years old, married, and lives in Richmond Hill.

MRS. MOOREHOUSE GETS LOST JEWELS

Woman Who Tried to Conceal Identity Is Wife of Pittsburgh Man.

WAS GERTRUDE F. FOIN

Trained Nurse When She Was Married Last August—$8,000 Gems Found in Tokio Restaurant.

A signature on the claims book of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station identified last night the woman who lost $8,000 worth of jewelry at the Tokio Restaurant, on West Forty-fifth Street, just east of the Lyceum Theatre. The signature, "Gertrude F. Moorehouse," was that of the wife of W. H. Moorehouse, a wealthy scion of a Pittsburgh family, who married Gertrude Foin, a trained nurse of Hanover, Penn., last August. Up to last night, neither Inspector Dwyer, who directed the hunt for the missing jewelry, nor Charles S. Kline, manager of the restaurant, had known the woman's identity.

The finding of the jewels was due to a lucky accident. Mr. Kline said the loss was reported to him early last Thursday morning. Mrs. Moorehouse had been one of a party of eight which had visited his restaurant a week ago Wednesday and had remained almost until closing time, ordering then a taxicab for Thomas Healy's restaurant at Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street. She returned three-quarters of an hour later and told him that she had lost $10,000 worth of jewelry in his place. At that time she was accompanied only by a woman, and he said he was obliged to refuse her admission.

She repulsed his suggestion that she notify the police at once, and he then suggested that she notify a private detective agency. She adopted this suggestion by retaining the Burns Agency. It was not until four days later that she notified Lieut. Bonnoil, in charge of the Upper Tenderloin detectives at Sixty-eighth Street.

The jewelry was found by Gustav Weild, steward of the restaurant, when sorting over the linen, preparing it for the laundry. It was in a silk bag, closed with a safety pin, and inclosing a chamois bag. Both bags, Mr. Kline said, were of rough construction, as if fashioned by an inexperienced seamstress, and showed signs of having been attached to an undergarment.

Mr. Kline hurried the bag up to Inspector Dwyer and got a receipt. It contained just what Mrs. Moorehouse had enumerated as its contents. There were two pearl necklaces for which she said she had just paid $5,500, a ring set with a diamond, another ring set with a diamond and a sapphire and a pin set with a diamond and pearl. Shortly after they had been turned in Mrs. Moorehouse, who had refused to disclose her identity to the police, came in, described the articles and received them from Inspector Dwyer. She signed the receipt book in a trembling hand and Manager Kline overheard her say:

"Now, we'll go back to Pittsburgh as quick as we can."

The woman and man with her hustled into the street, shielded their faces from flashlight photographers and leaped into a waiting taxicab. No trace of them could be found last night. John Foin, brother of Mrs. Moorehouse and a guest of the Hotel Martinique, could not be found last night, and two other hotels where it was reported Mrs. Moorehouse had been registered said they had not had any guest under that name.

Mr. Kline said last night that Mrs. Moorehouse had communicated with him to ask about the payment of a reward, and he said that he had told her that none of the staff of the Tokio would consider the acceptance of a reward for returning her jewelry.

TRACING BANKRUPTCY PLOTS

Same Brains Found Behind Many Cases, District Attorney Says.

Nothing more was heard yesterday by the United States District Attorney from Jacob Stein, the elderly fur dealer, who was making admission as to his bankruptcy to Assistant District Attorneys Sarfaty and Boyle on Monday afternoon when an order from Judge Mayer to produce the man in the District Court cut short the examination. It is believed that in the next day or two the Grand Jury will find indictments against ten or a dozen of those implicated in the alleged frauds.

At the present time, it was said yesterday, the Government is investigating about twenty-five bankruptcies which are questionable. District Attorney Marshall said yesterday that he thought that there was no so-called bankruptcy ring, but that he thought in several cases which have been examined the marks might be found of the same brains having worked out the methods by which the creditors had been defrauded.

Mr. Marshall did not have any fault to find with the mercantile agencies for giving the high ratings which were at the beginning of these frauds, as he did not think, he said, that they possessed the means of investigating thoroughly the ratings which they assigned.

"We are careful," said the District Attorney, "not to permit ourselves to be used as a mere collecting agency. If a big creditor comes to us, we insist that he shall stay with us through the entire case, and he must be willing to take his chances of getting his money with all the other creditors."

Mr. Marshall was confident yesterday that a fight of a few months would greatly improve the situation. The names of those lawyers who have represented those involved in doubtful cases have been noted, and through the Secret Service Agents a good deal of quiet investigating work is in progress.

"The practices we are fighting," said the District Attorney, "are the outgrowth of the Bankruptcy act of 1898. After it had been in operation for a short time sharp lawyers and crooked business men began to realize how money could be made out of it. When the first cases were brought against fraudulent bankrupts, the juries were hard to convince. By and by, however, the effect of these frauds began to spread through the community."

STOLEN GOODS RETURNED.

Two of Maurer's Three Robbers Held in $10,000 Bail.

Jacob Maurer, a carpet dealer of 2,988 Third Avenue, appeared yesterday morning in the Morrisania Court as complainant against David Sanders, 19, of 192 Forsyth Street, and Herman Jackerson, 22, of 217 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn. Maurer said the defendants and a third man had entered his store on Jan. 19, cut the telephone wires, and robbed him of a $250 stickpin, a $300 ring, a $50 watch, and $130 in cash. Magistrate Ten Eyck held the prisoners in $10,000 bail.

A stranger went into Maurer's store yesterday afternoon and handed Maurer a package and hurried away. It contained his $50 watch and his $250 stickpin. The pin was bent but the jewels were all there. He notified the Morrisania police. Detectives took the jewelry and a description of the man who delivered it. Maurer is now holding his door open waiting for a fourth man to come along with his $300 ring and the $130 in cash.

To Build Fulton St. Elevated.

The Public Service Commission authorized the B. R. T. yesterday to award the contract for the construction of the Liberty Avenue extension of the Fulton Street elevated railway to the Phoenix Bridge Company. The company bid $707,661, and the next three bids were the Terry & Tench Company, $710,962; the Cooper & Evans Company, $753,344, and the Snare & Triest Company, $734,155.

NO COAL MONOPOLY, LACKAWANNA'S PLEA

Denies the Government Charge That It Violates the Commodities Clause.

ACCUSED OF SUBTERFUGE

Government's Counsel Asserts That the Coal Company Formed by Road Is a Sham.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—Whether the commodities clause of the Hepburn Railroad act is effective in preventing a common carrier from transporting in interstate commerce any article or commodity in which the carrier has an interest, and, if so, whether the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company complied with the decision of the Federal Supreme Court, which declared the clause constitutional, are the main points to be decided in the Government-Lackawanna suit argued in the United States Court here to-day.

The action was filed against the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company. The Government asked that the railroad be enjoined from transporting in interstate commerce any coal produced or purchased by it, and transferred by it before transportation to the coal company, and also asked that existing agreements with regard to the purchase price of the coal be canceled on the ground that the coal company is not a bona fide corporation, but is "a mere cloak" for the railroad company, and that the whole arrangement between the two is a violation both of the commodities clause and the anti-trust laws.

Frederic R. Coudert, special assistant to the Attorney General, argued that the organization of the coal company was a "sham," a lawyer's device, and a subterfuge to get around the law. If this arrangement between the railroad and the coal company was permitted to stand then the commodities clause was ineffective and only a monument to the impotency of Congress to enact remedial legislation for the benefit of the people.

John G. Johnson, speaking for the defendants, pointed out that the coal was mined by charter right by the railroad company and sold at the mine to the coal corporation. This coal then was shipped by the railroad to market. The question was, Mr. Johnson said, did the coal belong to the railroad or to the coal company while in transit. He contended that it belonged to the coal company and that the coal company was an entirely separate organization.

The Government, having referred to interlocking directorates in the two companies, Mr. Johnson said he saw no heinous crime in a man being a Director in more than one corporation even if it did appear to some people that interlocking directorates were a "badge of shame."

Mauretania's Sailing Postponed.

The agent of the Cunard Line announced last night that a cablegram had been received stating that the Mauretania would not leave Liverpool on Jan. 31 as scheduled, because of the explosion on Monday in which four men were killed. The Lusitania will take her place, sailing on that date from Liverpool. The Mauretania will begin her next trip from Liverpool on Feb. 14.

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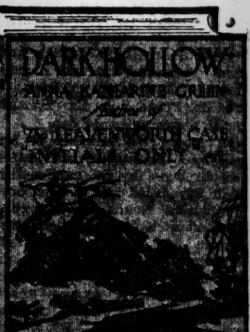

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Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S

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4

TRY TO OUST JAYCOX IN CASSIDY TRIAL

Counsel for Ex-Queens Boss Serve Justice Who Tried Willett with a Subpoena.

HE WON'T ACCEPT IT

Forces Cassidy and Walter to the Bar and Impanels a Jury to Hear the Case.

Joseph Cassidy, the ex-Democratic boss of Queens, and Louis T. Walter, Jr., at one time one of Cassidy's trusted lieutenants, were put on trial yesterday before Justice Jaycox, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, on the charge of having accepted money to promote the nomination of ex-Congressman William Willett as a Justice of the Supreme Court in 1911. Willett was convicted on Saturday, before Justice Jaycox, of having paid for this nomination.

The feature of the hearing yesterday was the attempt on the part of counsel for Cassidy and Walter to supplant Justice Jaycox, who presided in the case. In order to make Justice Jaycox ineligible, counsel for the defense served the Justice with a subpoena calling upon him to testify in the case. Justice Jaycox, showing plainly his annoyance at the course adopted by the lawyers, demanded that they should accompany the subpoena with an affidavit.

Robert T. Elder, ex-Assistant District Attorney of Kings County, appeared for Cassidy, and Robert M. Moore represented Walter. In response to Justice Jaycox's demand, Mr. Moore submitted this affidavit:

Robert M. Moore, being duly sworn, says: "I am one of counsel for the defense herein. I have discussed the facts and circumstances of this case with the defendants and with my associate counsel, and I know the facts of the defense and what the defendants desire, and expect to prove. That I have caused the Hon. Walter H. Jaycox to be subpoenaed as a witness for the defense, and it is bona-fide my intention to call him as a witness for the defense. He will be called as such witness. "It is my opinion that he will be and is a material and important witness."

Justice Jaycox declined to accept the subpoena and ordered the case to proceed.

Each talesman was examined at length by District Attorney Cropsey and either Mr. Elder or Mr. Moore for the defense. Mr. Cropsey asked each talesman if he knew either of the defendants or their lawyers or if he was interested politically in the fortunes of either man. Here is a list of the jurors:

STEPHEN D. POWELL, wholesale shoe dealer of 614 Macdougal Street, foreman.
JOHN GLEDHILL, provision dealer of 57 Linden Street.
FRANK L. KENNY, salesman of 724 Eighth Avenue.
ROBERT W. COX, broker, of 206 Macon Street.
WALTER H. YOUNG, insurance, of 106 Macon Street.
EDGAR W. PHILLIPS, manufacturer, of 1,275 Eighth-sixth Street.
F. LAZARUS, tobacco dealer, of 266 Clermont Avenue.
JOSEPH C. TULLY, manufacturer, of 443 Monroe Street.
ISAAC R. JAMES, stockbroker, 1,323 Dorchester Road.
MOTHUN SCHELLENBURG, clothing, 224 Carlton Avenue.
HENRY KLAPPENBERG, retired hotel keeper, 25 Hawthorne Street.

Before the trial of Cassidy and Walter began Gilbert B. Lamb of New York, of counsel for Willett, made a motion to set aside the verdict of guilty against his client. Willett is now in the Raymond Street Jail and will be sentenced on Friday.

The courtroom was packed both at the morning and afternoon sessions yesterday. Many of those present were political friends of Cassidy and Walter. Cassidy greeted many of them cordially before the morning session and his manner indicated that he was hopeful of the outcome of his case.

District Attorney Cropsey was asked if Willett was considering turning State's evidence against Cassidy. Mr. Cropsey said Willett had not sent for him nor sent him any message.

After the court adjourned Mr. Elder was asked what his procedure would be in the matter of the subpoena served on Justice Jaycox. He said he was not worrying about that aspect of the case. Justice Jaycox, when asked about what he would do in the event he was called as a witness, replied that he would cross that bridge when he came to it.

COLONY CLUB'S NEXT MOVE.

Can Purchase Chapin Home Site for $400,000—Plans for Clubhouse.

The controversy in the Colony Club, one of the largest women's clubs in the country, over the site of the club's proposed new home, will be settled, it is expected, at the club's annual meeting to-morrow night in the present clubhouse on Madison Avenue near Thirtieth Street.

The Building Committee of the club will report that the club has an option which will expire on Feb. 1 on the old Chapin Home plot fronting both on Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets between Lexington and Third Avenues. It has frontages on both streets of 150 feet. The depth is 200 feet. The option is at a price a little less than $400,000. The Chapin Home recently moved to Jamaica, L. I.

Tentative plans for a structure on the Chapin Home site have been drawn by Delano & Aldrich of 4 East Thirty-ninth Street. They were placed on exhibition at the Colony Club yesterday. The plans call for an outlay of about $800,000.

Many members of the club favor the construction of a new clubhouse in Westchester County or on Long Island.

The Building Committee which favors the acquisition of the Chapin Home site is made up of Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, who is Chairman of the Finance Committee; Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Miss Mary E. Parsons, and Miss Caroline de Forest.

The Chapin Home plot is bounded on the Park Avenue side, to the west, by two large studio apartments and on the Third Avenue side by a row of old flats owned by William Waldorf Astor. Opposite, on the north side of Sixty-seventh Street, are the buildings of the Fire Department and a police station, and opposite the Sixty-sixth Street frontage is the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer.

ALDERMEN PLAN A REFORM.

Board Will Relinquish Right to Grant Street Stand Licenses.

Under a resolution which was presented to the Board of Aldermen yesterday by Majority Leader Henry H. Curran, the power of the board to grant licenses for bootblack stands, news, fruit, soda, and other stands will be taken away and bestowed upon the Bureau of Licenses.

The Fusion members of the board are in favor of the reform, and while the resolution was referred to the Committee on General Welfare, Leader Curran said that there was no doubt of its ultimate adoption.

The resolution was in the form of an amendment to the present ordinance dealing with the question. At present any person who desires to put up any kind of stand on the public streets first must obtain permission from the Alderman of his district. This practice has given rise to a number of scandals in the past. Alderman Curran called a conference of the Republican members of the board before it met yesterday and explained that dealing with such licenses was beneath the dignity of the board.

"We are now a genuine legislative body and not an executive one," he said, "and the issuance of such licenses is an executive function."

NEW RULES OF THE ROAD.

Aldermen May Restrict Certain Streets to One-Way Traffic.

Alderman Daniel M. Bedell at the meeting of the board yesterday asked the Committee on Public Thoroughfares to make an inquiry into the traffic problems of the city and to report not later than May 1 changes of the rules of the road.

"Heavy trucks should be kept off Fifth Avenue between certain hours, if that is necessary," he said, "and if, for instance, Nassau and William Streets are to be one-way streets, with Nassau Street taking only southbound vehicular traffic and William Street that which is northbound, we should have an ordinance to that effect. It may be that between certain hours Nassau Street should be entirely closed to vehicular traffic and remain a pedestrian arcade.

"It is possible that Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Streets and Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, and other east and west thoroughfares of that kind, should be made one-way streets, at least at certain hours of the day."

The committee, under the resolution, may associate with it an advisory commission of citizens familiar with traffic conditions.

DRAMATISTS TO GIVE A TEA.

Reception to Mrs. Bronson Howard, Widow of Founder of the Society.

The members of the company presenting "The New Henrietta" at the Knickerbocker Theatre are to be the guests of the Society of American Dramatists and Composers at the clubrooms on Monday afternoon, Feb. 9, at a reception and tea tendered Mrs. Bronson Howard, widow of the founder of the society, to celebrate the revival of interest in the late Mr. Howard's comedy, "The Henrietta."

The reception will be from 4 to 6 P. M. and the hostesses are to be Mrs. Martha Morton, Mrs. A. W. Brunner, Rachel Crothers, Anne Caldwell, Mrs. Charles A. Doremus, Mary Rider Mechtold, Margaret Mayo, Cora Maynard, Mrs. Lottie Blair Parker, Eleanor Gates Tully, Margaret Turnbull, and Rida Johnson Young.

In addition to William H. Crane, Douglas Fairbanks, Amelia Bingham, and Patricia Collinge, the stars of "The New Henrietta," and their supporting company, the guests will include as many members of the original cast of "The Henrietta" as can be reached. Invitations have been sent to Mrs. Selene Fetter Royle, Mrs. Stuart Robson, Charles Kent, Henry Bergman, Frank Tannehill, Joseph Brooks, who made the original production, and also Winchell Smith and Victor Mapes, who revised the play in its present form.

Fined for Falsifying Bills of Lading.

Three more firms pleaded guilty yesterday in the Federal District Court to having broken the Interstate Commerce law by misstating the contents of packages intended for interstate shipment in order to get the benefit of lower freight rates. They were L. D. Bloch & Co. of 44 West Broadway, decorative china, fined $100; the Solar Light Company of 207 Lafayette Street, high power gas lamps, fined $25, and Sidney J. Adler, manager for G. M. Thurnadier & Brother of 85 Worth Street, dealers in crockery and china, fined $250.

PLAN TO CONTROL BILLBOARDS HERE

Bills Will Be Introduced Before the Aldermen and Legislature to Restrict and Tax Them.

MANY ARE A FIRE MENACE

New Measures, It Is Hoped, Will Meet Objections of Court of Appeals to Other Ordinances.

Billboards and electric signs which have escaped municipal regulation and taxation so far because of decisions in their favor by the Court of Appeals, will come under fire in a campaign to be started against them by the Aldermen and the Legislature.

Those in charge of the campaign propose to introduce an ordinance which will force those constructing billboards to have regard to the fire hazard they involve in the case of buildings near which they are erected. Such a measure, it is held, will come within the province of the Aldermen, and will meet the technicalities on which the Court of Appeals has thrown out all legislation passed so far to regulate billboards.

Then a measure is to be introduced in the Legislature imposing a special tax on billboards. At first it was proposed to pass an ordinance licensing billboards and attempting through the license fees to make them pay a revenue to the city. This plan was found to be impracticable, because the power to levy taxes for revenue lies solely with the Legislature.

A third measure which the Legislature will be asked to consider will be a resolution calling for an amendment to the State Constitution which will leave municipalities free to regulate billboards and sky-signs from the standpoint of their revenue-producing possibilities and from the standpoint of their tendency to mar the landscape.

Borough President Connolly of Queens, who insists that too many attractive vistas in Queens are disfigured by billboards; the City Club and a committee of Aldermen, of which James Hamilton is the leader, are in charge of the campaign against the billboards.

Alderman Hamilton is Chairman of The Building Committee, which is now engaged in drawing up a new building code. Alderman Curran, a member of this committee, who has been in touch with the plans of the City Club and of the Mayor's Billboard Commission, has in charge the task of drawing up the ordinance to be submitted at the next meeting of the Aldermen. He explained yesterday some of the things it is hoped this ordinance will accomplish.

"In the first place our firemen encounter a real menace in the sky signs," he said, "when they have to drag fire hose over the roofs of buildings. Therefore, we have a right to incorporate into the building code a drastic provision for the regulation of these sky signs. The same rule holds good as to billboards that are so placed that accumulations of rubbish may form behind them, or that add to the fire hazard of nearby buildings.

"Alderman Hamilton will have the new building code ready for submission to the Aldermen in May, if work upon it continues to progress at the present rapid rate. But we have decided not to wait for the building code as a whole in this matter of billboard regulation. I will introduce the measure at the next meeting, and I know that it has the support of many Aldermen.

"One effect of the ordinance, if it passes, as I believe it will, will be to permit a live city bureau to order the destruction of many of the most objectionable billboards and to permit such a rigid control of the rest that they will cease to be a symptom of what has been described as 'municipal smallpox.'"

Borough President Connolly told why those living in Queens were demanding stricter regulation and power to tax the billboards in that borough.

"The decision of the Court of Appeals finding that municipalities have no right to regulate billboards because they are on private property does not satisfy our people at all," he said. "They can see that a man has certain rights of personal liberty, to which the Court of Appeals called attention, but they cannot see where owners of building lots have a right to turn an asset of the whole borough into a liability. In other words Queens has some of the finest automobile boulevards in New York State, and the people who motor along these boulevards are attracted by the scenery. If they have to speed between walls of ugly billboards that affront the eye and constitute, through their ugliness, a practical assault upon passers-by, then our automobile routes lose their attractiveness. And of course that means that the borough as a whole loses in many ways.

"If we can get at them by rigid regulation under the building code, our people want such regulation, and I am in favor, therefore, of an ordinance such as it is proposed to bring up at the next meeting of the Aldermen. We can see no good reason, either, why the billboards should escape taxation. In Europe, municipalities derive a very substantial revenue from them, and we either ought to have the benefit of such revenue, or we ought to get rid of them altogether. In our borough we will back the plan to have Albany extend the taxing power until it includes them, and we are in favor of a very stiff tax rate to keep their construction down to a minimum."

Before the ordinance now in the hands of Alderman Curran is submitted to the Aldermen next Tuesday, it will be discussed at a luncheon at the City Club, at which those interested in putting it into final form will be present.

LAST AQUEDUCT CONTRACT.

Let for Tube to Staten Island for $996,862.

The Board of Water Supply announced yesterday that the lowest bidder for the thirty-six-inch tube known as the Narrows siphon, which will carry the water from the Catskill Aqueduct to Richmond Borough, was the Merritt, Chapman Derrick and Wrecking Company of 17 Battery Place, whose bid was $996,862.75. The next lowest bidder was the O'Rourke Engineering and Construction Company of 345 Fifth Avenue, with a bid of $998,110.

The tube will begin at Bay Ridge and end at Arietta Street, S. I., a distance under the Narrows of 9,800 feet. The tube will be what is known as flexible joint of cast iron. The contract is the last big one to be let in the Catskill Aqueduct system.

MORE PAY WITH B. R. T.

Coney Island and Brooklyn Men Benefit by Consolidation.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company announced yesterday that it had raised the pay of all motormen, conductors, and other transportation employes of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad, which recently became a part of the system. About 600 men are affected by the increase, which will put them on the same wage footing as the employes on the other lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

The average increase will be about 10 per cent. The lines of the Coney Island & Brooklyn are the Smith Street, De Kalb, Franklin, and Hamilton Avenues.

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Really, if you could see, stacked up before you today, your prospective coal, repair and other bills from old-fashioned heating for next ten years, you would insist immediately on putting a moderate investment into an IDEAL-AMERICAN outfit which would make your winter-life more worth while. *Make your in-door winters softly warm as moonlit-June!*

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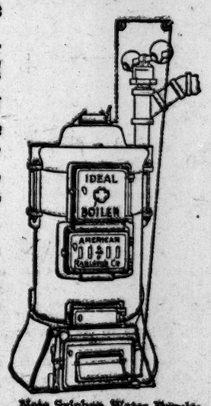

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28, 1914.

GOVERNOR OF THE PANAMA CANAL

From his present post of Chairman and Chief Engineer of the Canal Commission Col. GEORGE W. GOETHALS has been promoted by Executive appointment to be the Governor of the Panama Canal, for it is under that title that the act approved Aug. 24, 1912, creates the office. Section 4 of that act authorizes the President to discontinue the Isthmian Canal Commission when in his judgment the work of construction shall have advanced sufficiently far toward completion to render the further service of the Commission unnecessary, and "thereafter to "complete, govern, and operate the "Panama Canal, and govern the Canal "Zone, or cause them to be completed, "governed, and operated through a "Governor of the Panama Canal and "such other persons as he may deem "competent to discharge various duties connected with the completion, "care, maintenance, sanitation, operation, government, and protection of "the Canal Zone." Gov. GOETHALS's appointment is subject to confirmation by the Senate, and his commission runs for a term of four years, or until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. The salary is $10,000 a year.

The Executive order establishing a permanent Government for the Canal Zone, with Col. GOETHALS at its head, goes into effect on the first of April next. The powers of the Governor for the operation of the Canal and the administration of the Zone are very great. They could be intrusted to no man more worthy to exercise them. The work that Col. GOETHALS has achieved on the Isthmus, for it is now so near to achievement that it can be spoken of as a completed work, though it has been the greatest engineering project in the world's history, is hardly more extraordinary than the organization by which it has been carried on, and of that organization Col. GOETHALS has been the head and directing mind. His ability has been demonstrated under the severest tests. No man knows so much about the Canal as he, no other man could be so well fitted as he to control its operation. The appointment will be received with universal approbation.

PLAYING WITH PLATFORMS.

When President WILSON told the suffragists that he was unable to carry their banner because it had not been raised by the organic action of his party, it really seemed as though we had entered a new era of respect for party engagements. But recent events have shown that the President himself does not accept the platform on which he was elected in the manner that a witness takes an oath; that is to say, he does not bind himself to accept the platform of his party, the entire platform, and nothing but the platform. On the contrary, he takes political goods where he finds them, and pleads justification by the use made of what he appropriates.

Nothing in the President's recent declaration of his method for enfranchising business is more striking than his recommendation of a commission to assist the Attorney General in his negotiations with the trusts for their surrender peaccably. This is a surprise, for the platform of his party says nothing on that subject. It laid down the course regarding holding companies, but the commission idea he took bodily from the Republican proposal of a Federal Trade Commission. The Republicans had no monopoly of the idea, for the Progressives proposed an "Administrative Commission" on interstate commerce. The President's commission is his own, of course, for nobody suggested an "Interstate Trade Commission," not even the Democrats, who annexed almost everything else that was of value in any party's claim for monopoly of popular issues.

It is the President's own plank that private plaintiffs should be allowed in trust prosecutions. There have been bills on the subject, but no party has adopted the idea, on which the President has a patent. "Personal guilt" belongs to the Republicans. It was their bitter experience with a President who was his own platform which made them adopt a plank that would prevent the whitewashing of a Cabinet official who violated an inconvenient statute. The Democratic platform contemplated no such doings as those of the present Attorney General in agreeing with the enemy trusts upon terms of surrender. The Democratic platform wanted the rascals sent to jail. The Democratic platform pointed with scorn and horror to the Republican compromises with the oil and tobacco trusts, and here we have the Democratic President pointing with pride to the articles of capitulation of a new batch of transgressors who are let go with a certificate of character, as a first step toward a new business peace.

It is plain that platforms are nothing between politicians. Platforms are but umbrellas for friends to gather under during a storm. After the storm is over they belong to whoever claims them. The best platform maker is the man with the true collector's taste for what other people will want to own when they see it in his possession. Tastes have changed since the last great collection was made by a famous hunter and snapper-up of unconsidered political trifles, which were refurbished and revarnished and put out as original conceptions. Now there is another collection in process of making, and the Republicans and Progressives are left without a principle. The Democrats are getting another new suit, and the party as the "organ" of a personal President will put on whatever is supplied, even though it be out of date. Who can complain that politics is serious, or difficult to understand?

A "MUDDLE," INDEED.

Ever since he has held the reins of government at the Mexican capital, Gen. HUERTA has been discovering plots against him, and either banishing or imprisoning without trial prominent men whom he has feared. Now he has discovered that the Rurales of the Federal District are his enemies and that all the former adherents of Don PORFIRIO are allied against him. It must be admitted that he is justified in suspecting the allegiance of any Mexican anxious for the establishment of a stable Government. In the small army of such men lately exiled from their native land there must be many who could give sound advice to President WILSON which would be useful in the development of his Mexican policy.

A "muddle" the President calls the Mexican situation, and it is a muddle which he is unable to clear up. We must assume that his suggestion that the embargo on the shipment of arms to the rebels shall be raised is no more than a suggestion, on which he will not take action without further notice. It would be impolite to call such a suggestion a "bluff," but surely our Government does not intend to lend even the form of support to the murderous VILLA or to the Vasquistas of Chihuahua who have sworn to drive all American citizens out of Mexico. He would not go so far as to have arms delivered to certain favored Mexican rebels by agents of our Government, and to lift the embargo altogether would be to place American arms and ammunition in the hands of ZAPATA as well as VILLA, and to arm the Puebla Indians as well. The need of arms by any of these malcontents is not apparent. They seem to be able to kill off their enemies in their accustomed way.

HUERTA's retention of authority in view of the widespread opposition is extraordinary, but if reports of the defection of the Rurales of the Federal District are true, the peril of his position has greatly increased. There has been no more loyal body of men in the republic and none better disciplined. The murder of their beloved commander, Col. RUIZ, under the Madero régime, has been so amply punished under HUERTA that their allegiance to him was believed to be unshakable. The force has been held practically intact since the withdrawal of PORFIRIO DIAZ, and if it is now destroyed the work of protecting the capital will be made more difficult.

REGULATION OF PRIVATE BANKS.

Recent regrettable events have shown the necessity of regulation of banking business carried on by other than regular banking institutions. The testimony of Mr. WARBURG before the Senate committee also shows both how to do it and what not to do. The connection of his firm with the recent sale of New York State bonds is an example of private banking standards above anything that can be imposed by law. It is banking not only on the largest scale, but also resembles the banking done by other leading firms which hardly affects the general public at all. There are many private bankers in this city who do no passbook business and who solicit no individual accounts. They are the bankers of corporations, and the deposits which they hold are mostly created by advances to borrowers. That sort of business is so competent on both sides that public protection is a superfluity.

Mr. WARBURG suggests that the line should be drawn between that sort of private banking and the sort which does a general business without the supervision of the Banking Department according to the average amount of the deposits. The total deposits is not the best guide, because the total is sometimes large and yet the business is distinctly rather retail than wholesale. Also, a man may start with a small deposit and the account may grow large, or vice versa, and neither the largeness nor the smallness of the account would denote the character of the business done.

Another standard is the allowance of interest. A high rate of interest is more of an inducement than it ought to be to small depositors of the unsophisticated sort. The rate offered is both within the banker's control and an indication of the sort of banker he is. It is the combination of interest with small balances which is objectionable, both because it competes with the savings banks unfairly and because the business escapes supervision. If interest is not paid, or if the average deposit is above the savings bank average, the character of the depositor as well as of the banker is altered. Depositors who are not attracted by excessive interest, and whose deposits are of investment size, are capable of taking care of themselves. They know whether to put their money into savings banks, or commercial banks, or to invest it. It is a matter of the sort of money which is deposited as well as of the sort of bank that receives it.

On the one hand, it is desirable to protect small depositors, and, on the other hand, it is undesirable to set up too great visitorial powers over high-class private bankers. For reasons already stated, when private banking firms fall into classification with banks because of the character of their business, it would be no hardship to require conformity with State laws regarding loans, reserves, reports, investments, and so on. There is no suggestion of tenderness toward private bankers, but only of classification and of fitting the regulation to the class.

THE ALTMAN COLLECTION.

It is gratifying news that, all the preliminaries of the transfer to the ownership of the City of New York of the invaluable collection of the late BENJAMIN ALTMAN having been satisfactorily completed, a selection of the paintings and statuary and the remarkable array of Chinese porcelains will be placed on temporary exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum of Art without delay. When the new south wing is finished, all of these works of art will be displayed in exact accordance with the donor's instructions. There is nothing in the collection without positive value to an art museum, and this bequest alone would serve to place the Metropolitan among the foremost institutions of its kind in the world.

Mr. ALTMAN made all his purchases slowly and carefully. Diligent development of natural gifts enabled him to judge accurately of the worth of paintings, rugs, pottery, and enamels. He knew intimately every single object among his treasures, and the value of the collection is therefore not fairly to be expressed in the terms of money. From $15,000,000 to $16,000,000 is the expert estimate of its mere money value. As an influence in the art education of future generations of Americans its value, when properly exhibited, is not to be thus estimated. The Chinese pottery alone, though the collection is comparatively small, fairly represents all the stages of the history of this art. The paintings by old masters, Dutch, Flemish, Italian, and Spanish, are hardly surpassable in any of the renowned galleries. Quite apart from the extraordinary array of Rembrandts and the other Dutch masters, the Memling, the Montagna, and the Filippo Lippi have a unique value, as they fitly represent the art of painters whose work is so rarely seen on this side of the ocean. The knowledge that this collection now belongs to us, that to study it and draw inspiration from it will soon be a daily possibility, means much more than can be lightly expressed. The millions might be magnified to billions without fitly representing the worth of a gift of this kind.

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

Gov. GLYNN has called for economy in the State expenditures. There has been rioting with the funds of this Commonwealth, and it is a question whether its legitimate investments must be starved in order to recoup for the folly of waste, and worse. The Saratoga Springs are a unique possession of this State and of the American people. By permission of the royal Bavarian Government, Dr. PAUL HAERTL, whose name is known all over Europe for his scientific work as Director of the chemical and balneological laboratory at Bad Kissingen, has visited the American springs, and he declares them to be of inestimable value. He reports that with proper care the mineral waters saturated with carbonic acid gas will be exhaustless. The State has issued $950,000 in bonds, thirty-seven mineral spring properties have been acquired by the Commissioners, and the claims for the remaining eight properties will soon be reviewed. Dr. HAERTL recommends the immediate installation of phosphor bronze tubing for the springs and wells.

The State is already prepared to market several of the excellent table and saline waters yielded by the springs. But for the equipment of a spa that will rival the enormously profitable health establishments of Europe more money is needed to make the original outlay productive. In the annual report of the Commissioners of the State Reservation, an added appropriation of $335,000 is asked of the Legislature to be secured by the sale of bonds, and $100,000 more to cover the cost of maintenance and improvement of the properties.

This money will provide a modern equipment for the delivery of the waters, for expert services, and for administration. The Bavarian Government found it profitable in 1909 to invest $1,500,000 in increasing the facilities for bathing and drinking at Bad Kissingen; this year it will spend $250,000 more. The springs at Saratoga are completely restored. Can the State now provide for the legitimate expenses of the commission in making them a permanent asset, both financially and as a means of health to the people?

EXPOSING THE GRAFTERS.

Assemblyman NELSON'S resolution, providing for an inquiry of the State departments with the intent to give District Attorney WHITMAN the power he needs to cross county lines and to follow the paths of "graft" along the State highways and canals, shows that some of the Republican Assemblymen are courageous. A criminal investigation knows no party. It is believed that some of the Republicans and some Democrats are tarred with the same stick. The investigation would expose them.

Will the resolution pass? It need not go to the Senate. The Assembly has money for this work in its contingent fund. It could pass the resolution and hold its sittings outside the Capitol with Mr. WHITMAN, or one of his able assistants, as counsel. A vigorous inquiry into the expenditures for the highway and canal improvements would show how the State's millions had been stolen and squandered, and it would bring the guilty to punishment. It would do much damage to the Tammany organization. Under the leadership of Mr. WHITMAN it would restore the Republican Party to grace after the sacrifice of its guilty members.

Such an investigation would head off Mr. ROOSEVELT next Fall. If the Nelson resolution falls of passage the Progressives would make full use of the issue of corruption in both the old party machines. The Republican majority in the newly elected Assembly shows the desire of the people to give to the Republicans one more chance to vindicate their party. The fate of the Nelson resolution will show whether the opportunity will be taken.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Censors Who Confess Helplessness.

"It is not the duty nor [sic] the intention of your Board of Censors or of your executive body to suggest action in this matter." So runs what is perhaps the most important sentence in the report to the County Medical Society by the doctors who have been trying to see if there wasn't something to be done about—well, about the success of certain members of their profession in getting their names into the newspapers.

That is not quite the way the aggrieved physicians would state the case, but to the lay mind there is not much else in the current complaints, and one notices that all the scolding in this report is directed really against doctors with a longing for publicity, not against the newspapers that give it to them. The task of enforcing the "code's" condemnation of "advertising," even when "deliberate," is, it seems, "an extremely difficult and practically impossible one." That being so, not to attempt it might be judicious, particularly as this particular part of the code is obviously in a state of advance deliquescence, and very few doctors are now showing as much of willingness to observe the old restrictions as to have them observed by brother practitioners.

It is about time for all of them to realize that there is a right as well as a wrong kind of publicity, and that the more they help the right kind along the sooner will the wrong kind disappear. Not alone in "big business" is the demand of the day for the wide diffusion of knowledge, and as the newspapers certainly will not submit to dictation as to what they shall and shall not print, and as they have no difficulty in getting high medical authority for their revelations of medical achievement and progress, the cause of suppression and secrecy is already hopeless. The hospitals are glad enough to have us tell their needs and to incite public generosity in filling them, and yet they expect us to refrain from telling what happens in those institutions!

The report of the censors touched also on the burning issue of "false hopes," and, for once, lightened the mystery as to the harm any kind of hope can do. If it proves to be false, we learn, it—injures the sick? No, it tends to lower the public's confidence in the profession! Truly, but the danger will be less in proportion to the excellence of the medical articles in the papers, and that, in turn, depends on having them signed by or quoted from doctors of light and leading.

Exploring a Dark Mystery.

For knowledge of just what ex-Representative LITTAUER and his brother did—and didn't do—when they brought over from Europe a diamond tiara worth $5,800, we shall, of course, have to wait until after their trial on the indictment for smuggling which has been "found" against them. Meanwhile they have in their favor the presumption of innocence which the law accords to every unconvicted man, and even such portion of the public as, in the formation of its private opinions, leans toward the view so generally held in Continental Europe—that accusation creates a contrary presumption—will have to confess the high unlikelihood of men like these engaging in smuggling operations for the sake of saving a few dollars.

For one thing they are more than well-to-do; for another, as manufacturers who have profited largely and for many years from the tariff and the "protection" it gave and gives the gloves they made and make, of course they have a fervent love of Custom Houses and would be the last to set a bad example while passing through them.

Yet they have been indicted, and while that is far from proving them guilty, it does show that they have not been as careful as they might and should have been, considering their special obligations, to avoid even the appearance of evil and the arousing of suspicion in inspectorial minds. To do so was in itself a grave mistake—unless it was a grave misfortune.

In casting about for light on this darkling matter one catches the gleam of an exculpating possibility in the fact that the accusations rest on a tiara—an ornament distinctively and exclusively, in this country, at least, of feminine wear. That brings in the well-known inability of women, even the best of them, to see anything whatever of sin in smuggling, and to many a conscience-worried male it will recall the time—or times—when, sorely against his will, he allowed the exhortations of the insistent fair to divert him from the line of duty and full declaration.

Can we—no, must we—in this case, as in so many others, assume the existence of the beguiling influence which the proverb tells us always to seek? It is quite safe to say that neither of the Messrs. LITTAUER intended to wear that tiara himself. Gloversville wouldn't have tolerated it for a moment, as they both well know.

Accurate, But Not Relevant.

Moved to criticism by our remarks on the possible inadvisability of intrusting to any Police Commissioner the unqualified and unrestricted power to dismiss from the police force any of its members, one of our correspondents gravely makes the not very startling suggestion that between giving such an official too much and too little authority over his subordinates there is the golden mean of just enough.

This is an indubitable truth and therefore safe from our attack. It is not, however, particularly relevant to the contention that laws cannot be kept in a state of constant flux to fit the personal peculiarities of the fast-following officeholders, but must be adjusted as nearly as may be to a reasonably expected average of virtue and wisdom.

That we have done, more or less well, by letting the Police Commissioner, in effect, dismiss any policeman who, in his opinion, deserves that punishment, but we also give any policeman thus dismissed an appeal to the courts. This plan has not worked wholly to our satisfaction, but it is consistent with the general principles of our Government, and its complete abandonment, even to secure for a while the services of a Goethals, is hardly thinkable. Certainly it is not probable. We all have an instinctive repugnance for despotism, no matter how benevolent or beneficent.

UPSIDE-DOWN PALINDROMES

New Puzzles Suggested for Ingenious Times Readers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When players get too expert at ordinary billiards, the 18.2 balkline game is introduced. When your readers have solved all the problems of palindromes, let them write a word or sentence that will read upside down as well as backward. A simple form is OXO. A longer combination is HOW IS IMOH.

There is a story of a Greek inscription that read as well upside down as right side up, but the Greek alphabet lent itself more readily to this use than the English. Still there are seven English capitals that can be used in addition to M and W, so that one of your readers with ingenuity may be able to evolve a readable line. SINIS.

New York, Jan. 25, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Here are a few lines for your readers to think about. Let them note particularly the following facts. The dashes represent different words of seven letters, and the same seven letters occur in each word, though in each case, of course, spelled differently. There is a fairly easy solution in a word of six letters, but that will not do—it must be a word with seven letters:

A —— sat in his —— gray,
Watching the moonbeams —— play
On a keg that in the bushes lay.
And the leaves with their —— took up the song,
Thou —— the brave, thou —— the strong;
To thee doth —— of great battles belong
John Barleycorn my King.

ALLAN FINDLAY.

Toronto, Canada, Jan. 23, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Another "double-ender" from Brooklyn:

RATS LIVE ON NO EVIL STAR.

H. M. GRIERSON.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have not read as yet in your column of palindromes anything to beat the Spanish one, which reads:

DABALE ARROZ A LA ZORRA EL ABAD.

If you notice, the sentence has exactly the same letters, whether read backward or forward; but the most wonderful part of it is that it has the same words and meaning either way. Can anybody beat it?

This is an old Spanish palindrome. The translation is, word for word: "Gave it—rice to—the fox—the Abbot. X. Y.

New York, Jan. 25, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If you are going to take up the matter of anagrams, or as your correspondent calls them, "Transposition terms," permit me to offer the following—some old and some new—for your collection:

Consternation—No stern action.
Anagram—A ragman.
Clergyman—Crymangle.
Betrayal—Early bat.
Yourself—Surly foe.
Picturesque—Quite spruce.
Parishioners—I hire parsons.
Punishment—Nine thumps.
Sweetheart—There we sat.
Daughter—Aged Ruth.
Diplomacy—Mad policy.
Rhapsody—A dry shop.
Orchestra—Cart horse.
Chandelier—Nice herald.
Constellation—Lost linen coat.
Candidate—A cat dined.
Matrimony—Into my arm.
Penitentiary—Nay, I repent it.
Revolution—To love ruin.
Surgeon—Go nurse.
Funeral—Real fun.
Sapolio—Oil soap.
Potentates—Ten teapots.
Evangelist—Live agents.
Presbyterian—Best in prayer.
Doctrine of Transubstantiation—Red tonic of sin sat on a tin tar tub.

I think that is a fairly substantial list to start your new competition on its way.

ARTHUR WELD.

New York, Jan. 25, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is any palindrome in the English language longer than this: "Semite Moses orders Madams red rose sometimes."

This is original, and the result of trying to entertain myself while lying awake one night. HARRIS H. WILDER.

Northampton, Mass., Jan. 26, 1914.

Gifts for Cancer Research.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After reading in THE TIMES the statement that a gift to the Flower Hospital of $25,000 for the purpose of scientific investigation of the causes of cancer was the second largest gift for such a purpose, I am taking the liberty of calling your attention to a much larger gift for the treatment and research work in cancer made to the General Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases by a well-known philanthropist of this city. There are at this time in this hospital twenty beds endowed for the use of research workers and for the care of cancer cases in various stages. This hospital, also, through the same donor, is using at the present time considerably over $10,000 worth of radium, and has a most complete X-ray outfit for the treatment of this disease. WILLIAM A. DOWNES.

New York, Jan. 26, 1914.

Transposition Words.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Here are a few transpositions:

Grape juice—Pure ice jag.
New dances—Dawn scene.
Huerta—True, ah?
Goethals—The goals.

What Noah said to his son after leaving the ark:

Ah, merry heart—Tarry here, Ham!"
"Ill politician dead"—Paid on illicit deal.

New York, Jan. 27, 1914. DON EGAL.

THE SUFFRAGE STATES.

Their Relative Votes Not Lessened, Mrs. Simon Flexner Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent writing from Rahway, N. J., under the name of "Voter," asks for an opinion concerning his comparison of the vote cast for President in 1912, respectively, in the six States having equal suffrage at that time and in six male suffrage States chosen on some principle not stated, whereby he seems to prove that the vote cast in male suffrage States is 7.2 per cent. greater in proportion to the enfranchised population than the vote cast in equal suffrage States. The unfairness of his figures is evident at first glance from his including in his percentages States like California and Washington, where, in 1912, women were voting for President for the first time. These two States naturally show a lower per cent. than any other of the equal suffrage States, and prejudice the general average. But this obvious lack of fairness on "Voter's" part is by no means the greatest of the objections that may be raised to his comparison.

From the population of 1910 given in the census he has estimated the population of the various States in 1912. Percentages based on supposititious figures are always in a high degree suspicious, and for that reason are generally avoided by statisticians, but in "Voter's" estimates there are unusual elements of unfairness that only a detailed knowledge of the facts can show. The rate of increase of population in the equal suffrage States cited in the ten years from 1900 to 1910 is far greater than the rate of increase in the male suffrage States, and gives opportunity for far greater error in computing the population on the basis of this rate. Wyoming, Idaho, Washington, and California all increased more than 50 per cent., Idaho showing 101.3 per cent., and Washington 120.4 per cent. of increase, while of the six male suffrage States analyzed only two increased more than 50 per cent.—Montana, with 54.5 per cent. increase, and Nevada, with 93.4 per cent. The lowest rate of increase in the equal suffrage States was Utah, with 34.9 per cent., while of the male suffrage States South Dakota increased only 15.2 per cent., Nebraska 11.8 per cent., and New Hampshire 4.6 per cent. Besides adding an element of greater uncertainty to the estimates, this rapid rate of increase in the population of the equal suffrage States must also have an adverse influence on the volume of the vote cast, but of this probability no mention is made.

Again, it would seem fair enough to estimate the per cent. of voters on the basis of the male population in the male suffrage States and in the equal suffrage States on the basis of the whole population, male and female together, but here also the facts show an essential unfairness. For in all the States cited the proportion of the female population of voting age to the male population of voting age is smaller than the proportion of the total male population to the total female population. In Wyoming, for instance, there are 168.8 males to every 100 females in the whole population, but there are 219.1 males 21 years and older to every 100 females 21 years and older. The comparative per cents. of voters are further vitiated by the failure to allow for this fact in the equal suffrage States.

No effort was apparently made by your correspondent to avoid such sufficiently obvious elements of unfairness as these in his figures, while a further study of his tables reveals still other pitfalls. Nevada, with a scattered and rapidly increasing population, shows an astonishingly high per cent. of votes cast, 34.3 per cent., but this is explained in part certainly when it is learned that 76.1 per cent. of the males in Nevada, who alone have the franchise, are of voting age, while in California the per cent. of the total population of voting age is only 60.7.

In an effort to refute a statement favorable to the women voters of Colorado made by the Hon. Edward Taylor, who represents Colorado in Congress, your correspondent makes a comparison of the vote cast in 1910 for Governor in Colorado and Maine, showing that the per cent. of votes cast in Maine is the higher. But such a comparison gives us little real information in regard to the public spirit or fitness for citizenship of the enfranchised population of the two States, since the conditions prevailing in them are quite different and have a natural, inevitable influence on the volume of the vote cast. Some of these facts are shown in the following table:

	Maine. P.C.	Colorado. P.C.
Increase 1900-1910	6.9	48.0
Population born and living in State	77.9	29.2
Foreign born	14.9	16.2
Voting population of voting age	62.5	60.7
Urban population	51.4	48.3
Rural population	48.6	51.7

And the population per square mile in Maine is 24.8 as against 7.7 in Colorado.

It is easy to make plausible arguments against woman's suffrage by citing isolated facts in regard to its working in our equal suffrage States, but to judge fairly of the truth of the matter involves a method quite different from that adopted by "Voter."

HELEN THOMAS FLEXNER.

New York, Jan. 26, 1914.

A Stenographer's Duty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If an employer dictates a letter containing a statement which is untrue is the stenographer in any way implicated, as accessory or otherwise, by the act of transcribing his notes, knowing

(a) That, although the statement is a lie, it appears to be of the harmless variety and written for a benevolent purpose;

(b) That the statement involves moral turpitude and tends to injure the reputation or social standing of the recipient or a third person, or is written with the deliberate intention to deceive for the purpose of financial gain or otherwise?

What is the duty of a stenographer when he is informed that refusal to transcribe the letter means the loss of his position

(c) When his salary and position are such that it would be difficult or probably impossible to duplicate them at short notice;

(d) When he has others dependent upon him for support? G. L. C.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 26, 1914.

A Name Without Vowels.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You may perhaps be interested in a name having nine letters without a single English vowel. This was the surname of a laborer which I found in the Chicago Directory of 1876 or 1877. The man's first name was Herman and his surname was HRGHLLMRN. For many years I could find no one to pronounce the name or to indicate its nationality. I at last met a gentleman who said it was Bohemian, and that in that language the R's and L's are semi-vowels. The name was therefore pronounced "Hurgelmun."

I would ask whether any one could quote a word or name to surpass this combination of letters. H. P. B.

New York, Jan. 26, 1914.

The Chinese New Year.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Did you know that yesterday was New Year's Day?

The Chinaman who does work for me told me on Sunday that Monday, (the 26th,) would be the Chinese New Year, and he would take a day off. WILLIAM M. MOORE.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1914.

VOTES FOR STRIKE INQUIRY.

House Will Investigate Conditions in Michigan and Colorado.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A sweeping investigation of strike conditions in the coal fields of Colorado and the copper district of Michigan was authorized by the House late to-day. By a vote of 151 to 15 the House adopted the resolution of Representative Keating of Colorado, empowering the Mines and Mining Committee to make inquiry as to conditions in Colorado and Michigan in which the Federal Government might be concerned.

Hearings will be conducted in the strike regions by a subcommittee or subcommittees, which will start West as soon as arrangements can be made for the trip. The resolution carries authority to subpoena witnesses for testimony under oath and to require the production of records and papers.

The investigation will be confined to the coal fields of Colorado, in the Counties of Las Animas, Huerfano, Fremont, Grand, Routt, Boulder, and Weld, and to the copper mines of Michigan in the Counties of Houghton, Keweenaw, and Ontonagon.

Seven different subjects of inquiry are specified in the resolution:

Whether the postal service is interfered with;

Whether the immigration laws are being violated;

Whether citizens have been arrested and tried contrary to the Constitution or laws of the United States;

Whether conditions have been caused by agreements and combinations contrary to law for controlling the production, sale, and transportation of coal or copper;

Whether arms and ammunition have been shipped into the fields for the purpose of excluding the products of the mines from competitive markets in interstate trade;

Whether peonage exists or has been maintained;

If any or all of these conditions exist, what causes led up to them?

TO MODIFY INCOME TAX.

Cantor Proposes a Bill to Repeal the Collection at Source Provision.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Representative Jacob A. Cantor of New York introduced to-day in the House of Representatives a bill providing for the repeal of that part of the new income tax law which calls for certain payments to be made at the source of collection. The bill, which is the first of its character introduced in either branch of Congress, was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Mr. Cantor explained that he was not opposed to the income tax, but he felt its manner of collection at the source was burdensome.

"This method," said he, "is very complicated. It creates a piecemeal sort of collection or deduction. I have received complaints about this from citizens of New York City who are perfectly willing to pay the tax. They should be permitted to make returns showing their own income status without so many complications and so much confusion."

GOMPERS IS 64.

Notable Company at Banquet Celebrating Labor Leader's Birthday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, to-day celebrated his 64th birthday by putting in a large part of the time in work at his office, reading messages of congratulation from all parts of the world, receiving a representative of the Galveston, Tex., Council of Labor, who had walked all the way here, and in the evening attending a banquet in his honor given by the local Central Labor Union. Mr. Gompers declared that he felt as vigorous physically and mentally as ever.

President Wilson sent a letter regretting that he could not attend the banquet and extending hearty congratulations. Secretaries Daniels and Wilson, Speaker Champ Clark, Senators Martine and Hughes of New Jersey and Sheppard of Texas, and Mr. Fitzgerald of New York and other members of the House were among those present. A set of silver was presented to the labor leader by the local union.

A Kind Word for Policemen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

So much has been said in condemnation of the policeman that it seems to me a little praise might be appreciated. It is really due deservedly to a great many of them.

Some little time ago, while opening the front door, I dropped my purse. When I entered my room and discovered my loss I flew down the stairs, pell mell. I doubted the possibility of ever finding it again, but, to my surprise, I met a gentleman coming up who told me he had found my purse and was trying to locate me. He handed it to me politely and then passed out. A little later I learned that this same gentleman was a retired policeman who lived in the same house.

More than once my life has been saved by our city protectors, who deserve all the praise I can shower on their heads and a thousand thanks. AMERICAN WOMAN.

New York, Jan. 27, 1914.

Municipal Fire Prevention.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your statement of belief that New York's Fire Department will be the first in the world to make a business of preventing fires before they start by removing infammable conditions is not in accord with the facts. Fire department fire prevention inspections have been under way in Philadelphia and in Cincinnati for several years. The list of cities that are using their fire departments to anticipate fires is quite lengthy. I. G. HOAGLAND,

Editor Safety Engineering.

New York, Jan. 26, 1914.

REFLECTIONS.

I see full many children here and there
Who by their parents are not understood—
Who suffer from the two words "bad" and "good"—
Ofttimes being punished for a virtue rare,
And lauded with a most painstaking care
For traits of evil. Thus I am constrained
To think that Nature is a careless jade,
Else such mistakes by her would not be made—
Such fine gifts sent to those so poorly brained,
So absolutely faithless and unfair
To humankind. For is it not the wit
Of parent-folk that saves a child from shame—
Rearing it wisely—making it so fit
It may win honor and a worthful name?
How often parents turn on us in scorn,
Who harbor pets, a kitten or a pup;
Sometimes asserting that we should give up
Our kindly habits, of affection born.
These hold it a perversion most forlorn,
E'en though no child has claim on a caress
That goes to doggy. How they loudly bless
Their "better taste," of all such coarseness shorn!
And yet how oft the one who loves a cat
Shrinks with the pain of seeing babes abused,
Ears cuffed, sharp words, frail energies misused,
And in great, wondering agony thereat,
Reflects upon the vastly better fare
Of those four-footed creatures in her care.

LURANA SHELDON.

VOTES FOR STRIKE INQUIRY.

House Will Investigate Conditions in Michigan and Colorado.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A sweeping investigation of strike conditions in the coal fields of Colorado and the copper district of Michigan was authorized by the House late to-day. By a vote of 151 to 15 the House adopted the resolution of Representative Keating of Colorado, empowering the Mines and Mining Committee to make inquiry as to conditions in Colorado and Michigan in which the Federal Government might be concerned.

Hearings will be conducted in the strike regions by a subcommittee or subcommittees, which will start West as soon as arrangements can be made for the trip. The resolution carries authority to subpoena witnesses for testimony under oath and to require the production of records and papers.

The investigation will be confined to the coal fields of Colorado, in the Counties of Las Animas, Huerfano, Fremont, Grand, Routt, Boulder, and Weld, and to the copper mines of Michigan in the Counties of Houghton, Keweenaw, and Ontonagon.

Seven different subjects of inquiry are specified in the resolution:

Whether the postal service is interfered with;

Whether the immigration laws are being violated;

Whether citizens have been arrested and tried contrary to the Constitution or laws of the United States;

Whether conditions have been caused by agreements and combinations contrary to law for controlling the production, sale, and transportation of coal or copper;

Whether arms and ammunition have been shipped into the fields for the purpose of excluding the products of the mines from competitive markets in interstate trade;

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*To the Editor of The New York Times

PRESIDENT IS HOST TO THE JUDICIARY

With Mrs. Wilson, He Holds Second State Reception — Mrs. Sayre a Central Figure.

GERMAN RULER'S BIRTHDAY

Ambassador and Countess von Bernstorff Give Reception at Embassy —Other Diplomats Entertain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The President and Mrs. Wilson gave their second state reception this evening when the guests of honor were the members of the Judiciary, headed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. The floral decoration of the first floor of the White House, the musical programme by the Marine Band, and the assistants to the President and Mrs. Wilson in the Blue Room were practically the same as at the opening reception of the season, which was in honor of the Diplomatic Corps.

The introductions were made by Col. W. W. Harts, U. S. A., military aid to the President, assisted by Lieut. Commander Needham L. Jones, U. S. N. These officers, as well as the large body of junior aids on duty at the White House, were in full uniform. By direction of the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, M. Jusserand, the diplomats attended in uniform.

A buffet supper was served in the State dining room throughout the evening. The presence of Mrs. Frances B. Sayre, who took her place with the young people of the Administration circle in the Blue Room, added to the pleasure of many of the guests who met the daughter of the President for the first time.

Among the figures in the diplomatic circle were the Japanese Ambassador and Viscountess Chinda, the latter and her son having only reached Washington from Japan two days ago. The Supreme Court circle was not complete, as Justice and Mrs. Lurton left for the South a week ago, owing to the illness of the former.

The German Ambassador and Countess von Bernstorff returned to a custom of former years this evening when they celebrated the birthday of their Emperor with a large reception that brought to the Embassy on Highland Terrace one of the most brilliant companies of the winter. From the entrance hall to the large drawing room on the second floor the Embassy was abloom with azaleas, roses, and Spring blossoms from the South.

Secretary of State and Mrs. William Jennings Bryan were the guests of honor at a dinner last night given by the Ambassador of Austro-Hungary and Mme. Dumba at the embassy in Connecticut Avenue. The other guests were the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Da Gama, Minister of Sweden and Mme. Ekengren, the Danish Minister, Miss Mabel Boardman, Col. and Mrs. Charles McCawley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Glover, the Military Attaché and Mme. Golejewski, and Counselor of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy and Baroness Zwiedinek.

MISS RYDER INTRODUCED.

Mrs. J. Elmer Ryder Gives a Tea and Dance for Her Daughter.

Mrs. J. Elmer Ryder gave a tea yesterday afternoon at 981 Park Avenue, followed by a dinner and dancing, to introduce her daughter, Miss Helen Whitney Ryder. Mrs. Ryder and Miss Ryder had receiving with them Mrs. Samuel Howe Andrews and the Misses Marjorie Greenfield, Dorothy De Bevoise, Kathryn K. Bache, and Leonie Bispham. Mrs. Edgar Gott, Mrs. James Van Siclen, and Mrs. Schenck Van Siclen poured tea.

The dinner given was for those receiving, and later additional guests came for dancing. Those who accepted included the Misses Hope Hamilton, Adeline Hotchkiss, Dorothy Mahoney, Dorothea Parsons, Mabel Walker, Nathalie and Katherine Browning, Vera and Clarinda Cushman, also Carter Phelps, Townsend Rennard, Dwight Partridge, Morris Kinney, Albert Walker, Wilmott Swayne, Paul de Agulla, Vernon Floyd-Jones, William Spence, James Van Siclen, Thomas Van Horne Bowen, and Mr. Hewlett.

DR. OSGOOD WED LAST JULY.

Kept His Wedding to Miss Coleman a Secret.

It became known yesterday that Dr. Charles Osgood, son of C. H. Osgood, President of the New London and Northern Railroad, who made his fortune out of patent medicines, was married last July to Miss Loretto Coleman of Portland, Maine, whom he met last Summer while on a vacation trip in Maine.

They had kept their marriage a secret from their relatives and friends, even from Dr. Osgood's father, who was very much surprised yesterday to learn of his son's marriage, but who was prompt to respond to his son's invitation to meet his bride at their home, Georgian Court, 58 Central Park West. Dr. Osgood said last evening that his father approved of his marriage.

Dr. Osgood is a young throat and nose specialist, and is a member of the New York Yacht and the New York Athletic clubs.

Mrs. F. B. Porter Gives a Dinner.

Mrs. Frank B. Porter of Hewlett, L. I., gave a dinner last evening in the Pall Mall room at the Ritz-Carlton, followed by informal dancing. The dinner guests numbered about forty, and afterward a few additional guests came for dancing. Among the dinner guests were Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Schieffelin, Mr. and Mrs. Johnston de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. James Brown Mabon, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low Pierrepont, Mr. and Mrs. F. Ashton de Peyster, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Minus, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Slack, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Parish, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Lyle H. Mahan, Mr. and Mrs. Hendrik Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. Roger Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnson, the Misses Gladys Endicott, Mary Ludlow Fowler, and Louise Frith; also Howard Plummer, Howard Sherwood, Maitland Belknap, Arthur R. Townsend, Mr. Goddard, and others.

"B&G"

BARTON & GUESTIER BORDEAUX (FRANCE)

OLIVE OIL Superfine Clarified

THE FINEST OLIVE OIL PROCURABLE

COSTS NO MORE THAN ORDINARY OIL

THE STANDARD FOR OVER HALF A CENTURY

"ROMEO AND JULIET" SUNG.

Gounod's Opera Given in English at the Century Opera House.

Juliet	Beatrice La Palme
Stephano	Kathleen Howard
Gertrude	Florence Coughlan
Romeo	Orville Harrold
Tybalt	James Davis
Benvolio	Jerome Uhl
Mercutio	Thomas Chalmers
Paris	John O'Neill
Gregorio	Bertram Peacock
Capulet	Morton Adkins
Friar Laurence	Alfred Kaufman
The Duke of Verona	Frank Mansfield

Conductor, Carlo Nicosia.

The Century Opera Company returned to the older list of operas last evening and gave the first performance at this opera house of Gounod's "Romeo and Juliet." The opera has cut no large figure in the operatic repertory of recent years in New York; for the larger house its success has always been very considerably dependent upon the cooperation of certain great singers held in especial esteem in its rôles. Memories are not yet extinct of Jean and Edouard de Reszke, Mme. Melba, and Mme. Eames, and some may even recall that Miss Farrar made in this work some of her first disclosures to New York of her talent and daring. But if there is charm and vitality enough in the melodious, sometimes cloying, music of the opera itself to claim public favor on its own account, the performance that is to be heard at the Century Opera House this week ought to secure it; for it is one of the best, most competent, and most finished productions that have been given for a long time there.

It showed careful and intelligent preparation, competency on the part of most of those who took part in it, a smooth and harmonious union of the various elements that go to make up the whole effect. It was, in fact, a performance of the opera that, within limits that must be truly granted, truly represented its quality. There may be debate as to what that quality is, though none would probably dispute that Gounod achieved in it a more deplorable travesty of Shakespeare than even Ambroise Thomas did in "Hamlet" or than he himself did of Goethe in "Faust." And "Romeo and Juliet," given as an opera in English, has a good deal to face in the almost unavoidable reminder of Shakespeare's magical verse that is summoned up by the translated version of the French text. And the reminder in last night's performance was all the more forcible from the fact that there was unusually good enunciation on the part of several of the principal singers, and that comparatively few of the songwords were lost.

Foremost among those whose diction, as well as whose singing, was to be admired were Orville Harrold, the Romeo, who on this occasion made his first appearance in the company of the Century Opera. He is an important and valuable addition. Mr. Harrold will be remembered as one of Mr. Hammerstein's American "discoveries" at the Manhattan Opera House, where he sang in the last season of that institution, and afterward at Mr. Hammerstein's London Opera House; and he has also made some appearances in New York as a concert singer. Last night his voice did not seem to have quite all its resonance in its upper tones; but it is a beautiful voice, of true and unmixed tenor quality, lyric in character, capable of real expression in music of the lyric vein. There was distinction in the best moments of Mr. Harrold's singing, and a command of the style of the music. As an actor he cannot command quite so high praise, and his Romeo had not all the romantic fervor and grace that it might have had. It was nevertheless a performance that gave pleasure, and, so far as it went, confirmed the judgment of Messrs. Aborn in adding him to the company.

The Juliet of Miss Beatrice La Palme showed more sincere effort than real beauty of singing or grace of action, though skill and experience in the routine of the stage were not lacking. There was unusual excellence in the impersonation of Thomas Chalmers as Mercutio, and much that was praiseworthy in those of Alfred Kaufman as Friar Laurence and Morton Adkins as Capulet.

Mr. Nicosia conducted not, perhaps, with fire or with kindling enthusiasm, but with knowledge of the work; and the orchestra under his direction showed better quality of tone, precision, and smoothness than it has at some performances at the Century Opera House. The chorus, too, sang with commendable vigor and smoothness. The scenery was excellent, appropriate, and, in some of the scenes, as that representing Capulet's garden and Juliet's balcony, of real beauty; at least some of them have the hall mark of the Metropolitan Opera House. The audience, which was of considerable size, showed no little enthusiasm.

'DON QUICHOTTE' NEXT WEEK

Massenet's Opera by Philadelphia Company on Tuesday—Other Bills.

"Tosca" will be sung next Monday night at the Metropolitan Opera House by Miss Farrar and Miss Braslau, and Messrs. Caruso, Scotti, Rossi, Pini-Corsi, Bada, Begue, and Ananian. Mr. Toscanini will conduct.

Massenet's "Don Quichotte" will be given for the first time in New York on Tuesday by the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company, with Miss Garden and Mmes. Warrum and Egener, and Messrs. Marcoux, Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay, Dadi, Venturini, and Meyer, Mr. Campanini conducting.

"The Girl of the Golden West" will have its first performance this season on next Wednesday evening with the original cast, including Mmes. Destinn and Mattfeld, and Messrs. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur, De Segurola, Reiss, Hinkel, Reschigian, Rossi, Bada, Begue, Ananian, Audisio, and Murphy. Mr. Polacco will conduct.

Other operas next week will be as follows:

"Die Walküre," on Thursday afternoon, with Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad, Ober, Alten, Curtis, Duchene, Fornia, Sparkes, Mattfeld, Eubank, and Robeson, and Messrs. Berger, (who as Siegmund will make his début in America,) Braun, and Ruysdael, Mr. Hertz conducting.

A double bill, "Madeleine" and "Don Pasquale," (the latter the first time this season,) on Thursday evening. Victor Herbert's opera will be sung by Mmes. Alda and Sparkes and Messrs. Althouse, De Segurola, and Pini-Corsi, Mr. Polacco conducting, and "Don Pasquale" by Miss Bori and Messrs. Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, and Bada, with Mr. Toscanini conducting.

"Königskinder" on Friday evening, with Miss Farrar and Mmes. Robeson, Mattfeld, Fornia, and Forster, and Messrs. Jorn, Reiz, Reiss, Ruysdael, Leonhardt, Schlegel, Bayer, and Reiner. Mr. Hertz will conduct.

"L'Amore del tre Re" on Saturday afternoon, with Miss Bori and Mmes. Braslau, Duchene, and Maubourg, and Messrs. Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur, and Bada. Mr. Toscanini will conduct.

"Aida" at the popular Saturday night performance, with Mmes. Gadski, Ober, and Sparkes, and Messrs. Martin, Gilly, Rothier, Rossi, and Bada, Mr. Polacco conducting.

Next Sunday night's opera concert will be entirely devoted to Puccini's music, Anna Case, Mme. Bernice de Pasquali, Bella Alten, Pasquale Amato, Paul Althouse, and Italo Cristalli will sing. The orchestra will be directed by Richard Hageman.

IN AID OF DESTITUTE BLIND.

Society Amateurs to Appear in Fancy Dances at Plaza To-night.

Many young society amateurs will appear in fancy dances at the café chantant which is to be given to-night at the Plaza in aid of the destitute blind under the patronage of Mrs. Livingston Beekman, Mrs. Robert T. Varnum, Mrs. Charles W. Hunt, Mrs. Walden Pell, and Mrs. Pierre Crosby Waring.

Among those who will take part in the entertainment are the Misses Margery Shannon, Ada Norfleet, Elinor Davies, Katherine Flagg, Abby Morrison, Marion Chapin, Mildred Harbeck, Dolly La Montague, Agnes Sheehy, Frances M. Ward, Dorothy Gibb, Mrs. Roger Minton, Mrs. Harry Young, and Mrs. Hamilton Pell.

Refreshments will be served and there will be moving pictures and comedy sketches besides the fancy dancing. Tickets at $3 each may be had at the door.

MUSIC NOTES.

Putnam Griswold of the Metropolitan Opera Company went to Boston yesterday to sing Hans Sachs in the Boston Opera Company's production of "Die Meistersinger." Paolo Ludikar's sudden illness made it necessary to fill the role from the outside.

Elonore Altman will give a piano recital on Saturday evening, Feb. 14, at Aeolian Hall, with a programme including works of Beethoven, Brahms, Chopin, Schumann, Paderewski, and Stojowski.

SOME POWER TO GRIM PLAY OF WELSH LIFE

With Interesting Studies in Character Admirably Acted at Booth Theatre.

REVOLT AGAIN THE THEME

With the Process of "Change" That Brings Bitterness to a Gray Household in Aberpandy.

CHANGE, a Glamorgan play in four acts, by J. O. Francis. At the Booth Theatre.

John Price	Ernest Cove
Gwen Price	Lilian Mason
Gwilym Price	Harold West
Sam Thatcher	Edmond Kennedy
Isaac Pugh	Tom Owen
Lewis Price	R. A. Hopkins
John Henry Price	John Howell
Dai Matthews	Gareth Hughes
Tom Powell	William Hopkins
Jinnie Pugh	Doris Owen
Lizzie Ann	Eleanor Daniels

Mr. J. O. Francis's prize play, "Change," acted at the Booth Theatre last night, is an interesting work. And with characters that convey a sense of reality in observation and dialogue that is often bright and entertaining it combines also an occasional dramatic period to bring an effective emotional response.

Unfortunately, however, these things are combined with a too considerable amount of self-expression on the part of the people of the story. And this grows tedious at times. Then, too, the general theme has become a bit hackneyed. Something of "Rutherford and Son," "The Younger Generation" and "Strife" is brought to mind in the course of its narrative, though the environment is different and the characters distinctive enough to give the play a color of its own.

But if it is a first play it is remarkable enough at that, and if its author is a young writer it would seem to give immense promise of greater accomplishment by and by. It is to be welcomed, also, for the sake of some notably good acting.

What Mr. Francis has done is to portray life in a remote little Welsh village, where, it appears, as in the rest of the world, the spirit of change manifests itself in what the elders would call insubordination and disrespect on the part of youth. And the moral is supplied by Sam Thatcher, who, acting as sort of chorus, justifies his opinions with the oft-repeated statement that he's "been round the world and knows."

"When you come to be as old as your father," he says in effect, to Lewis, the son upon whom the largest share of the work must fall, "you'll find yourself, just as he does to-day, in conflict with the younger generation's ideas."

Which may or may not be.

In the meantime, however, it may be mentioned that Sam, who is the one Englishman in the congregation, is a sort of devotee of expediency contrasted with all the others who, either with the fear of God in their hearts, or from some more practical motive, strive to reconcile life in general to their points of view. Sam's philosophy, in a word, is, make your miserable self happy if you can.

The old father can see no good to come from unbelievers, and the term, of course, means all whose faith is different from his own. The mother, though she holds that "if it's against the Bible, that ends it," is, after all, a mother, and when the trials come they are still "her boys." Opposed to these is John Henry Price, who has the courage to quit the ministry when he sees he is unsuited to it, and Lewis Price, a Socialist, who makes speeches in the interest of labor and refuses to be blinded by his father's more conservative views upon life. Between these two boys the other son, Gwilym, an invalid, stands as sort of general peacemaker for the family.

The little village of Aberpandy, where the action takes place, is, when the curtain rises, in a state of upheaval; the miners have turned against their employers, and there is much talk of an impending strike. For this condition of affairs Lewis Price is largely responsible. He possesses the gift of eloquence, and his inflammatory speeches are calculated to incite the villagers to rebellion. His father, on the other hand, stands for order and due observance of the law. It was but a hasty word to bring the two to grips.

Presently John Price finds himself confronted by a still greater calamity. John Henry, the apple of his eye, the boy in whom his fondest hopes are centred, sends word from Oxford on conscientious grounds he has renounced his intention of entering the Church, and is returning home. The old man's cup of bitterness is filled to the brim, his hopes are shattered, his pride brought low. But he has within him the spirit of the Hebrew patriarch; he will be master in his own house; nothing will move him to offer or accept a compromise. Either his sons shall yield obedience to his will or they shall go. And go they do eventually. Not, however, before the situation has been rendered still more acute by a further catastrophe.

The strikers, with Lewis at their head, have come to blows with the military, and, in an attempt to save his brother, Gwilym is severely wounded.

From this point on the interest lags more, but untimately William, taunted by his father with Gwilym's murder, can bear it no longer, and goes away to Australia, leaving the two old people to piece out their poor, broken, miserable lives as best they can.

It is on the whole a sad, depressing play, somewhat discursive at times, but not without occasional rays of humor. The latter, however, are chiefly in the lines and contrasts of character, though there is a pretty good scene of rather old-fashioned comic relief which the acting of Edmond Kennedy, as the Englishman, and Eleanor Daniels, as his Welsh sweetheart, develop into a charming interlude. Mr. Kennedy's performance is capital throughout, and Miss Daniels with a comparatively difficult rôle, does wonderfully well. Ernest and sympathetic work. The three boys are excellently differentiated by Harold West, R. A. Hopkins and John Howell. The rôles of the father and mother are well played by Ernest Cove and Lillian Mason, though there is rather more obviousness in their acting. And there is an amusing bit by Tom Owen. In fact, the cast in its entirety is excellent.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

James K. Hackett has presented the Players' Club with the trowel with which his father, the late James Henry Hackett, laid the cornerstone of the old Booth Theatre and the cornerstone of the first statue of Shakespeare ever erected in this country on the Mall in Central Park. This trowel will be used by the Players to lay the cornerstone of the Booth Memorial Statue, soon to be erected in Gramercy Park.

Frederic McKay has engaged Anna Laughlin to play the ingenue role with Miss Blanche Ring in "When Claudia Smiles," which will begin its New York engagement at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre Monday night.

"Under Cover," a new melodrama produced in Boston on Christmas Day, will remain there for the balance of the season.

Charles Klein's play, "The Third Degree," was adapted for the German stage by Herr Leo Lenz and produced with success at the Thalia Theatre, Hamburg.

Julius Hopp is planning a repertoire company to present modern, classic, and other dramas in the Garden Theatre, beginning March 23.

"The Things that Count" will have extra matinees for Friday, Feb. 6, and Friday, Feb. 13.

The management of the Princess Theatre, where a new bill of five plays is in preparation, announce that the twice postponed premiere will positively take place on Saturday night.

William Hammerstein will introduce to this country "The Radium Dance," interpreted by Anieta, who is coming from Paris to the Victoria Theatre the week of Feb. 9.

Iowans, resident in New York, will see Elsie Ferguson in "The Strange Woman" at the Gaiety Theatre to-night. In addition to the officers and members of the Iowa Society, there will be present Iowa undergraduates of Columbia University, New York University, and Barnard College.

William Faversham yesterday completed by cable arrangements whereby Joseph Harker, a scenic artist of London, will sail immediately for this country to superintend the lighting effects for Mr. Faversham's revival of "Othello," which opens at the Lyric Theatre Monday, Feb. 9.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. George Leary of 1,053 Fifth Avenue will give a reception at her home on Feb. 16.

Mrs. Samuel Liebmann of 49 East Eighty-third Street is to give a dance at Delmonico's on Jan. 31.

Mrs. Amos C. Schermerhorn of 25 East Seventy-ninth Street is giving a reception on Feb. 2.

Mrs. William Rasmus will give a luncheon on Feb. 5 at her home, 667 Madison Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas F. Palmer of 922 Fifth Avenue will give a dinner at Delmonico's on Feb. 24.

Mrs. L. H. Tyng of 80 Madison Avenue will entertain at her home on Feb. 13.

Sir Henry Pellatt of Toronto is at the Manhattan for a visit; also Bishop Charles S. Olmstead of Colorado. Mgr. Kennedy of the American College in Rome, who arrived yesterday from Europe on his way to Washington, D. C., is at the Knickerbocker.

The last of the three Sherry dances will take place on Friday evening, Feb. 6. These have been among the most popular dances of the Winter, and will be continued another year.

Many dinners are being planned to precede the annual Charity Ball, which is to take place on Thursday evening, Feb. 5, at the Waldorf-Astoria, in aid of the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital. Mrs. Frederick C. Prentiss, Mrs. E. Bruce Hill, Mrs. Minturn Post Collins, Mrs. Joseph F. Simmons, and Mrs. Alexander von Gontard are among the patronesses of the St. Christopher League, which is to be represented at the ball.

Mrs. Richard Stevens is at the New Greenbrier Hotel at White Sulphur Springs, Va., for a visit.

Mrs. Edmund S. Bailey and her daughter, Mrs. William D. Stewart, gave a small dance last night at their home, 118 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Mrs. W. R. Rush and Miss Rush, wife and daughter of Capt. Rush, U. S. N., who have been at the Hotel Astor since December, are sailing shortly for Bermuda to remain three months.

Mrs. Oliver Bridgman will entertain this evening with a theatre party for Miss Shedden, who is the guest of Miss Bridgman at 507 Madison Avenue.

Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew gave a dinner of twenty-four covers last night at her residence, 27 West Fifty-fourth Street, and will give another on Thursday, Feb. 5.

A dance for Miss Florence Blair, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair, will take place at Sherry's to-night.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones gave the third in her series of large dinners last night at 5 East Sixty-first street.

Mrs. Lowell Lincoln will be the hostess this evening at a theatre party, followed by dancing, for Miss Elizabeth Burrill, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Drayton Burrill.

Mme. Eames and Emilio de Gogorza are taking at the concert of the St. Cecilia Society to-night in the Waldorf-Astoria ballroom in aid of the Little Missionaries' Day Nursery.

Miss Elizabeth A. Hyde will give a tea this afternoon at her residence, 20 West Fifty-third Street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Horton Glover, Jr., are spending some time with the latter's mother, Mrs. Porter, at 3 Park Avenue. Mrs. Glover is convalescing from a severe illness.

Pupils from the Music School Settlement are to furnish music at the luncheon on Feb. 7 at Sherry's, which is to be given under the auspices of the women's Board connected with the settlement. Mrs. Katharine Bement Davis is to be one of the guests of honor.

Mrs. W. Floyd Kendall's reception for her sister, Mrs. J. Sheldon Potter, will take place this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. W. Beals Kendall, 41 West 11th Street.

Mrs. Belmont Tiffany of 63 West Ninth Street will entertain at Sherry's to-night at a small dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Jongers will give a dinner to-night for Miss Francis Montague Ward before the café chantant for the destitute blind at the Plaza.

Mrs. Frederick C. Prentiss, Mrs. Minturn Post Collins and Mrs. Alexander von Gontard will give dinners on Feb. 5 and will afterward go with their guests to the Charity Ball.

MRS. W. LEWISOHN, HOSTESS

Gives Dance and Supper, Followed by a Breakfast, at Home.

Mrs. Walter Lewisohn entertained last night with a dance and supper, followed early in the morning by a breakfast, at the Lewisohn residence, 987 Fifth Avenue.

The second floor, the drawing-room, foyer hall and music room, were thrown into one for dancing, and on the first floor after midnight a seated supper was served in the reception room, foyer and dining room. The decorations were Spring flowers with ferns, and as the hangings on both floors are American Beauty rose color, the color scheme was effective. The guests were asked to come at 10, the supper was served after midnight and a breakfast of sausage and griddle cakes, ham and eggs and coffee was served several hours later.

Those who accepted included the Misses Mollie Tackaberry, Helen Smith, Edythe B. Aitken, Gladys Stout, Edith Adams, Hazel Bliss, Marjorie Smylie, Viola Kraus, Blanche Palmer, Margaret Goodrich, Helen Rush, Lillian Hyde and Ruth Walter; also Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. Franklyn L. Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Allen, Mrs. Harry Darlington, Jr., Mrs. Irving Powell, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ehret, Mrs. J. F. Sedar, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Beaven, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lockwood, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Simonds, Mr. and Mrs. Eltinge Warner, Mr. and Mrs. Carman Messmore, Mr. and Mrs. Foster Milliken, Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. George Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Huhn, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Stafford.

Also Angier Duke, Howard Plummer, Carroll Robertson, Hosmer Barrett, Theodore Seldenberg, Frazier Gibson, Howard Plummer, William Sturgis, Foster Milliken, Jr., Addison Cammack, John Anderson, Victor von Schlegel, Alister McLeod, Armour Ferguson, Nils Florman, Campbell Shmidt, Jules and Brette Glaenzer, George Wagstaff, Albert Pyle, E. de Raynor, Ettienne de Marskowski, Freeman Smith, Hamilton Fish, Jr., W. Rhinelander Stewart, Jr., E. C. Jones, James Hyde and Orativia Guinle.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn are leaving town next week for Palm Beach to spend a month there.

Miss Lindley to Wed W. E. Baker.

The engagement of Miss Ella Marian Lindley to William Edgar Baker, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Baker, has been announced. Miss Lindley is the daughter of Dr. Charles L. Lindley of Cape Town, South Africa, and a granddaughter of Mrs. Nicoll Floyd of Mastick, L. I. She is related to the Delafield and Du Bois families of New York, and has been interested in settlement work. She is now at Lakewood, N. J. Mr. Baker is the grandson of Mrs. Henry M. Baker of 8 West Fifty-seventh Street, and is a graduate of Princeton, class of '09. He is an architect and the owner of Tanglewold Kennels. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoff Give Musicale.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hoff, who are sailing Saturday for Paris, where they have a house, gave the last of their series of informal musicales yesterday afternoon at the St. Regis, where they are residing. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Stow, Mr. and Mrs. Horatio W. Seymour, Dr. and Mrs. Paul Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Page, Mr. and Mrs. George L. McAlpin, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Gunther, Mr. and Mrs. Sherrill, Mrs. Charles E. Morrison, Mrs. Karl L. Frederick, Mrs. Newell H. Steward, Mrs. Frank Q. Barstow, Miss Mabel V. Sells, Mrs. Edward N. Gibbs, and the Rev. Charles H. Duncan and Mrs. Duncan.

Mrs. G. R. Schieffelin's Luncheon.

Mrs. George R. Schieffelin gave a luncheon for eighteen yesterday at her residence, 22 West Fifty-second Street. Her guests included Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Benjamin Brewster, Mrs. William Perry, Mrs. Henry Mills Day, Mrs. Charles R. Huntington, Mrs. Walter Suydam, Mrs. José Aymar, Mrs. Jonathan Thorne, and Mrs. E. A. Wickes.

NO WOMEN, NO WORK, MRS. WELLS ASSERTS

Industry Would Cease, She Tells Consumers' League, if the Women Ceased to Toil.

FOR HOME WORK STANDARDS

Girls Must Learn Responsibility, Mrs. Israels Says—Some Get Only $5 for Ninety Hours' Labor.

Mrs. Alice Stebbins Wells of Los Angeles, Cal., the first police woman ever appointed in the United States, wearing a neat little brown suit and her police badge drew a picture yesterday afternoon of the industrial world of to-day with the women suddenly dropped out of it, in an address at the annual meeting of the Consumers' League at the Astor Theatre. It was a cowardly shifting of responsibility, she said, to try to solve the question of women in industry by saying: "Let them work in the homes."

"Imagine," she said, "for a moment what it would mean to have all the women in industry suddenly removed. We should find ourselves in an alien world, and in a week the civilized world would have all but stopped revolving. We should be unfed, unwashed, unclad, unread; no longer would the machinery whirr in the laundry; the soap and cracker factories, the packing houses, and all such buildings would be shut; the click of the typewriter would be all but silent.

"Accustomed as we are to this constant quiet, all-embracing service of women we can hardly picture the city that would be almost a city of the dead. Truly the hand that rocks the cradle is dependent upon that other hand which ministers with equal faithfulness outside its four safe walls."

There was applause for Mrs. Charles H. Israels, now "Chief Clerk of the Board of Grievances of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association," when she asked if part of the trouble was not caused because the girls were sent out unfit for their work and without a proper sense of responsibility to their employer.

Mrs. Nathan in her annual report showed that many girls work from seventy to ninety hours a week for from $5 to $7, although $9 had been estimated to be the lowest fair living wage of a working girl in New York City.

To Mrs. Nathan was presented a large basket of flowers and a beautiful gavel with the "deep appreciation of the Governing Board" of the league. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Frederick Nathan; First Vice President, Mrs. Percy Jackson; Second Vice President, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll; Treasurer, Mrs. Morris Keliogg; Assistant Treasurer, Miss Bell Gunnison; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Bruce Crane; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Amey Aldrich.

Canadian Parcel Post Feb. 10.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Jan. 27.—The Hon. L. P. Pelletier, the Postmaster General, announced in the House of Commons to-day that parcel post service would be begun in Canada on Feb. 10.

J. Woods Poinier.

J. Woods Poinier, historian and last surviving member of the Brick Fishing Club, died yesterday at his home in Newark, N. J. He was born in that city, and was 78 years old. He was a son of Horace J. Poinier, one-time Mayor of Newark, and one of the first elders of the Presbyterian Church. In early life Mr. Poinier was a newspaper man, but later he went to sea and lived some time in Patagonia. He became associated with his father in the lumber business, and retired in 1893. Mr. Poinier collected a library of 5,000 volumes of Shakespeariana and Americana, among which is an original copy of the Morristown Ghost, (1796.) His library also contains records of border warfare, early State records, and original Cruikshank drawings. Mr. Poinier was also a collector of rare prints. His wife and two daughters survive him.

Bradford Barnar.

Bradford Barnar, who put through important financial deals one of them the sale of the Esperanza Copper Mine in Mexico, to the Guggenheims for $3,000,000, died on Jan. 21 at Thrall Hospital, Middletown, N. Y. Mr. Barnar was born Nov. 23, 1839, at Oak Hills, Schenectady County, N. Y., the son of Silas Barnar, a Methodist minister. He was graduated from Union College as an A. M. in 1863, and also obtained the degree of mining engineer. He was Principal of the Carbondale schools in 1865, and later was a professor of mathematics in Detroit Academy, Mich. Mr. Barnar had lived in Brooklyn for years, and at the time of his death was in the lumber business. He is survived by his wife and daughter.

Prof. Victor Rigueur.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—Prof. Victor Rigueur, one of the oldest members of the French colony in this city and widely known as a teacher, died suddenly at his home to-day. Heart disease was the cause of his death. He was 83 years old. Prof. Rigueur was born in Dijon, France, and came to this country first as a member of the French Government's Commission to the Centennial Exposition in 1876. He won several honors abroad, having been decorated with the Palmes Academique by France and similar decorations by the Turkish Government.

George J. Sager.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Jan. 27.—George J. Sager, a member of the firm of Sager Brothers, manufacturers of knit goods, died at his home here this afternoon. He was 73 years old. Mr. Sager was a Director in many banking institutions. He was a Trustee of Syracuse University, a well-known layman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and a leading member of the Grand Army of the Republic. Death was due to paralysis. He was ill only a short time. Mr. Sager leaves a widow.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Four Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

CAMPANIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ballow, W. Lyman Biddle, J. C. Carson, H. Cecil, C. A. Foster, C. D. Gibson, A. P. King, F. A. Moore, Reith Smith, and H. Dudley Ward.

SAVOIE (Havre)—B. Ackland, Miss L. E. Blaney, A. J. Carroll, Count de San Esteban de Canongo, Miss H. W. Castany, Willard Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gillespie, Miss Ethel Johnson, Mrs. J. Leonard, Mrs. May E. Thorpe, and Mrs. J. H. Willard.

MELA[illegible]N (South America via Colon)—Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Stout, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Brown, S. Aguado, C. Smith, and L. Basso.

BERMUDIAN (Bermuda)—Prof. S. Patton, Dr. B. S. Stackhouse, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Shoemaker, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Pitman, and Major and Mrs. J. Mitchell.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen)—A. S. Alexander, Miss M. E. Boyd, Mrs. E. J. Cates, A. O. Crichton, Mrs. J. M. Crosby, Lee E. Davis, R. W. Day, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Field, J. B. Jamieson, Mrs. M. F. Lloyd, Mrs. E. Owen, F. H. Page, J. W. Stewart, Mrs. E. M. Wales, F. Hawley, B. F. Horton, and C. C. Pounds.

BERMUDIAN (Bermuda)—Prof. G. Patton, C. E. Hubbell, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Harrington, Z. T. Julian, W. W. Knowles, Miss C. Osborn, Miss M. Read, and R. P. Septier.

Are You Run Down?

Persons suffering from general debility, thin in flesh or with poor blood will receive the greatest benefit from using

Dewey's Port Wine with Olive Oil

The Oil used in this preparation we import direct from Genoa, Italy.

The taste of the oil is overcome in this combination.

Large Bottle, $1.00.
12 Bottles, $11.00.

H. T. Dewey & Sons Co.

MAKERS OF PURE WINES AND GRAPE JUICE
138 Fulton St., N. Y. 81 Nassau St., N. Y.
56 Years in Business: Our Guarantee.
For Sale by
Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. (All Stores)
Charles & Co. 44 E. 42d St., N. Y.
Chas. M. Docker & Bros. New Jersey
Aaron Ward & Sons. Newark, N. J.

DARTMOUTH BOYS IN PLAY.

Will Replace Cast of "The Misleading Lady" for Two Performances.

The members of the Dartmouth College Dramatic Association, an organization which is preparing to build its own theatre where modern plays will be presented several times a week, is coming to New York to give their own version of "The Misleading Lady" on Feb. 17. On that night the regular members of the company now playing the comedy at the Fulton Theatre will step aside and the college men will hold the stage. The performance will be repeated the following afternoon.

The Dartmouth students have presented 18 modern plays during the last year. Two of the plays given by them for the first time in this country are to be seen at the Princess Theatre later.

As there are no women in Dartmouth, the female parts in the play will be impersonated by men. Lewis S. Stone's part, will be taken by George Henry Tilton Jr., who came to New York last Friday for the purpose of seeing the play and watching Mr. Stone "make-up"—an operation which he had never witnessed before. The stage manager of the Dartmouth Theatre Company, Channing Ellis Harwood, accompanied Mr. Tilton for the purpose of meeting Walter Scott, stage manager of the New York company.

Spanish Boy Pianist in Recital.

Manolito Funes, a Spanish boy pianist, gave a recital at Aeolian Hall last night. Mabel McKinley, soprano, also appeared. The pianist's programme comprised Beethoven's Sonata, Op. 27, (the "moonlight,") and compositions by Weber, Castro, Liszt, Chopin, Schubert, Paderewski, and Serrano. Miss McKinley sang two groups of songs, assisted by William C. Reddick at the piano.

Obituary Notes.

Lieut. Col. V. WARFIELD

MINOR LEAGUE WAR AVERTED---BOXING---HOCKEY---ATHLETICS---GOLF---AUTOS---MOTOR BOATS

'MINORS' UPRISING PROVES A FIZZLE

Five Important Leagues Agree to Ruling of National Commission.

The impending war between the minor leagues and the Players' Fraternity received a serious setback yesterday when President Dave Fultz of the Fraternity announced that the three Class AA leagues and the Southern Association and the Western League has decided to fall in line with the majors in relation to the provisions of the players' contracts. The International League, the American Association, and the Pacific Coast League, the three Class AA bodies, have agreed to abide by the ruling of the National Commission at Cincinnati a few weeks ago, that all agreements and understandings between club owner and player should be specified in the contracts.

As the Class AA leagues are the source of most of the major league recruits, the other minor leagues are little affected by the new ruling, and the National Association of Minor League Baseball Clubs may fnsist on ignoring the ruling of the National Commission without affecting the Fraternity, as few of its members are outside of the majors and the Class AA clubs.

Mr. Fultz, just as soon as he learned that these leagues were in favor of recognizing the ruling of the National Commission, immediately notified the players and also issued the following statement, which explains itself:

For the last two days the Baseball Players' Fraternity has been in communication with Mr. Barrow, President of the International League, also acting for the Pacific Coast League; Mr. Ulrich, President of the American Association, and Judge Kavanaugh, President of the Southern Association, also empowered to act for the Western League. We are assured by these gentlemen that their understanding of the disposition made of the side agreement clause at Cincinnati is the same as that entertained by Mr. Herrmann and myself.

We have been assured that all contracts signed by players in these leagues will be subject to the provision already inserted by the National Commission in the major league contracts so far as the clauses suspending the player is concerned; also that contracts signed in the future will have the clause stricken out irrespective of what action the National Association takes.

Although the association still persists in its arbitrary stand, rather than further embarrass the gentlemen named, who have been absolutely fair in all their dealings with us, we are notifying our members that the objection to signing contracts is withdrawn.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants was back on the job yesterday for the first time in two weeks and after looking through his correspondence, gave out the information that he had reason to believe that none of the Giants would be missing when the bell sounded for Spring practice at Marlin late in February. This means that not even Arthur Fromme will jump to the outlaws.

"We have the word of several of our players," said Mr. Foster, "and we consider their word as good as a bond in these cases, so we are willing to let the players sign at their convenience. Why, the Federals, represented by George Stovall, approached Chief Meyers on the Coast and asked him if he would not consider a Federal League offer and Meyers wished Mr. Stovall 'good day' without even a short conversation."

If Manager Wilbert Robinson carries out his ideas about training the Dodgers at Augusta, the other National League clubs had better keep an eye on Brooklyn during the coming season. Evelyn, during the reign of Bill Dahlen, never paid much attention to inside ball, or base running. The runners were allowed to romp wild on the bases. These defects, "Robbie" expects to eliminate before the Dodgers come north. In his first place he is going to show the players how to run bases and how to slide. He will have McGraw's sliding pits at the training camp, and the players will have to take part in the daily drills.

"These little details," says Robbie, "mark the difference between a first division and a second division club."

President Frank Farrell of the Yankees smiled yesterday when he read the statement of "King" Cole, that the Federals were raising havoc with the New York Club by coaxing away their players. Mr. Farrell is not in the least grieved at the jumping of Russell Ford and Rollin Zeider and believes that Manager Chance can build up a team which will not miss these men.

The latest jumper to the outlaws is "Birdie" Cree, who says that he has been offered $5,000 by the Pittsburgh Club of the Federal League. Cree has about outlived his usefulness with the Yankees, and it has been practically decided that the New York Americans' outfield next season will be Jimmy Walsh, formerly of the Athletics, Lester Channell of Denver, and Frank Gilhooley. This combination freezes out Cree and Wolter, and Mr. Farrell will not stay awake nights worrying if Cree decides to quit. Cree says he has been offered a three-year contract at the above figure.

Joe Jackson, the crack Cleveland outfielder, has ignored the Federal League's offer of $65,000 for three years, and yesterday signed his contract to play with Cleveland.

If there is one individual the National League will not be sorry to lose it is Umpire Bill Brennan. Bill has signed with the Federals, and, as far as the major leagues are concerned, he will stay there. Brennan was tempted away from organized ball because President Gilmore gave him $1,000 bonus and a contract for three years. Baseball men cannot understand why Bill jumped. He had a good salary in the National League, and also came in for world's series profits. He will have a hard time getting back if the Federals fail flat. The reason is because last Summer in Philadelphia, when the Giants were playing the Phillies and Brennan forfeited the game to the Phillies, a decision which was reversed by President Tom Lynch, Gov. Tener, now the head of the league, happened to be in the grand stand. At the time he did not approve of Brennan's action, but even in the face of his mistake he was willing to reappoint him. Now that Brennan has jumped, the National League lost no time in getting an umpire in his place, so it is certain that Bill, with his dramatic actions, will not be seen in this league again. The Federals promised Brennan $6,000 for three years.

The report from Chicago that Roy Hartzell of the New York Americans had opened negotiations with President Gilmore of the Federal League was denied by President Farrell yesterday, when he made public a letter received from Hartzell, in which the player said: "Your terms accepted and contract received. Will sign and report at Hot Springs, Ark., on Feb. 15. Thank you for the raise in salary. I will sure play my best to earn it. Good luck to you and the club this year."

Federals After Training Camp.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 27.—Phil D. C. Ball, one of the backers of the St. Louis Federal League club, will leave here to-night for Tulsa, Okla., to look over any Spring training camps that may be available there. Texas sites also are being considered.

Knabe Signs Three More Players.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 27.—Manager Otto Knabe of the Baltimore Federal League Baseball Club, upon his return to-day from a long Western trip said he had signed three new players while away. He refused to give their names, but said that two of them were major league men, and the third played with a minor league team last year, but belonged to a big league club.

Two Pitchers for St. Louis Nationals

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 27.—Bill Steel and Rol Perritt, pitchers, to-day sent in their signed contracts to play with the St. Louis Nationals during the 1914 season.

THREE PITCHERS DESERT.

Falkenberg, Blanding, and Kahler of Cleveland Join Federals.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—The desertion of three Cleveland pitchers to the Federal League was admitted here this afternoon by President C. W. Somers of the Cleveland Club. The three are Fred Falkenberg, who is said to have signed with Indianapolis; Fred Blanding, who will join the Toronto Club, and Fred Kahler, signed with Pittsburgh.

"I guess they've jumped," said Mr. Somers, who paid a visit to President Johnson of the American League. He did not say whether baseball or other business brought him to Chicago, but followers of the game hinted his trip had something to do with the proposed transfer or sale of the Toledo franchise in the American Association.

Federal League officials, following their recent decision, declined to comment on the report of the jump of the Cleveland pitchers, but rooters generally considered the new organization's acquisition a triumph, since the three pitchers, particularly Falkenberg, were among the most effective of the Naps' staff last year. Increases over their last year's salaries and three-year contracts are said to have been given the three.

President Gilmore of the Federal League left this afternoon for Toronto on league business. He may visit other towns in the circuit on his way back to Chicago.

President Murphy of the Chicago Nationals said to-day that John T. Powers, former President of the Federals, was organizing a new league, to include Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Indianapolis, and Kansas City.

John Evers, manager of the Chicago National Club, is on his way home from Tampa with the signed contracts of Tom Leach, George Pierce, and Arthur Phelan, according to word received at the club headquarters. Phelan and Pierce have signed contracts for three years, and Leach for one, according to President Murphy.

The Chicago and Baltimore teams of the Federal League were completed and ready to begin Spring training to-day, it was announced at the league's headquarters here. Manager Tinker with twenty men will leave Feb. 28 for Mineral Springs, Texas, where the Chicago team will take its early practice, and expects to make a short stop at Mineral Springs this week to arrange for his club's visit there. The Baltimore team. President Gilmore announced, had arranged eight exhibition games with Southern college teams on its training trip.

Tinker departed for Dixon, Ill., the home of Ward Miller, who left the Chicago Nationals to join the St. Louis Federals. The trip was made partly in connection with a banquet at Dixon at which Tinker and Miller will be guests and partly with the idea of signing some young ball players.

KANSAS CITY GETS HENDRIX.

Tinker Turns Pittsburgh Pitcher Over to Western Federal Club.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 27.—Claude Hendrix, who pitched for the Pittsburgh National League Baseball Club last season, will wear a Kansas City Federal League uniform next year, according to an announcement by the club to-night. Hendrix recently signed a contract with Joe Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federal League Club, and, according to to-night's announcement, Tinker has turned him over to Kansas City.

George P. Erring, an infielder with the Columbus American Association team last season, to-night signed to play with the Kansas City Federal League.

Minneapolis Players Signing.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 27.—Seven more Minneapolis Association 1914 contracts were received by President M. E. Cantillon to-day. Those to sign for the coming season were: Claude Rossman, outfielder; Wilbur Smith, catcher; Rondeau, catcher; Tannehill, third base, and pitchers William Burns, Willis, Gilligan, and Mogridge. Word was received from Roy Patterson that he was satisfied with the contract and that he would sign it within a few days. James Delehanty will not be with the Minneapolis team next season, according to Cantillon. The outfielder has written to Cantillon that he is about to purchase an interest in a minor league club in a good town and desired his release on that account.

Kirkpatrick Signs for Three Years.

In the bulletin issued by President John K. Tener of the National League yesterday, Enos Kirkpatrick, the Brooklyn Federal League jumper, is recorded as having signed an additional contract for 1915 and 1916. When Kirkpatrick decided to desert the Federals last Saturday and return to organized baseball, he signed for 1913, and later signed a new contract for the two additional years. The Federals will make a court test of the Kirkpatrick case. Jim Vaughn signed with the Chicago Federals for 1913, 1914, and 1915. Philadelphia has signed W. E. Hilly, Harold Ireland, and Herbert C. Murphy, while Boston has signed Angel Vilazon, the Cuban; Eugene Cocreham, C. A. Deal, and Larry Gilbert.

Amherst to Play Kelo.

AMHERST, Mass., Jan. 27.—A Southern trip to be made by the Amherst College baseball team this year will wind up with a game with Columbia at New York on April 6. A novelty on the regular schedule will be a game with Kelo University of Japan. The principal games scheduled are: April 25, Wesleyan, at Middletown; May 9, Harvard, at Cambridge; May 23, Williams, at Amherst; May 30, Williams, at Williamstown; June 3, Yale, at New Haven; June 6, Kelo University of Japan, at Amherst; June 13, Princeton, at Princeton; June 22, Dartmouth, at Amherst; June 23, Dartmouth, at Hanover.

Tyler Considering Federal Offer.

LOWELL, Mass., Jan. 27.—Mordecai Brown, manager of the St. Louis club of the Federal League, came here to-day to secure the services of George Tyler, pitcher of the Boston Nationals. After a long conference Tyler announced that he had taken the Federal offer under consideration. He said he was dissatisfied with the terms offered him by Boston for next season, but was not ready to sign with the new league. He promised Brown an answer within a few days.

Cobb to Train with Tigers.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 27.—The Detroit American League Baseball Club to-day received a letter from Ty Cobb which stated he would join the regulars at Gulfport, Miss., the Spring training camp, some time during March. Cobb has seldom trained with his teammates in the Springtime, and his letter is believed to be in line with his recently made statement that the Detroit Club would have the full benefit of his services in 1914. The signed contract of William Purtell, infielder, was received to-day.

Will Not Sell Denver Club.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 27.—The Denver Club of the Western League will not be sold, according to announcement made today by James C. McGill, the principal owner. He said he had decided not to dispose of his holdings. No changes will be made in the personnel of the Denver Club, and Mr. McGill announced that Jack Coffey would probably succeed Jack Hendricks as manager.

O'Rourke Signs with Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 27.—Manager Harry Smith of the Newark Indians announced today that he had signed Jack O'Rourke, who last year was a catcher for the Middletown team of the Eastern Association. O'Rourke will do substitute backstop work for the International League champions next season.

Kling Confers with Johnston.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 27.—Johnny Evers, manager of the Chicago National League Club, arrived here to-day for a conference with Outfielder Jimmy Johnston, who has not yet come to terms. Johnston was secured by draft from the Pacific Coast League, where he established a record for stolen bases. He is a brother of Doc Johnston, first baseman of the Cleveland Americans.

Fordham Prep Wins at Basket Ball.

Fordham Preparatory School basket ball players yesterday defeated the five representing Xavier Prep. on the court of the former by a score of 31 points to 17. Collins starred for the winners.

Shortstop Cooney with Red Sox.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—James E. Cooney of Cranston, R. I., shortstop for the Worcester Club of the New England League last year, sent his signed contract to the Boston Americans to-day. Cooney is 18 years old.

BRITISH BOXERS BEATEN IN GARDEN

Owen Moran Quits After Seven Rounds and Dundee Wins Over O'Neill.

American boxers triumphed over the representatives of England in the two international contests at Madison Square Garden last night, Joe Shugrue of Jersey City compelling Owen Moran to give up after seven rounds in the final event after Johnny Dundee of this city had gained decisive honors over Sapper O'Neill of England in the ten-round semi-final. In the opening ten-round bout Gene Moriarty of Syracuse outpointed Johnny Reese of Brooklyn.

The finish of the Shugrue-Moran battle was a dramatic one. The little Britton foretold his defeat at the end of the sixth round, when he literally dragged himself to his corner, puffing hard and shaking his head as if to say that his battle against time was a hopeless one. He went back after the minute rest and managed to cover up his growing weakness, though the tide was surely setting in favor of the aggressive young Jerseyite. When the bell clanged at the end of the round Moran started for his corner, then turned on his heel at the centre of the ring and dramatically held up his hands, acknowledging defeat.

The move took the crowd by surprise, and at first there was an inclination to jeer Moran for quitting. A few hoots and jeers broke loose before the crowd caught the move in the proper spirit, and then the jeers turned to cheers. There was no denying that the Briton had made a game battle, but youth had to be served. Going to the ringside Moran remarked between hard breaths:

"Fourteen years is a long time to be in the ring, and I guess I have about reached the end."

When he climbed out of the ring a minute later Moran was greeted with cheers. It was a deserved tribute for a boxer who has faced all comers up to the lightweight class for many years.

The early rounds of Shugrue's bout were marked by some hard hitting, and Moran was in the thick of it, both in giving and taking. He surprised the crowd as much as his opponent, and in the third round he gave Shugrue a hard busy to time as the Jerseyite ever had in three minutes. Shugrue had taken the honors in the first two rounds by narrow margins, this being due to the generalship of Moran, who used his ring experience to a utmost to ward off the attack of the youthful Jerseyite.

Moran did some good mixing in the first two rounds and fooled Shugrue by his dodging tactics when near the ropes, but Shugrue earned the honors in both rounds by his continual body punching. At the same time the Jerseyite took several well directed swings to the head that jarred him all the way to h's toes. In the opening round Moran opened the cut over Shugrue's right eye which was opened in the bout Friday night. In the third Moran was all over the ring and driving home punches to the Jerseyite's head and stomach, Shugrue for the time being unable to get started. This was Owen's last stand.

The fourth round, also featured by steady mixing, was an even affair. In the fifth Shugrue began to get to the Briton's stomach and Owen had to clinch several times to avoid punishment. In the sixth it was the same story and Moran walked to his corner visibly distressed. Early in the seventh he made a claim that he had been fouled, but no foul was evident to either crowd or referee. Shugrue continued to pound away at Moran's stomach and occasionally jarred Owen with punches to the head. When the bell sounded Owen announced himself through.

The ten-round semi-final between Johnny Dundee and Sapper O'Neill resulted in the first setback that the English boxer has suffered since he came to this country a few months ago. He left the ring badly marked up, and if he had met one so much below his class, doubtful that he would have gone the ten rounds under the terrific attack of the little Italian. Both of O'Neill's eyes were cut, as was also his right ear, and he bled from the nose and mouth in the closing rounds.

The bout came within twelve ounces of being called off, owing to the regulations of the State Athletic Commission requiring that no bout between lightweights or smaller boxers shall be staged when there is a difference of ten pounds in the weight of the contestants. O'Neill weighed in at 135 pounds and Dundee at 125¾ pounds.

The little west sider was the aggressor from the opening bell to the finish. With head down he followed O'Neill around the ring, always in close, and hooking powerful lefts or driving both hands to the stomach. Now and then a right cross shook up the Briton and forced him to clinch. Up to the sixth round Dundee had no great margin on O'Neill, but over the last half of the route he cut loose with all his speed, and O'Neill never again showed to advantage. Twice during the bout it seemed that the Briton was on the way to a knockout, but he weathered the storm successfully each time. He went down to one knee in the second round after taking a right on the jaw. Referee Billy Roth had work hard to separate the boxers, O'Neill being the offender in holding. Dundee left the ring without a mark.

In the opening ten-round bout Gene Moriarty of Syracuse gained the honors over Johnny Reese of Brooklyn. The ringside weights were 129 pounds for Reese and 137 for Moriarty, the latter weighing in in full ring costume. Moriarty showed a fine left hand, and was better at infighting than his lighter rival. The Syracuse boy made the best use of his extra weight and strength and led practically all the way, although he did not have Reese flying distress signals at any stage. Reese tired perceptibly in the closing rounds, while Moriarty appeared as strong at the finish as in the opening round.

FITZSIMMONS BARRED.

Court Denies Old Fighter's Injunction Against Boxing Commission.

In a Supreme Court decision handed down yesterday Justice Seabury denied the application of "Bob" Fitzsimmons, former heavyweight boxing champion, for an injunction pending litigation, restraining the New York State Athletic Commission from interfering with his proposed bouts in this State. Justice Seabury ruled that the commission not only had the necessary jurisdiction but that there was no evidence that the commission, in making the order, was actuated by unworthy or inconsequential motives. Fitzsimmons had contemplated boxing Soldier Kearns and others before the Atlantic Garden Athletic Club.

"The papers before the court," said Justice Seabury in his decision, "show that the plaintiff had engaged in boxing for the greater part of his life; that he has engaged in about 370 ring contests and is now the 'light heavyweight champion boxer of the world.' The affidavits submitted on behalf of the defendants show that the plaintiff is 51 years of age, and that in the opinion of the members of the commission and of the physician whom they consulted the plaintiff is incapacitated by reason of his age and physical condition from participating in a boxing contest. These allegations as to the plaintiff's physical condition are controverted by the plaintiff. The order of the commission is based upon the judgement of its members that to permit Fitzsimmons to fight would be to let him run the risk of injuring himself seriously. The risk of the plaintiff in engaging in such a contest is not a matter purely personal to him."

George C. Norton, attorney for Fitzsimmons, said that he would appeal the case immediately. The court, he said, had merely sustained the rule made by the commission, whereas the law authorized the commission to prevent a would-be contestant from fighting on one ground only—that he has previously participated in a fake fight. Fitzsimmons, his lawyer said, had never been accused of shamming in the ring.

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BOXING CASES DECIDED.

Jacob Stumpf Explains Alleged Violation of Law by Boys' Club.

An investigation into the alleged violation of the Frawley law by the Boys' Club was conducted yesterday at a meeting of the State Athletic Commission, when Jacob W. Stumpf, Chairman of the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, was questioned by Chairman Frank S. O'Neil. It was pointed out to the A. A. U. official that the club had violated the law in permitting boxing to be conducted in the gymnasium by professionals without a license from the State commission.

In explanation of his conduct Mr. Stumpf said that it was impossible for him to stop the bouts, owing to the crowded condition of the room. He was asked why he did not leave the building, as a protest against the violation of the law, to which question he was unable to give a satisfactory reply.

Jack Denning, who acted as referee in one of the bouts and put on a pair of gloves, taking part in the contest in which he acted as an official, pleaded ignorance of the boxing law when examined by Chairman O'Neil.

Several violations of the law have been reported to the Boxing Commission, and while it is not the intention of the commission to deal harshly with the Boys' Club, it is intended to make a determined effort to stop the practice that at present exists in several social and political clubs in holding boxing bouts without a license. It is generally admitted that the violation of the boxing law by the Boys' Club was not deliberate and intentional, but rather brought about by a spirit of innocent fun and amusement, due largely to the ignorance as to the actual law itself. Action on alleged violation was postponed until the commission's next meeting, in order to give the Boys' Club an opportunity to state its side of the case, and also to have before the commission the manager of the entertainment, who was responsible for putting on the bouts.

The boxing bouts of the clubs were licensed at the meeting. One is the new Broadway Sporting Club, at 946 Halsey Street, Brooklyn. The clubhouse is a newly completed building, which cost more than $100,000, at the head of which is John Dillon, who is also a boxing promoter. The other club is the Whirlwind Athletic Club of 814 Grand Street.

KEARNS AND LEVINSKY DRAW

Heavyweights Put Up Poor Bout at Atlantic Garden A. C.

Soldier Kearns of Brooklyn and Battling Levinsky fought ten rounds to a draw last night in the main event at the Atlantic Garden A. C. Kearns's advantage in weight and physical development acted as a drawback to Levinsky, for from the start he showed a respect for the Brooklynite and appeared to be nervous. The awkwardness of Kearns, who looked as though he would fend the former Philadelphian through the ropes with one sound punch, surprised the spectators, and with only a few instances the bout was far from interesting. Kearns could not box and Levinsky refused to take any chances.

Kearns tipped the beam at 200 pounds, while Levinsky moved the rod with togs on at 171 pounds. For three rounds neither man landed a telling blow. Both were cautious, Levinsky keeping closer to protection than the Soldier, but in the fourth Kearns showed a flash of a few seconds, and then until the end the contest was a see-saw affair. The Brooklynite was willing enough, but lacked the knowledge of how to handle a man of the Levinsky type.

The Soldier was content to stab a left jab home now and again and keep out of range while Kearns bored into clinches where he became locked and had to be parted by the referee. In the sixth round Levinsky, after several jabs had brought Kearns's head back a few inches, and it bled until almost the end, this being the only marks of punishment either man carried.

The best round of the ten was the last. Levinsky showed a real flash from the sound of the bell and was on top of his man throughout, landing with left jabs and hard right hooks in the clinches. About six of the rounds ended without either man showing to advantage, the remaining four were split with slight advantages by each judge.

In the semi-final of six rounds Tom McMahon, a lightweight weighing 134 pounds, conceded 8½ pounds to Kid Twist and proved his master from start to finish.

Winners with the Cue.

Willie Hoppe, who is practising at Thum's billiard academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, for his match with George Sutton, won two games from F. Ortes yesterday. In the afternoon the youthful champion won by the score of 250 to 90, in seven innings. He made a high run of 192, and averaged 34 2-7. Ortes's average was 15 points. Hoppe displayed exceptional form during the contest, when he completed his string of 400 points in five frames, while Ortes was gathering 162 points. Hoppe made high runs of 73 and 51, and averaged 80 points. Ortes's highest run was 46, with an average of 30.

In the amateur Class C 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Keeney's billiard academy in Brooklyn on Friday night, Louis A. Schrius defeated Joseph Dalton by the score of 200 to 188, in sixty-nine innings. The winner led for the greater part of the game, but near the finish Dalton gained the advantage, and at the sixty-sixth frame was leading by the score of 188 to 181. Servatius, however, completed his string with a run of 19 points. He made high runs of 19, 17, and 15, and averaged 2 64-69. Dalton's best efforts netted him high runs of 26, 20, and 18, with an average of 2 63-68. This evening Charles Matthews will oppose Charles Martin.

A ten-point handicap proved easy for E. E. Watrous to overcome in continuation of the amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at the Washington Heights academy, 181st Street and Broadway, last night, and he defeated A. B. Major by the score of 160 to 91. The winner was playing at the scratch mark, 100 points, while Major had only to tally 150 to win. Watrous completed his string in sixty-seven innings for an average of 2 4-67, and he had a high run of 10. Major's best run was 9, and he averaged 1 24-67.

In the English billiard tournament at Doyle's academy last night, "Scotty" O'Neil defeated George Hayman by a score of 300 to 207. The winner made a high "break" of 50. To-night Thomas Butler will play Edward Baes.

Demarest Defeats Sutton.

Calvin Demarest of Chicago last night at Daly's Academy defeated George Sutton, who is preparing for his match against Willie Hoppe at 18.2 balkline by a score of 400 to 300. The challenger ran 187 in his thirteenth inning, which Demarest had bettered in his previous inning, when he tallied 148. The winner averaged 28 8-14, while Sutton's average was 21 6-14.

TURRELL DRIVES IN THE WINNING GOAL

St. Nicholas Beats Wanderers and Is Now Tied for First Place.

With a flash of speedy skating and pretty teamwork in the second half, the St. Nicholas Skating Club defeated the Wanderers at St. Nicholas Rink last night by a score of 2 to 1, and is now tied with the Hockey Club for the lead in the Amateur League race. The first half ended with the teams deadlocked at 1 to 1, after each club had made a number of futile assaults on the other's net. The contest started slowly, and it wasn't until the end of the first period that the St. Nicks displayed some of the fast playing of which they are capable.

The second half was fast hockey all the way, and the Santa Claus line of forwards got together, and after ten minutes of play swept down the ice in unison. After three attempts, Turrell, the right wing, managed to catch Morgan's rebound shot, and pushed it through Mitchell for the winning goal. Rudolph Van Bernuth, the 200-pound St. Nicholas coverpoint, bore the brunt of the Wanderers' attack, and time and again he was tumbled on the ice. Von Bernuth established a new record for being knocked down, for every time the Wanderers' wings bore down toward the St. Nicks' goal, Von Bernuth went into the fray head first, and stopped the play when he was bowled over on his broad back.

Ellis, St. Nicks' centre, was a busy individual, and followed the rubber closely. He was in the thick of the scrimmaging every second. Once he broke loose and carried the disk down the rink alone, but Mitchell cleverly turned his shot aside after the puck hit him in the chest.

The Wanderers had a new man at rover, Ford, who made several pretty individual plays, but, like the other Wandarer players, found Pierson's defense at the net too much of a barrier. The St. Nicks were slow in waking up to the speed of their game, and the Wanderers were first to tack a unit on the score board. MacDonnell dodged through the St. Nicks' skaters and passed the rubber to Paton, who shot the first goal. After fifteen minutes of play the St. Nicks tied the score. Turrell carried the puck behind the net and made a pass-out to Ford, the rover's first shot was smashed back into the rink by Mitchell, but Morgan's second drive sailed through for a score.

The playing in the second half was fast and rough. Many of the players were spilled, and at one time five players were engaged in the ice in a scrimmage in front of the Wanderers' net. Aumond pushed the net out of place and was ruled off the ice for the offense. Von Bernuth was knocked over several times and usually took a Wanderer skater down with him when he fell. Turk Smith lost his head for a moment and was so furious that he swung his stick savagely at Turrell, but the blow didn't land.

At the middle of the second half Morgan broke loose on an exciting run down the ice and tried to shoot a goal from the side of the rink. Mitchell sent the rubber to the opposite side, where it was caught by Turrell and driven into the rigging for the winning tally. The line-up and summary:

St. Nicholas.	Position.	Wanderers.
Pierson	Goal	Mitchell
Ellis	Point	Cleary
Van Bernuth	Cover point	Aumond
Morgan	Rover	Ford
Ellis	Centre	Paton
Peabody	Left wing	Macdonnell
Turrell	Right wing	Smith

Goals: First half—First goal for Wanderers by Paton in 4:52, second goal for St. Nicholas by Morgan in 15:25. Second half—Third goal for St. Nicholas by Turrell in 10:39.

Penalties—Morgan, 2 minutes for holding; Smith, 2 minutes for slashing; Aumond, 2 minutes for interference with cage.

Referee—William Jones. Umpire—J. A. Rogers. Goal umpires—Joseph Berry and Tom Howard. Timers—W. J. Croker and Richard Condon. Time of game—Twenty-minute halves.

Yale and Princeton on the Ice.

Yale and Princeton will be the contenders in the first of the big hockey matches for the intercollegiate championship on Saturday night at the St. Nicholas Rink, and a game of unusual interest is indicated by the pairing off of the players in their respective positions. In Hobey Baker, Princeton has the best college player ever developed this side of the Canadian line, and Kuhn and Kilner frequently exhibit exceptional ability to back him up. Capt. Heron Gore, and Orway are fast men on the forward line and will be depended upon to take care of Baker. The game is creating unusual interest in college circles, and the indications point to the biggest attendance at a hockey game this season. The Crescent and Irish-American teams will play to-morrow evening.

Dates for Bowling Championships.

Major M. W. Gage, Secretary of the National Bowling Association, yesterday announced the dates for the eighth annual tournament for the American championships. The first teams will roll on Wednesday evening, April 8, and the competition will continue until April 29, a period of three weeks. Entries will close with the Secretary at 508 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, on March 10, though entries from then until March 24 will be received at the Columbia Hotel, Atlantic City, near which the tournament auditorium is located. Elmer E. Dungan, President of the National Bowling Association, has issued a call for the annual convention of the governing body at the Columbia Hotel on Saturday, April 18, at 2 P. M. It will be preceded by a meeting of the Board of Governors, at which details will be cleared up so as to handle the general convention with dispatch.

Coach Hobbs Leaves Amherst.

AMHERST, Mass., Jan. 27.—Henry H. Hobbs, for the past three years coach of the Amherst College football team, has notified the college athletic officials that business duties will prevent his acceptance of their offer to return for another year. The football schedule follows:

Sept. 26, Bowdoin, at Amherst; Oct. 3, Middlebury, at Amherst; Oct. 10, Brown, at Providence; Oct. 17, Trinity, at Amherst; Oct. 24, Wesleyan, at Middletown; Oct. 31, Dartmouth, at Hanover, Nov. 7, Springfield Y. M. C. A. College, at Springfield; Nov. 14, Williams, at Amherst.

GOLFER OUIMET IN FORM.

Amateur Champion Wins Four-Ball Match at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 27.—National Amateur Golf Champion Francis Ouimet showed championship form in a four-ball match with Donald J. Ross as a partner. He recorded 77, the pair defeating professionals Alexander Ross and Jack Jolly by two up.

The spectacular plays of the round was the holing of a two on the ninth from well off the green by Alexander Ross, a brilliant approach which Donald laid dead for a winning four on the thirteenth, and a fine putt which saved the fourteenth in a halve for Ouimet.

Ouimet still finds running-up approaches and putting perplexing, but his long game is well-nigh perfect. Tomorrow morning he will play a friendly mixed foursome in which Maggie Teyte will be his partner. Tewksbury plays with Miss Eleanor Abbe of the Pinehurst Country Club.

This morning Ouimet and Tewksbury played a friendly match of nine holes with their clubmates, Walter G. Clark and C. L. Becker of Woodland.

Miss Hazel Shannon of Buffalo, playing with an allowance of 18 strokes, was the winner of to-day's silver foils selected score, medal play event, recording a net total of 80. Mrs. M. D. Rae of Essex Fells, 18, was second in 82, and Mrs. George C. Dutton of Boston, 8, third in 84. Mrs. Herbert L. Allison of Maplewood, 0, scored 86; Miss Gwendolyn Cummings of Brookline, 27, 87; Miss Lucy K. Priest of Portsmouth, N. H., 20, and Mrs. Arthur Gage of New York, 35, 73 each.

SELECT MORRIS LINKS.

New Jersey State Golf Championship to be Played at Convent.

New Jersey golfers will hold their annual championship tournament over the links of the Morris County Golf Club, at Convent Station, N. J., on June 4, 5, and 6. The selection of the links and the dates were made yesterday at the annual meeting of the New Jersey State Golf Association in this city.

Two clubs applied for the privilege of holding the big tournament, Morris County and Montclair, but when the matter was put to a vote the first named won handily. Morgan K. Smith of Morris County was re-elected President, and has the privilege of selecting a Secretary-Treasurer, an office at present filled by William Watson of Baltusrol. A larger balance than last year was reported in the treasury.

Conditions governing the championship will remain the same as a year ago at Baltusrol, which is to say that there will be a qualifying round of eighteen holes in the morning of Thursday, June 4, with the first match round the same afternoon. The second and semi-final circuits are scheduled for Friday, June 5, with the decisive tests on Saturday over the thirty-six-hole route. On the last day a handicap also will be run off at eighteen holes, medal play.

As Travers will be abroad in June, he will have to let his metropolitan and New Jersey championships go by, with the result that friends of Kirkby immediately predict him to be the logical man to win either or both events.

Hamilton Institute Wins in Court.

Hamilton Institute basket ball team scored an easy victory over Berkeley School yesterday by the score of 35 to 19 on the latter's court. The work of the home five was lacking in many ways, most noticeable being the inability to accurately shoot goals from the field. Many chances were lost by the player's poor direction. Capt. Michie of the home team was forced out of the game on account of injuries. Hammerstein played a star game for Hamilton, scoring six field goals. The line-up and score:

Hamilton.	Position.	Berkeley.
Hammerstein	Right forward	Romaine
O'Brien	Left forward	Parkinson
Kiernan	Centre	Hall
Howard, Brophy	Right guard	Henshaw, Woods
Howard, Davis	Left guard	Michie, Schafer

Goals from field—Hammerstein, (6,) O'Brien, (3,) Kiernan, (1,) Parkinson, (2,) Hall, (2,) Romaine. Goals from fouls—Romaine, (9,) Kiernan. Referee—Mr. Babcock, Hamilton. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Catholic Basket Ball Championship.

The Catholic intercollegiate basket ball championship of the East will be decided when the rival quintets of Manhattan College and Fordham University meet at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory to-night. The game to-night will mark the third clash of the rival collegians since the renewal of athletic relations two years ago, after a break lasting ten years.

MOTOR BOAT SHOW OPENING

Assistant Secretary of Navy Roosevelt to Start Garden Exhibit Off.

When Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt arrives at the Madison Square Garden next Saturday afternoon to formally open the Motor Boat Show he will be received there with naval honors. Commander C. O. Brinkerhoff of the Second Batallion, Naval Militia, has detailed a company to do honor to the Assistant Secretary. This company will be in charge of a Lieutenant.

The Assistant Secretary will be entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Vanderbilt, where he will meet about 100 members of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers, leading yachtsmen, and well-known citizens of New York. After the luncheon he will proceed to the Madison Square Garden, and will be accompanied by his aid, several representatives of the Navy Department from Washington and the local navy yard, and the officers of the association.

At the Garden the members of the Naval Militia will stand at attention on the north side of the entrance. As the Assistant Secretary steps from his automobile the shrill tones of the boatswain's whistle will "pipe the side." As Mr. Roosevelt enters the building the drummers will give three ruffles and the buglers three flourishes. The entire company will salute and the band will fall in behind Mr. Roosevelt and his party playing a lively march. As the Assistant Secretary mounts the platform from which he will make his address his flag will be broken out. As soon as he declares the show opened a big American ensign will be broken out from the roof. The opening ceremonies finished, a salute of fifteen guns will be fired as the Assistant Secretary leaves the building.

The show will be opened to the public at 2 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

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CITIZENS' TRAFFIC COMMITTEE MEETS

New Body Organized to Better Street Conditions—Propose Traffic Police Deputy.

The Citizens' Street Traffic Committee of Greater New York was organized yesterday at a meeting held at the Automobile Club of America. It is the purpose of the commitee, which is composed of representatives of various vehicular traffic and pedestrian interests of the city to examine into existing conditions of congestion and render what service it can to the municipal authorities in bettering them. One of the resolutions passed at the meeting embodies the recommendation to the Mayor and the Police Commissioner that a Deputy Commissioner be designated whose sole duty should be to regulate traffic matters, and that a committee of five experts, one from each borough, be appointed to advise with him. A standing committee of three was also appointed to study the traffic police situation, and make such recommendations for the increase and placing of traffic patrolmen as was deemed wise.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were Robert Grier Cooke, President of the Fifth Avenue Association, who was elected Chairman; Elmer Thompson, Secretary of the Automobile Club of America, who was elected Secretary; E. P. Goodrich, consulting engineer of the Borough President of Manhattan; George H. Duck, President of the Motor Truck Club; G. H. Pride, also representing that body; R. W. Meade, President of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company; W. D. Heydecker of the City Club, J. E. Woodman, professor of highway engineering in New York University; S. W. Taylor, Chairman of the Uniform Motor Vehicle Legislation Committee; L. Seligman, of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company; J. K. Orr and C. M. Esty of the Teamowners' Association, A. B. Cumner, an automobile engineer; J. Bernstein, a traffic expert, and Harry Robinson of the General Vehicle Company.

Four members were appointed to wait upon the Mayor, probably to-day, to present the resolution already referred to, in regard to the designation of a Traffic Deputy Police Commissioner. They were Messrs. Cumner, Taylor, Keegan and Cooke. To the Standing Committee on Traffic Policemen were appointed Messrs. Pride, Heydecker, and Or

NATIONAL CITY BANK IN FEDERAL RESERVE

Directors' Unanimous Action Kills Rumors That It Would Take State Charter.

COUNTRY BANKS TO FOLLOW

Many Correspondents of Big Institution Have Written to It for Advice.

The Directors of the National City Bank met yesterday and voted unanimously to join the Federal reserve system, thus setting at rest the various rumors which have been whispered about the financial district for weeks that it would take out a State charter and combine with the Corn Exchange or some other strong State bank or banks.

These rumors took rise from the deliberateness of the City Bank Directors in acting on the question, from which it was surmised that there was a difference of opinion among them. Several of the bank's officers have said all along, however, that the bank would accept the Federal Reserve act in due course, and they repeated yesterday that for several weeks there had been no doubt as to what it would do. They added that it was an important step requiring careful consideration, and in respect to which there had been no occasion for haste.

When Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the City Bank, sailed unexpectedly for Europe about ten days ago to consult with James Stillman, its Chairman, there was a fresh crop of rumors that the City Bank was going out of the National system, and the fact was cited that Mr. Vanderlip had been one of the stoutest opponents of the Federal reserve act through its many variations.

Another report was that Mr. Vanderlip's flying trip was for the purpose of consulting Mr. Stillman on the subject of opening foreign branches, which is permitted by the Federal Reserve act. Little importance was attached to this report, inasmuch as the banks will not know just what they can do in this direction until the Federal Reserve Board has been appointed and has promulgated regulations concerning it, which may be a matter of two or three months. Mr. Vanderlip is to start back on Saturday.

The accession of the National City Bank to the Federal reserve system means that practically all of the national banks in this city have taken steps to join it. Most of them have acted formally or informally and others have called stockholders' meetings with a view to submitting favorable recommendations by the Directors. In no case is there doubt of a favorable decision.

The action of the City Bank is also expected to be followed by the acceptance of the Federal Reserve act by scores of country banks that have held off thus far. The City Bank has many country bank accounts, and a large number of such institutions have written to the City Bank for advice, showing a tendency to be guided by its action. Such banks, it is believed, will now give in their adhesion promptly.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Resignation of 1st Lt. E. Quintard, M. R. C. accepted.

Promotions in the Inf.: 2 Lt. Van Deman, Capt. 21 Inf., to Maj. 21 Inf.; R. H. Hearn, 1st Lt. 9 Inf., to Capt. 9 Inf.; M. M. Keck, 1st Lt. 12 Inf., to Capt. 12 Inf.; J. H. Laubach, 2d Lt. 12 Inf., to 1st Lt. 19 Inf.; G. R. Harrison, 2d Lt. 25 Inf., to 1st Lt. 25 Inf.

These to unassigned: Capt. W. A. Castle, 9 Inf.; 1st Lt. R. Dew, 19 Inf., and 1st Lt. H. F. Sykes, 23 Inf.

These relieved from duty on recr'tg service: 1st Lt. P. J. Horton, C. A. C., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.; to Washington Barracks; 1st Lt. J. M. Holmes, 27 Inf., Jefferson Barks, Mo., to his co.

These detailed for recr'tg service at the depots specified after name: 1st Lt. F. W. Lyon, C. A. C., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.; 1st Lt. G. C. Kelcher, 28 Inf., Jefferson Barks, Mo.

1st Lt. G. L. Gearhart, C. A. C., will visit these places: Eight visits, Bayonne, N. J.; four visits, Arlington, N. J.; two visits, Buffalo, N. Y.; two visits, York, Penn., and two visits, Pittsfield, Mass.

These assignments of officers of the Q. M. C., in addition to present duties, are ordered: (1st Div.,) Q. M., Lt. Col. W. E. Horton, vice Col. J. B. Bellinger, relieved; Asst.—Majs. W. C. Cannon and F. H. Lawton and Capt. G. D. Arrowsmith.

1st Lt. S. J. Turnbull, M. C., is relieved from treatment at the W. Reed Hosp. and to Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., for duty.

Leaves.—Maj. G. H. R. Gosman, M. C., 8 mos.

1st Lt. J. W. Lyon, C. A. C., to detached list, and 1st Lt. P. J. Horton, C. A. C., removed therefrom.

1st Lt. L. Brown, Jr., 3 Cav., to the 1 Cav.

Orders of Jan. 14 transf. 2d Lt. H. D. Chamberlin, 7 Cav., to 2 Cav., amended. He goes April 1 to the 5 Cav.

Col. W. A. Nichols, Inf., and Maj. J. B. Hughes, 1st Cav., will report Army Retiring Board at San Fran. for exam.

This board, Lt. Col. E. M. Blake, C. A. C.; Maj. J. R. Church, Med. Corps.; Capt. C. O. Zollars, C. A. C.; Capt. H. L. Butler, C. A. C., and 1st Lt. C. C. Carlisle, M. C., will meet at Ft. Williams, Me., Feb. 3, to exam. applicants for com. in Vol. Forces.

As a Retiring Board, to meet at San Fran., to meet from time to time: Brig. Gen. J. J. Pershing, Brig. Gen. Jas. Wisser, Col. J. L. Chamberlain, Ins. Gen.; Lt. Col. E. B. Frick, M. C.; Maj. W. F. Lewis, M. C., and Capt. Herbert J. Brees, 1st Cav., recorder.

Navy Orders.

Com. C. T. Vogelgesang, the Wyo., to com. the Des Moines.

Ens. H. R. Hein, the Ozark, to the Mich.

Civil Eng. E. H. Brown, Station, Key West, to Pensacola.

Chf. Gun. T. B. Watson, Training St., Newport, R. I., to fitting the N. Y., and on board when in com.

Ch. Gun. C. P. Dempsey, to N. Y., Phila.

Ch. Gun. A. S. Pearson, N. Y., Phila., to fitting out the Texas and on board when in com.

Gun. R. A. Walker, rec. ship at Phila. to the Idaho.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Nereus at Hampt. Rds, the Minn. at Vera Cruz.

Sailed—Parker, Newport for Guantanamo; Tallahassee, Washington for Norfolk; the Des Moines, Boston for Newport.

G-4 has been assigned to Third Div. Submarine flot. Atl. Flt.

Upon completion of the advance base exercises the Prairie and Hancock will leave Culebra not later than Feb. 10 for Pensacola, the former to New Orleans, and the latter to Mobile.

Wheeling will leave N. Orleans Feb. 3 for Guantanamo for target practice, afterward to Haitian or San Dominican waters.

G-4 will leave N. Y. with the Uncas for Newport about Jan. 27, and if tests are satisfactory will then proceed to Annapolis, where the G-4 will join.

Benham will leave Phila. for Newport about Jan. 29, thence to Guantanamo.

After target practice the Calif. to the W. Coast of Mex. to relieve the Pittsburgh, which vessel will go to San Diego for target practice with the Buffalo.

Maryland to Mare Island after target practice, arriving about Feb. 25.

Potomac will leave Newport shortly for a trip to Newfoundland to rescue certain fishing vessels from the ice.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Prob. patrol. qualified as patrol.: L. J. Fitzgerald, 4 Prect.

Transfers: Lt. E. C. Moger, 154 to 105 Prect.; Patrol. J. C. Thompson, 15 to 23 Prect.; F. W. Claus, 23 to 39 Prect.; J. P. Anthony, 39 to 15 Prect., as station house attend.

Sick leave: John Rooney, Traf. Subdiv. B, 20 days.

Fire Department.

These firemen will report at the 7th Reg. Armory at 10 A. M. Jan. 29, for practice:

J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; T. S. Richards, Eng. 27; Wm. Clancy, Eng. 76; C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 15; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; E. A. Woolley, Eng. 287; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; Frank Munn, Eng. 244; J. C. O'Keefe, Eng. 250; Ralph Bornholz, Eng. 36; I. W. Chattaway, Eng. 271; Chas. Charous, Eng. 221; Jos. Stack, Eng. 260; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 218; Ernest Bergen, Hook & L. 11; A. J. Smith, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 35; A. M. Forster, H. & L. 108; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; Jos. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; Alex. Ungerer, H. & L. 23; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137.

Fined—W. M. Smith, Eng. 55, lost badge, $5.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Pacific storm has moved to the Rocky Mountains, with greatly decreased intensity, and pressure is now rising rapidly in the Pacific States. There is also a narrow trough of depression extending from Texas to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, but without precipitation, except some scattered snows from the lake region eastward.

Snows and rains also continued west of the Rocky Mountains, but elsewhere over the country the weather was generally fair.

It is colder west of the Rockies, with temperatures somewhat below normal, but to the eastward it is abnormally warm, with temperatures from 10 to 25 degrees above seasonal.

Snows and rains may be expected Wednesday in the mountain region and the plains States, followed by generally fair and colder weather Thursday.

There will also be rains and snows Wednesday and Thursday in the central valleys, and probably Thursday night in the Atlantic States. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday. High temperatures will continue in the East and South, but it will be colder by Thursday over the central and northern portions of the country.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southeast to south, except mostly northeast on Florida Coast.

FORECASTS: TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday; probably rain or snow in north, and rain in interior of south portion. Thursday, cloudy and somewhat colder, with south winds, becoming variable.

Southern New England—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday; probably local rains. Thursday, cloudy; moderate south winds.

New Jersey—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; moderate south winds.

Western New York—Unsettled Wednesday; probably local rains; somewhat colder in west. Thursday, unsettled; moderate, variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair in south, unsettled in north, Wednesday; warmer. Thursday, unsettled; moderate south winds.

Northern New England—Local snows Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy and colder; probably snow in Eastern Maine; moderate south winds, becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	42	38	4 P. M.	37	40
6 A. M.	41	30	6 P. M.	35	42
9 A. M.	42	34	9 P. M.	33	40
12 M.	44	36	11 P. M.	29	39

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 36; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 33; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature, 42 degrees at 5:50 P. M.; minimum, 30 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 90 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 92 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.31 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.11 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20–212 St. at Bainbridge Av.; N. Curl.,		$2,500
3:30–2,033 1st Av.; G. Guonni		None
9:30–42 W. 98 St.; Mrs. McGuire		Slight
9:55–242 E. 111 St.; R. Glazier		Slight
P. M.		
1:20–102 W. 133 St.; City Society		Slight
1:25–503 W. 133 St.; not given		Slight
1:30–386 Prospect Av.; A. Gilbert		Slight
1:35–136 W. 53 St.; M. O'Hara		$15
1:35–54 Leroy St.; not given		Slight
1:55–248 W. 39 St.; Lottie McPherson		Slight
2:05–8 King St.; Dr. Tuzzalto		Slight
2:20–1,674 Boston Rd.; Annie Blachert		Slight
3:30–178 St. & N. R.; U. S. V. L. S. C.		Slight
4:15–372 E. 10 St.; Sam'l Finkelman		Slight
4:50–160 Brook Av.; Sam'l Kunnasky		Slight
5:15–501 E. 17 St.; Am. D. Hazel Supply		Slight
5:25–259 Monroe St.; Louis Nagelson		Slight
6:00–70 W. 142 St.; Hattie Murray		Slight
6:35–1,645 Madison Av.; Oscar Sauer		Slight
7:30–200 E. 127 St.; not given		Slight
7:50–692 Cauldwell Av.; J. Fellenstein		Slight
7:55–5 E. 31 St.; Goldforb & Freedman		Slight
9:40–203 Greene St.; Lang & Co.		Not given
11:00–526 W. 34 St.; Sanitary Bed'g Co.		$500

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has made public the eligible list for searcher. The certified list of thirty successful candidates has been sent to the Controller's office. The list is as follows:

Bernard L. Karliner, 80.20; Joseph F. Madeo, 78.70; William T. McAuliffe, 78.70; Archibald D. Wilson, 78.40; Max S. Aaron, 78.30; Emanuel M. Mahel, 78.10; Jacob E. Halperin, 77.70; Willis L. Sawyer, 77.10; G. Nathan, 76.90; George R. Johnson, 75.80; Francis A. Marrone, 75.30; James F. Flanagan, 75; Harold Flatto, 74.90; William B. Roe, 73.80; James J. Carberry, 73.10; Harry A. McDonough, 73; William T. Murphy, 72.40; Thomas F. Egan, 72.40; James J. Scallion, 72.10; Joseph T. Reilly, 71.90; William Flood, 71.80; Meyer Rothenberg, 71.20; John Cooper, 71.20; John F. Mahoney, 71; Henry F. Miller, 70.60; Herman Janowitz, 70.50, and John E. Prendergast, 70.20.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for Superintendent of Industries, for men only, on Feb. 4, to fill a vacancy in the Indian Service at the Albuquerque School, New Mexico, at $1,000 a year. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, and training and experience in mechanical trades.

The appointee must be a competent carpenter. In addition, he should be able to supervise in a general way the work in other trades, including blacksmithing, shoe and harness making, and engineering. He should have good ideas concerning industrial training and the planning of improvements and be capable of handling men and directing them in their duties. He will not be expected to take the blacksmith's or the harness maker's place and conduct the work of either of these trades, but he will be expected to take the engineer's or the carpenter's place. Applicants must have reached their twentieth, but not their fiftieth, birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

DANENBERG, URY, (died July 12, 1913;) net estate, $127,162.65; bank account, $8,-069.67; jewelry, $540; bonds and mortgages, with accrued interest, $122,995.02; 14,858 shares of Manhattan Coffee Mills, Inc., stock, $3,000.

GRAHAM, FREDERICK E., (died Aug. 20, 1913;) net estate, $3,118.89; cash, $3,392.36; clothing, $25.

KENDALL, DANIEL R., (died Jan. 4, 1912;) net estate, $243,612.55; bank accounts, $13,473.24; dividend checks and cash, $2,-369.71; money due, $2,186.72; jewelry, $275; horses, carriages, &c., $775; furniture and clothing, $122; accrued income from father's estate, $2,933.33; stock, $287,205.75; 1,000 shares U. S. Steel common, 600 U. S. Steel pfd., 300 N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., 200 Penn. R. R., 200 Am. Car & F. Co. common, 100 Kan. C. So. pfd., 300 United Dry Goods pfd., 200 Am. Tob. Co. pfd., 300 Int. Paper common, 200 Toledo, St. L. & Kan. City R. R., 50 Standard Oil of N. J., 50 Anglo-American Oil, fractional shares in Standard Oil subsidiaries, 200 shares the Chemical & Electrical Co.

KOCH, BARBARA, (died May 3, 1910;) net estate, $4,515.98; bank accounts, $4,997.15; personal effects, $250.

KROUPA, ANTON, (died Sept. 26, 1905;) net estate, $4,200; insurance, $1,400.

STEIN, LOUIS, (died Sept. 25, 1912;) net estate, $2,166.47; Ohio State Savings Ass'n certificates, $1,386.95; due from Stein, Doblin & Co., $1,219.77.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ASCHER, MINNA, (died Jan. 15;) left less than $5,000 personalty to Pauline Monness, her daughter.

BENDHEIM, ADOLPH M., (died Jan. 19;) left more than $10,000 each in realty and personalty; $10,000, life estate in residue, household furniture, and works of art to Henriette Bendheim, his wife; $50,000, contingent bequest of $50,000 and remainder interest in one-fourth residue each to Edwin and Julius Bendheim, his sons; $105,000, (contingent) and life interest in remainder of one-fourth residue each to Gertrude and Jennie Bendheim, his daughters.

BRENNER, LOUIS F., (died Jan. 15;) left $1,500 personalty; $250 each to Arthur W., Lillian G., George A., and Reginald Brenner, his children; residue to Bridget Brenner, his wife.

BROWN, WILLIAM GARROTT, (died Oct. 19;) left less than $1,000 personalty in equal shares to Eugene L. and Wilson R. Brown, his brothers, the latter now deceased.

FELDMANN, HENRY, (died Jan. 21;) left $25,000 realty and $18,000 personalty; life interest in estate to Elise Feldmann, his wife, and Ottilie Feldmann, his daughter; residue in equal shares to Herman Feldmann, Margaret Hoffmann, Lina Nirnis, Anna Beese, Katie Rinke, his children, and Elsa Doerr, his grandchild.

LIVINGSTON, CHARLES H., (died Jan. 1;) left $8,000 personalty; life interest in estate to Mildred De Haan Livingston, his wife; vested remainder to Henry M. Livingston, his son.

CLASH DISTURBS EMBROIDERY MEN

Cabled Reports of Trouble with Swiss Manufacturers Find an Echo Here.

OBNOXIOUS EXAMINATIONS

St. Gall a Storm Centre with a Commission Looking Up Market Prices of Goods.

The Swiss embroidery trade in this city was disturbed yesterday by cabled reports emanating from St. Gall to the effect that the visit of the United States Commission of Special Agents to investigate conditions in the market there had resulted in a serious clash between the special agents and the manufacturers. Ever since the appointment of the commission became known last month, importers of the embroideries in New York and other large centres in this country have counseled forbearance on the part of the Swiss manufacturers of the goods.

This position has been assumed by the importers in the double hope of avoiding international complications and the possible abrogation of the present stitch rate method of estimating duties on goods brought to this country. From the first, fears were expressed that complications might arise between this country and Switzerland should the special agents attempt to exercise the authority given them under Section 3, Paragraph U of the Tariff act of 1913, calling for the books and other papers of foreign manufacturers relating to cost of manufacture, market values and other details of placing goods on the market.

Importers here also have desired to escape the additional duty of 15 per cent. provided by this paragraph on merchandise imported from manufacturers declining to open their books to United States representatives. While the reports in the trade of a conflict between the American investigators and the St. Gall manufacturers could not be absolutely confirmed yesterday, the rumors that a break had occurred gave rise to much uneasiness among merchants. It was said yesterday that the Treasury Department had been led to make the present investigation as the result of complaints made by New York importers that Carl Kaufmann, the expert appointed by the United States to represent this country at St. Gall and report the market values of the different classes of merchandise produced there, was adding a so-called profit to the cost of production that made a valuation here far in excess of the wholesale selling prices of such goods in Switzerland.

The commission was charged with the duty of investigating this complaint and other complaints filed by the importers, and to make such further investigation as they deemed proper in order to determine and report to the Secretary of the Treasury what constitutes the actual market value of the embroideries at St. Gall. Upon the arrival of the commission at the trade centre of the industry the manufacturers, it was learned yesterday, communicated with the large importing houses in this country and asked whether they should show their books and papers to the commission on demand.

Ex-Judge Thaddeus S. Sharretts, who represents the Lace and Embroidery Association of New York as counsel, said yesterday that the manufacturers' inquiry had been referred to him for reply. Acting on the attorney's advice the following cablegram was sent to the manufacturers:

"Grant the commission's request as a courtesy, but not their legal right to compel acquiescence."

According to the story in circulation in the trade, one of the members of the commission had asserted that if the St. Gall manufacturers did not comply with the commission's demand to show their books and papers, the result would be the abolishment of the present stitch count or rate plan of assessing duties. Judge Sharretts said yesterday that no notice ought to be taken of the alleged threat by the trade until it was confirmed. At the same time it was learned on excellent authority that the manufacturers called a meeting and unanimously declined to grant the commission's demand as shown in their books covering sales made in Europe, and which they claimed had no relation to sales made in the United States. It appears that the manufacturers had no objection to surrendering their data regarding the make-up of goods shipped to this country.

In commenting on the report that the St. Gall manufacturers had given a rebuff to the commission's request, Judge Sharretts said:

"If such proves to be the case it is a matter of great regret to the importers here. It is also the opinion in the trade that the manufacturers' refusal probably resulted from some member of the commission rendering an offensive opinion to the foreign manufacturers, as the latter were instructed by the American importers to co-operate with the commission in their endeavors to determine actual market values.

"I can readily see how a foreign manufacturer would take offense at an officer of the American Government demanding his books and papers relative to his dealings with some other country than the United States. As a matter of fact, the selling prices of purchasers of embroideries for exportation to other countries as well as to the United States is a very important factor in arriving at actual market values. Until the detail relative to what actually occurred with regard to the refusal of the St. Gall manufacturers to submit their books and papers covering sales made to other countries than the United States are in my possession, I shall make no criticism regarding the matter."

Judge Sharretts expressed the opinion that a demand made by an officer of the American customs for a merchant in a country to hand over his books and papers as provided for in Section 3, Paragraph V., is unconstitutional. If, the counsel said, it should transpire that such is the case, Switzerland, or any other country would be justified in refusing to comply with a demand that was unconstitutional here and could not be enforced as against merchants of the United States.

It was learned yesterday that after the commission has completed its investigation at St. Gall it will transfer its activities to Plauen, the German embroidery centre, in order to look into market values in that city. Speculation exists here as to the chances of the reception to be accorded the American investigators at that point. The impression seems to prevail that the manufacturers will fail to comply with the commission's demand to show their books, and in this position will be supported by the German Government. Judge Sharretts said yesterday, however, that importers here had advised the manufacturers in Plauen by cable to co-operate to the best of their ability with the commission when it reaches their city.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education to-day will authorize City Supt. Maxwell, Associate City Supt. Haaren, District Supt. Bardwell, and James E. Peabody of the Morris High School to attend a meeting of the Chairmen of the various committees of the National Education Association in Richmond, Va., on Feb. 25, 26, and 27, their expenses to be paid by the Board of Education.

David L. Arnold, Hanna Wehle, Charles E. Teeter, Mabel R. Benway, and Idelette Carpenter will be assigned to-day as teachers in charge of annexes to high schools.

Ernest L. Crandall and Charles F. Theilusson will be appointed to-day as Principals of evening high schools.

Public School 99, Brooklyn, will be organized as a school for girls and boys with grades from kindergarten to 8B, inclusive.

A room in Evening School 112, Brooklyn, will be set aside for use as a study room for day school pupils.

The sessions of the Evening Recreation Centre, conducted in Public School 179, Manhattan, will be held on Friday evenings until 10 o'clock.

The Board of Education has received a communication from the President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission relative to a rule which provides that no person shall be appointed to any place, employed in any place, under any title or designation not appropriate to the duties he is regularly to perform.

The office of Assistant Director of Cooking for the schools will be established if funds are obtainable.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....4 to 4½% for the best names
Monday.....4 to 4½% " " "

***

W. S. Peck & Co. to Retire.

It was learned on good authority yesterday that W. S. Peck & Co., clothing manufacturers, Syracuse, would retire from business. Notification has been sent to all with whom the company has contracts that the concern desires to liquidate its business and retire. The firm is copartnership consisting of Wilbur S. Peck, Herbert R. Peck, and W. S. Peck, Jr. It was established in 1867 in Syracuse. The local selling offices are at 2 East Twenty-third Street.

***

Duty on Samples of Tea.

The Treasury Department, in an order to Collectors of Customs, gives notice that hereafter full duty must be levied on all tins or other containers of samples of tea packed in packages of less than five pounds. Information was recently received by the department that at some ports packages of this character were being admitted free. The order says that as Paragraph 627 of the new Tariff act makes all containers of tea packed in packages of less than five pounds dutiable at the rate to which they would be subject if imported separately, duty is to be assessed upon the containers of tea whether imported as samples or for consumption, following the instructions contained in T. D. 33,871.

***

Napped Goods Orders Coming In.

Tentative orders for napped goods for Fall delivery are being confirmed freely by the jobbing trade, and new business is also coming in well. Prices are said to have proved very atractive to the wholesaler, and reports of advances in the near future that have emanated from certain sources seem to have stimulated buying to a considerable extent. One prominent house in this market has already sold up and withdrawn its line of mottled outing flannels. An officer of the same company told a TIMES reporter yesterday it was also in such a strong position with its fancy outings that it was being sought by buyers instead of seeking to sell its goods. In some instances, so much business has been done since the opening that salesmen have not yet taken to the road.

***

Smith, Gray & Co.'s Affairs.

A meeting of the Creditors' Committee of Smith, Gray & Co. was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of Feiner & Maass, attorneys, 100 Broadway. After the meeting Benjamin F. Feiner, Secretary of the committee, said: "Representatives of the Smith estate assert that they are working on a plan of reorganization, and inasmuch as this plan will include an offer of a certain amount of cash and the balance in stock the committee has decided to recommend strongly to all of the merchandise creditors that they act in concert in receiving and acting upon the plan when it is formulated and submitted. The committee will therefore urge all merchandise creditors to forward their claims for representation to the committee's Secretary and counsel."

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Coal Production Curtailed.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today:

"For the second time this Winter, widespread curtailment at the anthracite collieries has been necessitated by market conditions. Last week several of the companies worked their mines only from three to five days and, from present indications, reduced time will also be the rule this week. The city dealers are perhaps buying more freely than is the case with other points. Of late the apartment houses have been taking liberal quantities of egg. The steam sizes are in relatively better shape than the domestic sizes. The bituminous market is passing through one of the worst periods of dullness it has experienced in a year and a half. Many mines are on short time, but as they have full complements of cars and labor, tonnage is not being cut down so much as would appear at the first glance."

***

Silk Trade Is Doing Well.

Business in the silk market is beginning to pick up again after the usual period of dullness in the producing end, and some good purchases have been made in the last few days by the larger retailers who are now coming into this market. There has been no real change in the face of the demand, though there is a great deal more talk about taffetas, both chiffon and plain, than there has been for several seasons. According to one prominent wholesaler, it is practically impossible at this time to supply the demand for these goods, but at the same time he says that he does not think the demand will last more than a month or two at best. He bases his judgment on the spurt these goods made two years ago about this time, and the speed with which it petered out. This wholesaler says the remarkable way the general demand is keeping up on silks. Up until Saturday last his business showed a gain of 100 per cent. over that done by him in January, 1913.

***

Many Ribbon Novelties Shown.

In the opinion of men who know, it is a long time since the foreign ribbon mills have turned out so many unusual novelties as they have for Spring. A number of these new effects are now being shown in this market. One of them shows velour roses on a satin ground. This ribbon ranges from eight to ten inches in width, is shown in a variety of colorings, and wholesales at $15 to $20 per piece of approximately ten yards. Reversible printed warp effects in satins, showing flowers and buds, Roman stripes and moires, are also seen. One unusual novelty produced moire, in eight to ten inch widths, is offered at $10 to $12 a piece. Satin taffetas in brilliant colorings and double-faced satins in emerald green, cerise, yellow, and royal purple are also featured. Heavy galoons, or fancy hat bands for women, are offered in cross-stitch effects in white and in various color combinations, and also in ridge effects. Raised polka dots in white on various colored satin grounds, wheel effects in unusual contrasting colors, Persian tapestries, a printed warp bird effect on glace grounds, and cube patterns in variegated patterns complete the showing. Among the popular new colorings are tango, which shades from light pink to a deep mahogany. Other prominent French shadings are spectre, Deauville, and Daim.

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Carpet Buyers Want Lower Prices.

Members of the local floor coverings trade are not altogether pleased with the business that has been booked on the road for Spring. Many of the salesmen have now completed their trips, and it was said yesterday that only in a few cases does the present showing compare favorably with that of last year. It was said that buyers seemed possessed of the idea that free wool should bring lower prices with it, and the fact that one well-known house did lower its prices at the opening has tended to bear out this contention. As a result buyers have taken only what they thought they would need to cover their early season needs, trusting that by holding off as much as possible they could influence the producer to lower his figures. The larger retailers are now coming into this market, and are buying well in view of the unsettled condition of the trade. The tendency of these purchasers runs strongly toward Wiltons and other high-grade goods. By far the largest part of the season's business has been taken on rugs, and while the carpet business has been fair, it has been confined principally to hall runners and stair coverings. Much interest is shown in the recent wage cut of one of the largest manufacturers in the country, and the trade is wondering whether it presages an auction of cheap goods in the Fall or whether it is merely a cut thought necessary to meet conditions imposed by the new tariff.

ARNOLD DALY SUES BANK.

Asks $50,000; Says His Check to Ritz-Carlton Wasn't Honored.

Arnold Daly, player and playwright, began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for $50,000 damages against the Harriman National Bank. The complaint says that Mr. Daly had more than $500 on deposit with the bank on Jan. 13 and that he gave a check for $24.85 to the Ritz-Carlton which was returned marked "No account at this bank." Mr. Daly says the bank maliciously refused to pay the check and thereby damaged his credit and publicly humiliated him.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Incorporated to-day: Gouverneur Mortgage Corp., realty, const., brokerage; $500,000. Robt. Strange, L. A. Kingwood, D. O. McCarthy, 225 W. 72 St.

Harry Alexander, Inc., contr., constr., eng.; $125,000. Harry Alexander, F. C. Smith, E. May Robinette, 20 W. 34 St.

Oswick Real Estate Co., constr., insurance; $200,000. H. B. Baker, G. R. Fellows, G. A. Young, Jr., 1,613 10 Av., B'klyn.

College Brand Clothes; $50,000. L. H. Cohn, W. A. Herrmann, Jonas Greenwald, 55 Gt. Jones St.

S. A. Jacobson Co., reed, willow, rattan; $15,000. Sam'l A. and Chas. Jacobson, Isaac Slinger, 100 Riverside Drive.

World's Tour Baseball Co., motion pictures; $10,000. J. J. Gleason, Wm. McCarty, J. A. Herst, 203 W. 81 St.

Whitewood Corp., Weedsport; motors, autos; $25,000. T. M. Osborne, C. E. Whitman, C. S. Caywood, Weedsport.

Danse De Luxe Amusement Co., B'klyn; $10,000. J. E. Roth, J. M. Herzberg, Sam'l Randel, 55 W. 117 St.

Renault Tire & Rubber Co., B'klyn; $25,000. Max Hillman, D. M. Hanley, Harry Baumstone, 55 E. 118 St.

Capital increases: Cluny Realty Corp., N. Y., $50,000 to $100,000; Westcott Whitmore Co., Syracuse, $30,000 to $75,000.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Edgar B. Walters, manager of the local salesrooms of W. S. Peck & Co., clothing manufacturers, when questioned yesterday concerning the report that the firm was to retire, said that his personal plans for the future were somewhat indefinite. He added, however, that he might extend the business of a chain of retail stores, several of which are now controls.

The Murner Company, resident buyers, formerly at 225 Fourth Avenue, have moved to larger quarters at 1,261 Broadway, corner of Thirty-first Street.

Henry F. Samstag of Samstag & Hilder Brothers, importers and manufacturers of dress goods, returned to the city from and returned yesterday from a week's hunting trip in the vicinity of Greensborough, N. C.

At a recent meeting of the creditors of the John Degelman Company, Degelman & Lang and Lang & Cooper, men's furnishings, Pittsburgh, it was voted that the creditors' interests would be served best by deferring all action on their part until another meeting was called. This meeting, it was decided, will be held on May 3 P. M., at 433 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, and it is expected that the debtors will then present a proposition for settlement.

The Klein-Whitelaw Company, men's furnishings, Cleveland, Ohio, which firm was recently petitioned into bankruptcy, are offering to make a settlement of 25 cents on a dollar. The creditors, however, are not inclined to settle on that basis, it was said yesterday. The firm's assets are given as $17,000 and its liabilities $53,000. There will be a meeting of creditors in Cleveland on Feb. 4. It is understood that a number of local houses are involved.

Exports exclusive of specie from this port in the week ended Jan. 24 were valued at $18,926,097, compared with $22,162,965 last week, and $10,779,136 in the corresponding week of 1913. The total valuation of the present year's exports to date is $73,965,236, against $81,342,856 in the corresponding period of last year.

Exports of domestics and cotton duck from New York last week totaled $418,862, compared with $479,351 in the week previous. The greatest amount shipped to a single country, $76,265 worth of merchandise, went to the Philippines.

A report from the London Consulate General concerning the Cycle, Motor Cycle, and Cycle Car Exhibition, that was held in Olympia recently, is now on file at the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, in the Custom House. This report contains also a list of motor cycles, side cars, and cycle cars that are now on the British market.

Louis Lowinson, cotton goods broker, 72 Leonard Street, will be back in the trade tomorrow after a business trip to Boston, Providence, and Fall River.

The ribbon department of the H. B. Claflin Company has been removed from the fifth floor on the Thomas Street side of the building to the corner of the second floor facing on Worth Street and West Broadway. The fancy goods and notions department of the company yesterday began a three-day sale of small wares and notions.

More than a hundred representatives of the Ogus, Rabinovich & Ogus Company, millinery department store of Chicago, held a luncheon yesterday at the Hotel Brevoort, Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street, to discuss plans for the coming season. The representatives of the concern, who came from all sections of the country, had as their guest Frank Rabinovich, Vice President of the company. Max Sterenberg, General Manger of the Southern district, with headquarters in Dallas, Tex., was toastmaster. The tone of the meeting was indicative of a good outlook for the future.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The attention of American manufacturers, exporters, and shippers is called to a practical and instructive feature of the International and Colonial Exhibition to be held in Genoa, beginning March next. This feature is the packing show, which will be held in connection with the Italian Colonial exhibit, embracing an exhibition of the packing of merchandise for export trade.

The Municipal Council of Marseilles has recently voted to erect a new lycee building and to invite French architects to submit plans. This may be an opportunity for the sale of American school furniture. A list of the principal furniture dealers in Marseilles has been forwarded and may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

Consul Gen. Frank H. Mason reports from Paris that the total value of exports from France to the United States and its insular possessions in 1913, as invoiced at the American Consulates and agencies throughout the republic, was $140,018,549, an increase of $8,788,385 over 1912.

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ALBANY—Ellis & Blume; E. Blume, furn. goods; King Edward.

APPLETON, Wis.—Pettibone-Peabody Co.; J. R. Didderich, carpets; 41 Union Square.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. E. Henderson, ladies' sweaters; B. R. Reed, dress goods; M. G. Frasier, ladies' neckwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. F. Rummell, men's, boys' clothing; 214 Church.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; E. E. Taylor, ornaments; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frasier, laces, neckwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, cloaks, suits, skirts; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; J. S. Radcliffe, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 200 5th Av.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Firm in Narrower Trading—Foreign Advices Favorable—The Steel Earnings.

Dealings on the Stock Exchange were further reduced yesterday, but the market was strong most of the day. Advances made at the opening partly in response to buying for foreign account were not in all cases retained, but relatively few issues showed any net loss at the close despite the continuance of the realizing sales which have been induced by the sharp rise which has taken place since the beginning of the year. Europe's disposition to participate in our market was increased by the favorable course taken by affairs abroad. Another sharp advance in consols and a further drop in discount rates at London, which was accepted as foreshadowing an additional reduction in the English bank rate possibly to 3 per cent., gave zest to the London market. Discounts were also reported easing in Paris, rentes rose moderately and prices on the Bourse were firm there as well as in Berlin. Consols have now gained close to 3½ points this month. This is one of several striking indications of the strong drift away from the conditions which prevailed in the markets toward the close of last year.

The quarterly earnings of the United States Steel Corporation published after the close of the Stock Exchange reflected strikingly the fact that the recession in trade did not make itself greatly felt until after the first of November. From then until the end of December there was a rapid decline in the activity at the steel mills and since then improvement has again been under way. The Steel Corporation's profits for the last three months of the year tallied very closely with what was expected. Surplus had to be drawn on to the extent of a little over $1,000,000 to provide the usual dividend on the common stock but for the full year after setting aside $15,000,000 for additional property, new plants and construction there is shown a balance of over $15,500,000.

Much interest was aroused in the afternoon by the summaries received from Washington of an important decision by the Interstate Commerce Commission which was believed to bear importantly on the pending application of the eastern railroads for a 5 per cent. advance in freight rates. Judgment regarding the possible effect of this decision, which deals with the relations of common carriers to industrial railroads, upon the broader questions involved in the general rate case was necessarily reserved until a fuller understanding of this decision than was possible in the closing hour of trading yesterday could be had. Some drew the inference from this decision that the railroads would have to wait longer than they have anticipated for a general increase in their rates should the Commission's award finally be in favor of an increase.

Favorable note was taken of the decision of the largest of the country's national banks to enter the Federal Reserve Bank system and of the acceptance of the terms of the new law by a rapidly increasing number of banks all over the country.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
A year ago	3	2¾	2¾	2¾
Since Jan. 1	10	1⅞	..	..
Same period, 1913.	5	2½	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2½@3	3¼@3½	3¾@4

Commercial paper (prime bills) ..... 4 — 4¼@4½

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$505,790,893	$22,802,911
Sub-Treasury debit balance		376,697
Banks lost since Friday,	$2,931,000.	

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2¾	1½	20 m 49 pf
Paris	3½	3½	25 f 21c
London	2¾	2	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8625	$4.8595	$4.86
A year ago	4.8765	4.8755	4.8765
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8550	.....
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.86	$4.8625
Paris	5.18⅛ —1-16	5.18⅛
Berlin	94 15-16 —3-32	95 —1-32
Switzerl'd	5.18⅜ —3-32	5.18¾ —1-32
Holland	40.23	40.27
Belgium	5.21¼ —1-16	5.21¼ —5-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83
Paris	5.21⅞ +1-16	5.21¾
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.8375	$4.8275
Paris	5.21⅞ —1-32	5.23¼ —1-16
Berlin	94⅜ —1-32	94⅛ —1-32
Amsterdam	39.95	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	Par	Montreal	78⅛c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26⅜d per ounce, up 3-16d; New York, 58c, up ⅜c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.02	Justice	.01
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con	.03
Belcher	.39	Mexican	1.10
Best & Belcher	.19	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	1.25	Ophir	.19
Challar	.02	Potosi	.01
Confidence	.35	Savage	.07
Con. Cal. & Va	.10	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.05
Crown Point	.38	Utah Con	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Yellow Jacket	.37
Hale & Norcross	.07		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	7.75	D'field Fract	.11
Jim Butler	.92	D'field Daisy	.03
McNamara	.11	D'field Bl. B	.03
Midway	.40	Florence	.76
Mizpah Exten	.37	G'field Con. M	1.65
Montana	1.25	G'field Merger	.13
North Star	.41	Jumbo Exten	.22
Rescue Eula	.13	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Exten	1.92½	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.64	Vernal	.05
West End	1.47½	Nevada Hills	.46
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.44
Atlanta	.17	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.03	Manhattan Con	.04
C. O. D.	.02	Man. Big Four	.13

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6¼	6⅜	Jackpot	5½	7
Elkton	3⅝	5⅝	McKinney	58	60
El Paso	230	273	Old Gold	1	1¼
Findlay	..	2½	Portland	100	105
Gold Dol	5	6½	Vindicator	82	84
Isabella	1¾	10½	R. B. H.	..	4½

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday tin developed more activity and strength, 15 tons of February delivery selling at 39.12½; 15 at 39.10; 20 at 39.05; 5 March at 39.10; 5 April at 39.00. Spelter was up 10 points. Copper was unchanged.

The close bid and asked prices follow:

	—Tuesday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Monday.— Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper— Spot	..	14.50	..	14.50
January	..	14.50	..	14.50
February	..	14.50	..	14.50
March	..	14.50	..	14.50
Spelter	5.35	5.45	5.25	5.35
Zinc	5.35	5.45	5.25	5.35
Lead	4.05	4.10	4.05	4.10
Tin	39.12½	39.37½	38.90	39.10

London prices yesterday, for copper and pig tin, compared with Monday, follow:

	Tuesday. £ s. d.		Monday. £ s. d.	
Copper, spot	65	12 6	65	2 6
Copper, futures	65	17 6	65	7 6
Pig tin, spot	179	0 0	176	15 0
Pig tin, futures	179	5 0	178	0 0

The market finished weak. Spanish pig lead, £20 2s 6d, unchanged. Spelter, £21 10s, down 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants, 56s 10d, up 2½d.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Canny Steel Men.

Brokerage houses with branch offices in Pittsburgh think they have seen in recent selling orders received over the wires from that city evidence of some shrewd arbitrage trading on the part of wise employes of the United States Steel Corporation. The Steel men might not apply that term to their trading, but the operation is not unlike what is generally known as arbitraging. The corporation allows its men to buy common and preferred stock each year at a price fixed, generally under the prevailing market quotations. The recent advance in Steel has carried the market quotations well above the price made for employes and as a result many holders of the preferred stock, who are not able to buy the additional shares offered them at 105, have been selling stock bought previously and will use the proceeds to buy new stock back at 105. At yesterday's price for the preferred such a shift meant a profit of $7. a share. The common stock is now ten points above the price fixed for employes.

***

Helped by Monopoly.

Employes of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad are not dissatisfied over the acquistion of their company by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The Coney Island & Brooklyn had been so weakened financially in late years that little was done for the motormen and conductors in the way of wage increases or pension benefits. With the assuming of control by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit the larger system's standard of wages and benefits for long service has been extended to include the men employed by the smaller company. As a result of the change in employers the Coney Island & Brooklyn men, of whom about 500 are effected, will get an average increase of wages of about 10 per cent.

***

Union Pacific in December.

December was not kind to most of the railroads. The Union Pacific reported yesterday gross earnings for the last month in 1913 of $7,456,000, a loss of $387,000 as compared with December in 1912. The loss in net earnings was larger; the total net for the month was $2,180,000, a decrease of $443,000. For the last six months of 1913, which constitutes the first half-year of the current fiscal period, Union Pacific's net earnings totaled $19,672,000, a loss of $2,-192,000 from the corresponding six months of last year. A loss of this size, even if it is repeated in the second half of the year, will not affect the company's ability to pay its regular dividends.

***

Close Guessing.

Four times each year Wall Street puts in its spare time for a day guessing at the United States Steel Corporation's quarterly net earnings, which it knows will be announced after 3 o'clock. Most of the traders come downtown with their minds all made up on the matter. They have unconsciously adopted an estimate made by some one better informed than themselves, which they are prepared to defend as their own. This estimate is usually subject to frequent revision. If Steel goes up, the student adds a million or two on his total, whereas if the price drops he subtracts something. There was an estimate printed Monday by a man in close touch with Steel affairs that not only made the total for the quarter just what it was announced twenty-four hours later, but even guessed the net earnings correctly for each of the three months. When Steel showed an accession of strength yesterday gossip raised this estimate by from two to three millions. When a reaction came the lower total was restored to favor.

***

Day's Loss Small.

The market had been enjoying such a sustained period of strength lately that a slight reaction yesterday was at once characterized as heaviness. As a matter of fact, the day's loss was very slight. The railroads, the average price of which was 84.44 on Monday night, closed yesterday at 84.22, a net loss of only .22 in the averages. The industrials lost exactly as much ground as they lost in Saturday's reactionary market. They closed at 60.95 Monday and at 60.63 last night, a decline of .32. The combined averages for rails and industrials receded only .27, although at one time in the session they had a loss of .42. The reaction made less ground than on Saturday, when the net loss was .42 points.

NATIONAL SURETY'S YEAR.

President Joyce Confident of Maintenance of Dividends.

Reporting for the year ended with Dec. 31 last, President William B. Joyce of the National Surety Company, says that despite a depression in trade, which resulted in a decrease of $615,-829 in the net premiums written, he believes the maintenance of the present dividends is safeguarded. The management decided in the latter part of 1912 that it would be prudent to curtail the underwritings until an improvement in business took place. A policy of retrenchment in expenses resulted in a reduction of $113,573 in administration costs.

The National Surety's losses increased $197,153 over those for 1912, and the market value of its securities depreciated $282,752. The income from securities was $284,913, or $44,913 in excess of 12 per cent. upon the capital stock. Earnings from investments and operation were $638,277, out of which $240,-000 was paid in dividends, $282,253 was written off for depreciation and the balance transferred to profit and loss.

New Pennsylvania Vice Presidents.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad today created a new office, that of Vice President Resident in Chicago, and A. M. Schoyer, at present General Manager of the Vandalia Railroad at St. Louis, was elected to the post. The vacancy on the board created by the resignation of Joseph Wood, also a Vice President, was filled by the appointment of W. W. Atterbury. J. J. Turner, now Second Vice President, was elected to succeed Mr. Wood in general executive charge of the lines west of Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

In "Essential Railroad Statistics," Thompson, Towle & Co. have issued in very compact form a summary of the principal figures of fifty railroads for the past year.

The Stock Exchange Listing Committee has ruled that contracts in Canadian Pacific fully paid 6 per cent. note certificates, due 1924, shall be settled by delivery of temporary certificates on one day's notice on and after Feb. 24. A due bill for the interest at 6 per cent. shall accompany delivery for interest to March 2.

Directors of the National Commercial Bank of Albany have elected W. W. Batcheldor Vice President and Cashier, Jacob H. Herzog Vice President, and William L. Gillespie Assistant Cashier.

Cutting in half the initation fee of $500 for new members has resulted n a stimulated demand for seats on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Three new members, U. M. Reinach, J. K. Watson, and G. E. Sheehan, have just been elected, and there are five seats now in process of transfer.

Directors of the Pennsylvania Company, controlling the Pennsylvania system west of Pittsburgh, have elected J. J. Turner to succeed Joseph Wood, resigned, as First Vice President. A. H. Schoyer, now General Manager at St. Louis of the Vandalia, was chosen to fill a new position of Vice President resident in Chicago. W. W. Atterbury was made a Director, to succeed Mr. Wood.

C. W. Huntington, General Superintendent of the Jersey Central, will succeed W. G. Bierd as Vice President and General Manager of the Minneapolis & St. Louis. Mr. Huntington was formerly with the Iowa Central.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Oil Stocks Rather Quiet and Changes in Prices Smaller Than Recently.

The oil stocks were rather quiet in the outside security market yesterday, and the changes were only in a few instances noteworthy. South Penn Oil was conspicuous for an advance of 5 points, while Standard Oil of California fell off 3 points. Among the industrials, the Kelly Springfield Tire issues were strong, the common advancing 1½ and the preferred 6 points. The trading was in small lots, however.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Bay State G.	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,500	Brit.-A. Tob.	23⅝	23⅝	23	23
400	B.-A. T., new	23½	23½	23⅜	22⅝
100	Houston Oil..	16½	16½	16½	16⅝
85	Kelly S. Tire	55	55	53	55
10	Kelly S. T. pf.	127	127	127	127
490	In. Rub. t. c.	10⅜	10⅜	10¼	10¼
250	L. V. C. S. Co.	195	195	195	193
2,500	Manhattan T.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1¼
800	Marconi of A.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	6¾
450	Maxwell M..	4¾	5	4¾	5
30	Mx. M. 1st pf.	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
45	Mx. M. 2d pf.	8½	9	8½	9
250	Pueb. S. & R.	2½	2½	2⅜	2½
400	R.-Hegeman.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
300	Tobacco P. pf.	86½	86½	85½	85½
200	United Cigar S. Co. of A. pf.	94¼	94¼	93¾	93¾
100	United C. S. Co. of A. pf.	114½	115	114½	115

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,000	A.-A. O., new	..	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝
40	Buckeye P. L.	..	183	182	183
75	Continental O.	..	229	225	227
40	Crescent P. L.	..	69	67	67
40	Comb. P. L.	..	67	67	67
10	Galena-S. Oil.	..	181	181	181
100	Indiana P. L.	..	145	140	142
75	National P. L.	..	44	44	44
350	North. P. L.	..	130	127	129
100	Ohio Oil	..	159	158	159
50	Pierce Oil	..	92	91	92
90	Prair. C. & G.	..	490	452	454
150	South P. Oil.	..	336	325	330
15	Southw. P. P. L.	..	160	160	160
100	S. O. of Cal.	..	280	285	285
60	S. O. of N. J.	..	420	417	419
300	S. O. of N. Y.	..	186	183	184
28	S. O. of O.	..	384	377	382
100	Union T. L.	..	100	99	99
120	Vacuum Oil	..	217	213	216

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	*Atlanta	18½	18½	18½	18½
1,500	*Big Four	14	14	12½	13
400	Boston Mon.	6	6¼	6	6¼
400	Braden Cop.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
300	Brit. Col. C.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
100	Buffalo M.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
300	Butte-N. Y.	1	1⅛	1	1 1-16
500	*Can. Gold S.	8	8	8	8
12,700	*Cari. Cobalt.	69	71	68	71
1,500	*C. O. D. Con.	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5¼
2,500	Con. Ari. Sm.	9-16	9-16	½	9-16
300	Cop. Mines C.	2¾	2¾	2 11-16	2 11-16
1,700	Crown Res.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1⅞	1⅞
2,000	*Diamon. B.B.	3½	4	3½	4
1,000	*Diamond D.	4	4	4	4
50	First Nat.	3¾	3¾	3¼	3¼
12,500	*Florence	80	83	75	76
100	Goldfield Con.	11 16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
200	*Gold Hill M.	25	25	25	25
300	Greene-C., new	37	37½	37	37½
2,200	*Greenwater	7	7	7	7
500	Kerr Lake	4 15-16	5	4 15-16	5
900	La Rose Con.	1⅞	1 15-16	1⅞	1 15-16
4,000	McK.-Dar.	1¼	1 5-16	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Macnamara	11	11	11	11
2,000	*Manhat. Big Four	14	14	14	14
1,200	*Nevada Hills	46	46	44	44
500	*New Utah B.	40	40	40	40
400	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛
7,000	*North Star	44	44½	42½	42½
200	Ohio Copper	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
8,500	*Oro	14	14½	13½	14
500	Stand. Sil.-L.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,000	Stewart	1⅛	1 5-16	1⅛	1 5-16
100	Ton. Belmont	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
500	Ton. Ex.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
3,200	T. J. Butler	90	93¼	90	91
5,500	*Ton. Merger	70	70	67	67
2,500	*Ton. Mid.	41½	42	41½	41½
200	Ton. Mining	7¼	7¼	7 3-16	7 3-16
5,500	Ton. Mizpah.	40	40	..	..
200	Ton. of Nev.	7¼	7¼	7 3-16	7 3-16
600	Tularosa	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
450	Tuolum. Cop.	71	75	71	75
2,500	West E. Con.	1 9-16	1 9-16	1⅜	1½
2,500	*West E. Ex.	4	4	3	4

BONDS.

$16,000	C.P. 6% nts.	102½	102¾	102½	102½
5,000	K. S. T. 4s	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
25,000	N.Y.C. 4½ 1961	100⅛	100⅛	100⅜	100⅜

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex did.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	14⅜	15¼	14⅜	14⅝
Atlantic Refining	803	815	805	815
Borne-Scrymser	300	315	300	315
Buckeye Pipe Line	181	183	181	183
Chesebrough Mfg	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	120	130	120	130
Continental Oil	227	230	225	230
Crescent Pipe Line	61	63	60	63
Cumberland Pipe L.	65	69	65	69
Eureka Pipe Line	340	345	340	345
Galena-Signal Oil	181	183	182	185
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Indiana Pipe Lines	142	144	139	142
National Transit	44	46	44	46
New York Transit	324	328	325	330
Northern Pipe Line	129	131	124	127
Ohio Oil	158	160	158	160
Prairie Oil & Gas	453	456	452	455
Solar Refining	365	375	365	375
Southern Pipe Line	235	260	253	260
South. Penn. Oil	330	335	320	325
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	158	160	157	162
Standard Oil (Cal.)	284	286	288	288
Stand. Oil (Cal.) rts.	16½	17½	16½	17½
Standard Oil (Ind.)	464	467	460	465
Standard Oil (Kan.)	470	480	470	480
Standard Oil (Ky.)	675	685	670	680
Stand. Oil (Ky.), new	225	235	228	230
Standard Oil (Neb.)	475	485	475	485
Standard Oil (N. J.)	417	419	418	420
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	183	185	184	186
Standard Oil (Ohio)	380	385	375	380
Swan & Finch	295	305	295	305
Union Tank Line	99	101	99	101
Vacuum Oil	215	217	213	215
Washington Oil	60	63	60	63
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	Mar. 15, '15	100¼	100½	4.85
Am. Locom.	July, 1915	99½	100	5.00
Austrian Gov.	July 14, '15	90¼	100	5.00
B. & Ohio	July, 1914	100⅜	100¼	3.50
Boston & Me.	Feb. 3, '14	95	99½	25.00
Boston & Me.	June 2, '14	93	96	17.00
Bklyn. R. T.	July, 1918	98⅝	98¾	5.35
Chat. R. & L.	June, 1915	96	98¾	7.00
Ches. & Ohio.	June, 1914	99¼	100¼	4.00
Chi. & W. I.	Sep. 1915	99½	99¾	5.15
Chi. El. Rys.	July, 1914	97⅝	98⅝	10.00
Con. Gas Co.	Feb. 25, '14	100	100¼	3.75
C. P. (Minn.)	May, 1917	95	97	7.00
Erie R. R.	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100⅝	3.50
Erie R. R.	Oct., 1914	100⅜	100⅝	4.00
Erie R. R.	Apr., 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.25
Gen. Elec.	April 16, '14	4.00%	3.50%	
Gen. Motors.	Oct., 1915	99⅜	100	6.00
Gen.-Rubber.	July, 1915	98⅝	99	5.25
Hock. Valley.	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	4.25
Ill. Central	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.65
Int. & Gt. N.	Aug. 1914	95¾	98½	11.75
Int. Harvest.	Feb. 15, '15	100⅛	100⅜	4.70
Lac. Steel	Mar., 1915	95½	96½	8.10
L. S. & M. S.	Mar. 15, '14	100	100¼	3.00
Mich. Cent.	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
Min. & St. L.	Feb., 1914	99¾	100	6.00
M., K. & T.	May, 1915	98	98¾	8.05
Mo. Pacific	June, 1914	97	97½	13.00
M. T. & P.	Apr., 1915	98½	100	6.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	Apr. 21, '14	100¼	100⅜	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	Sep. 15, '14	100¼	100⅜	3.75
N.Y.C. & H.R.	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.10
N.Y.C. & H.R.	May, 1915	99¾	99⅞	4.80
N.Y., N.H. & H.	May 18, '14	99⅜	99⅞	6.40
N.Y. Prod.	July 9, '14	100¼	101	3.95
Pac. G. & E.	June 25, '14	100	100⅛	4.80
Seaboard A.L.	Mar., 1916	99	99⅝	5.10
So. Pacific.	June 15, '14	100⅜	100½	3.65
Railway.	Oct., 1916	94⅝	95	4.95
Sulz. & Sons.	June, 1916	99½	99¾	6.10
State of Tenn.	July, 1914	100½	100⅝	4.10
U.S.S.R. & M.	Aug., 1914	99½	100¼	4.50
Union Typew.	Jan. 1, '16	97	98¾	5.85
United Fruit.	May, 1917	101¾	102¼	5.20
Utah Co.	Apr., 1917	99½	100¼	5.85
West. E. & M.	Aug., 1915	101	101¼	5.12
Western Md.	July, 1915	98	98¼	6.15
West. Power.	July, 1915	97	98½	7.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.60% 4.45%
C. & N.W. eq. tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.60% 4.45%
Erie eq. tr.	..	Jan., 1914-23	5.05% 4.90%
H. Val. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	5.00% 4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.60% 4.45%
N.Y.C.L. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-28	4.85% 4.70%
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50% 4.40%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	5	Feb. 15, '14-22	5.03% 4.90%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.60% 4.50%

U. P. ORDERS 5,000 CARS.

$5,500,000 Order One of the Largest in a Year.

One of the best equipment orders placed in the last year was announced by the Union Pacific yesterday. The company has awarded contracts for 5,000 freight cars, which will involve an outlay of approximately $5,500,000. The order is for 4,000 box, 600 automobile, and 400 stock cars. The American Car and Foundry Company will supply 2,000 of the box cars and the Pressed Steel Car Company the rest.

Delivery of the new equipment will start in April, so that the last of the cars may be on hand by the next crop-moving period.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	A. C. Line of Conn.	260	260	260
80	Cigar Mach. Corp.	2¼	2¼	2½
40	Cons. Coal	94	94	94
263	Cons. Power	107	106½	107
811	Elkhorn Fuel	20	20	20
3	Fidelity & Deposit	154	154	154
718	Houston Oil ctfs.	16¼	16	16¼
225	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	59	58	59
12	Mercantile Trust	170½	170	170
160	Penn. Water & P.	68½	68	68
1,235	United Ry. & Elec.	26½	26	26¼

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Adventure	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
135	Allouez	38½	38	38
450	American Zinc	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
250	Ariz. Commercial	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞
100	Butte-Bal	4	4	4
665	Butte & Superior	36¼	34⅝	35⅞
290	Calumet & Arizona	67⅞	67½	67⅝
6	Calumet & Hecla	435	430	430
15	Centennial	17	17	17
65	Copper Range	39¾	39	39
815	East Butte	13	12¾	12¾
155	Franklin	4¼	4	4¼
1,346	Granby	84½	83	84
10	Hancock	20	20	20
75	Indiana	5¾	5¾	5⅝
55	Island Creek pf.	85⅝	85⅛	85⅛
220	Isle Royale	22¼	22	22
380	Kerr Lake	5	4 15-16	5
898	Keweenaw	4	3⅞	3⅞
35	Lake	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
25	Mass. Cons	3	3	3
300	Mayflower	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
20	Michigan	1	1	1
50	Mohawk	45½	45	45
1,280	New Arcadian	3½	3¼	3⅜
1,583	North Butte	29¾	28¾	28

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Due July, 1914.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 27, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Jan. 27, 1914	409,495
Same day last year	450,419
Total year to date	8,274,672
Same period last year	7,233,019
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.42 —.27
Same day last year	76.92 +.76

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	72.99	Jan. 23	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1912	85.88	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
90	101	10	Adams Express	100	100	100	100	— ⅝
22⅞	23⅛	1,800	Alaska Gold Mines	23½	23½	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅝
12⅛	13	1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	12½	13⅛	12⅞	13	+ ⅞
75⅜	75½	20,100	Amalgamated Cop	76	76⅛	75	75⅜	+ ⅛
54	55	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	55½	55⅞	53⅝	53⅞	+ ⅞
26½	27½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	27	27	27	27	+ ⅛
34⅝	34½	16,350	Am. Can	34¼	35⅛	34¼	34⅞	+ ⅛
95⅝	95¾	1,250	Am. Can pf	95⅜	95⅞	95⅜	95½	+ ⅛
49¾	50	600	Am. Car & Fdry	50½	50¾	49⅞	49⅞	+ ⅞
114	116	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	116	116	116	116	+ ⅞
68	69	10	Am. Cities pf	68	68	68	68	
84	84½	15	Am. Coal Products	84	84	84	84	
42	43	500	Am. Cotton Oil	42½	42¾	42⅛	42½	— ⅛
95	97	160	Am. Cotton Oil pf	96	96	96	96	+1
100	112	140	Am. Express	110	110	110	110	— ¼
4⅛	4⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leath	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	
24⅞	25¼	400	Am. Ice Securities	25	25¼	25	25¼	+ ¼
30	31⅝	100	Am. Linseed pf	31	31	31	31	
35½	36½	900	Am. Locomotive	36⅛	36⅝	35¼	35½	— ⅛
101	102	112	Am. Locomotive pf	101⅛	101⅞	69¾	70¼	+ ⅛
70	70¼	7,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70	70⅝	69¾	70¼	+ ⅛
103⅜	104⅜	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ⅛
164	167	200	Am. Snuff	165½	165½	165½	165½	+ 1½
34	35	600	Am. Steel Fdries	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	— ⅛
108	100	100	Am. Sugar Refin	108½	108½	108½	108½	— ⅛
113	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	113	113	113	113	— ⅛
123⅜	124	1,300	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123⅞	124	123⅝	123⅞	+ ⅛
245	246	100	Am. Tobacco	245⅜	245⅝	245⅜	245⅜	+ 1¼
104½	106	210	Am. Tob. pf., new	105¾	106¼	105¾	105¼	
82	84	150	Am. Woolen pf	83	83	83	83	+1
36½	36⅝	2,600	Anaconda Cop. Co	36⅜	36⅞	36⅜	36½	+ ⅛
19⅛	24	1,650	Assets Realization	21½	21⅝	20	20½	— 4½
99⅜	99⅝	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	100¼	100¼	100	100	— ⅛
100	100⅛	250	Atch., T., & S. F. pf	100½	100½	100	100	— ⅛
124½	125	300	Atlantic Coast Line	125	125	124¾	124⅝	— ⅛
97⅜	97¾	1,910	Baltimore & Ohio	98¼	98⅝	97⅛	97½	+ ⅛
82½	84	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	83	83	83	83	+ ⅛
...	...	25	Bank of Commerce	172	172	172	172	+ ⅛
31	31½	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	77½	77½	76½	77¼	— 1
77¼	77⅝	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	77	77½	77	77½	— ⅛
91½	91¾	900	Brook. Rapid Tran	91¾	91¾	91¼	91½	+ ⅛
127½	128	100	Brook. Union Gas	128	128	128	128	+ ⅛
7	8	200	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
28½	29	100	Butterick Co	29	29	29	29	— 1
25	28¼	500	California Petrol'm	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	— 1½
62⅜	64⅛	200	California Pet. pf	64½	64½	63½	63½	— 1½
212¼	212½	6,050	Canadian Pacific	212⅜	213⅜	211¾	212⅜	+1
91	94	800	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	90	91	90	91	+1
28⅜	28½	4,900	Central Leather Co	28⅝	28⅝	28¼	28¼	+ ⅛
96½	97⅛	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf	97	97	97	97	+ ⅛
67	67¼	2,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	67¼	67⅜	67	67	+ ⅛
32¼	32¾	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf	32¼	33	32¾	33	+ ⅛
103¼	103½	2,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	103⅝	104¼	103⅛	103⅝	+ ⅛
134	134⅝	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	134	134	134	134	— 1
41⅜	41½	3,700	Chino Copper	41⅞	42	41¾	41¾	— ⅛
32⅞	33	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	33	33	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
186	190	100	Col. & Southern	186	186	186	186	— 1½
136¼	136¾	4,000	Consolidated Gas	136⅜	136⅝	136	136	+1
11⅝	11⅞	800	Corn Products Ref	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	
69	70	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	
...	...	12	Corn Exchange B'k	318½	318½	318½	318½	— ⅝
98	98¼	200	Deere & Co. pf	98¼	98¼	97¾	97¾	— 1
158½	159	200	Del. & Hudson	158½	158½	158	158	— 1
405	410	400	Del., Lack. & West	405	405	401	401	
18	19	500	Distillers' Secur	18	18	18	18	
32¼	32½	300	Erie	32¼	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅛
49¾	50	700	Erie 1st pf	49¾	49¾	49	49	— ⅛
43	43	130	Federal M. & S. pf	43	43	43	43	+1
147⅝	147¾	700	General Electric	147⅝	147¾	147¼	147⅝	+ ⅛
45¼	45½	100	General Motors	45½	45½	45½	45½	
22½	22¾	600	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	22½	22½	22	22⅜	— ⅛
86½	87	100	Goodrich pf	86½	86½	86½	86½	— ⅛
120¾	121⅛	2,000	Great Northern pf	120¾	120¾	120	120⅛	— ⅛
88	88¼	600	G. N. certs.ore prop	88	88¾	88	88	— ⅛
48⅞	49¼	400	Guggenheim Explor	49	49¼	48¾	48¾	— ⅛
125½	127	100	Hocking Valley	126	126	126	126	+1
114	114¼	200	Illinois Central	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	— ⅛
16⅞	17	100	Inspiration Copper	17⅛	17⅛	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
15⅞	15¾	900	Inter.-Met. v. tr.ctf	16	16	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
61⅞	62⅜	1,700	Inter.-Met. pf	62⅜	62⅜	61¾	61¾	— ⅛
8⅞	9	100	Int. Agricultural	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
34	36	100	Int. Agricultural pf	35	35	35	35	— 1½
107½	110½	100	Int. Harvester Corp	110	110	110	110	— 1½
38	38½	100	Int. Paper pf	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜	38⅝	— ⅛
26	30	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	26	26	26	26½	— ⅛
26½	27½	100	Kan. City South'rn	26½	26½	26½	26½	
61½	62	100	Kan. City South. pf	62	62	62	62	
85½	87	100	Kayser (J.) & Co	85½	85½	85½	85½	+ ⅛
90½	92	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ⅛
39	40¾	100	Lackawanna Steel	39	39	39	39	— ⅛
154¼	155	3,200	Lehigh Valley	155¼	155¼	154¾	154¾	+ ⅛
115	118	200	Liggett & Myers pf	116	116	115½	115½	— ⅛
38¼	38½	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	38½	38½	38½	38½	— ⅛
139	139½	200	Louis. & Nash	139⅜	139⅜	139⅛	139⅛	+2⅜
84⅜	87	100	Mackay Cos	85	85	85	85	— ⅛
69	70¼	400	Mackay Cos. pf	69½	70	69¾	69¾	— ⅛
65	67	100	May Dept. Stores	66	66	66	66	— 1
3¼	3⅜	100	Mercantile Marine	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
65	65½	1,400	Mex. Petroleum	65	65½	64½	65	— ⅛
...	84½	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	85	85	85	85	— ⅛
24⅛	24¼	3,200	Miami Copper	23⅞	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
131⅝	131⅞	250	M., St. P. & S. S. M	131¼	131⅞	131¼	131⅞	+ ⅛
23¾	24	500	Mo. Kan. & Texas	24	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
50	60	7,000	Mo., K. & T. pf	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ ⅛
29½	29¾	2,500	Mo. Pacific	29⅝	30	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅛
134	134⅜	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	134	134	134	134	+ ⅛
120	125	100	Nat. Bis. Co. pf	125	125	125	125	+ ⅛
11½	13⅝	400	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	+ ⅛
16⅛	16½	800	Nevada Con. Cop	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
95	95¼	3,700	N. Y. Central	95¾	95¾	94⅝	94⅝	+ ⅛
41	44	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	43	43	43	43	— ⅛
75	75½	2,152	N. Y., N. H. & H	75½	75½	74⅝	74⅝	— ⅛
30	30½	1,100	N. Y., Ont. & W	30⅞	31	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅛
104½	104⅝	1,100	Norfolk & Western	104⅝	104⅝	104⅜	104⅜	— ⅛
115⅝	116	1,520	Northern Pacific	116	116	115⅝	115⅝	+ ⅛
87	90	200	Pacific Coast	85	88	85	88	— 1
83	90	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf	83¼	88½	83½	83½	— 1
27¼	27½	100	Pacific Mail	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
30½	31	200	Pacific T. & T	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
114⅝	115	1,348	Penn. R. R	114⅞	115	114⅜	114⅜	— ⅛
123	123½	900	People's Gas, Chi	123⅜	123⅝	123¼	123¼	— ⅛
20½	21¼	300	Pitts. Coal	20⅞	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
90¼	91	1,100	Pitts. Coal pf	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	— ⅛
35½	35½	1,020	Pressed Steel Car	35⅜	35⅝	35	35	— ⅛
101	104	10	Pressed Steel C. pf	101	101	101	101	— ⅛
3¼	4	280	Quicksilver pf	4	4	4	4	+1
30⅝	31⅜	1,200	Railway Steel Sp	31½	31½	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
19⅝	19¾	1,300	Ray Con. Copper	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
169⅜	170	64,100	Reading	169¾	170	168⅜	169⅝	— ⅛
87	88	200	Reading 1st pf	88	88	88	88	— ⅛
91	92½	10	Reading 2d pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	— ⅛
26¼	26½	6,250	Rep. Iron & Steel	27	27	26	26½	— ⅛
89	89½	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	— ⅛
15⅝	15⅞	4,000	Rock Island Co	16¼	16¼	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
23⅝	23¾	5,600	Rock Island Co. pf	24	24	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
15⅜	16	250	Rumely, (M.,) Co	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
4	4⅝	100	St. L. & San Fran	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
8	9	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
19¼	19⅝	250	Seab. Air Line	20	20	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
53⅝	53½	5,600	Seab. Air Line pf	54	54	53¾	53¾	— ⅛
191½	192½	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	191¼	191¼	191¼	191¼	— ⅛
122⅜	123⅜	200	Sears, R. & Co. pf	123	123	123	123	— ⅛
35½	36	200	S.-S. S. & C.	34	34	34	34	— 1
98¼	98¾	20,500	Southern Pacific	99¼	99¼	98¼	98¼	— ⅛
104½	104⅞	1,631	So. Pacific t. r	105	106	104¾	104¾	— ⅛
...	...	200	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pd	103	103	103	103	— ⅛
...	...	5,900	So. Railway ext	27	27	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
26⅞	27	800	So. Ry. pf. ext	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
84	84¾	250	Studebaker Co	84⅝	84⅝	83¾	83¾	— ⅛
25	26	200	Studebaker Co. pf	25½	25½	25½	25½	— ⅛
77	77½	2,400	Tennessee Copper	76⅞	77	76⅝	76⅝	— ⅛
34⅞	35	600	Texas Co	35	35½	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅛
143¼	144	500	Texas & Pacific	143⅜	144	143⅜	143⅜	— ⅛
15½	16¼	1,125	Third Avenue	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16	— ⅛
43	43½	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	43	43½	43	43	— ⅛
22	23	100	Twin City R. T	23	23	23	23	— ⅛
108	108	400	Union B. & P. Co	108	108	108	108	— ⅛
...	6¼	100	Union Pacific	6½	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ⅛
162½	163	27,000	Union Pacific pf	162¾	163¼	162¾	163	+ ⅛
84½	84⅞	600	Un. Rys. Inv. pf	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	+ ⅛
41	42½	300	U. S. Red. & Imp. Co	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅛
56½	57	161	U. S. Rubber	56⅝	58¾	56⅝	56⅝	— ⅛
59⅜	60¼	4,700	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	62½	62½	60	60	—2
102¾	102¾	500	U. S. Steel	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¼	— ⅛
66¼	66⅝	94,800	U. S. Steel pf	66⅞	67¼	65¾	66½	+ ⅛
112	112¼	1,000	Utah Copper	112½	112⅝	112¼	112¼	— ⅛
54½	54½	2,600	Utah Copper	55	55	54¼	54¼	— ⅛
31	32½	300	Va.-Car. Chem	32¾	32¾	31½	31½	—1½
3¾	4	100	Webash	4	4	4	4	—2
87	90	168	Wells-Fargo Exp	88	88	88	88	+ ⅛
64½	64⅝	1,100	West. Union Tel	64½	64½	64	64½	— ⅛
70⅜	71	2,400	Westingh. E. & M	71⅛	71⅛	70¾	70¾	— ⅛
6	6¼	200	Wheel. & L. E	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
114½	115	38	Woolworth pf	114¼	114½	114½	114½	— ⅛

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Prices at the opening of business at 9:30 o'clock on the Consolidated Stock Exchange reflected many important overnight changes. Canadian Pacific was up ⅞ of a point, Amalgamated Copper ⅝, Southern Pacific ⅝, Union Pacific and Lehigh Valley each ¼ and United States Steel ⅜. There were a few overnight declines, but they were minor. Reading advanced very sharply late in the day under large dealings. Following the strong opening considerable irregularity developed. Prices receded from the best, but the undertone continued generally firm.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,870	Amal. Cop	75⅝	76⅜	75	75¾
90	Am. B. Sug	20¾	20¾	20½	20½
1,740	Am. Can	34⅝	35	34⅛	34⅞
10	Am. Ice Sec	25⅛	25¼	25⅛	25⅛
20	Am. Locom	35	35	35	35
610	Am. Smelt	70	70¾	69⅞	70¼
20	Am. Sugar	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼
10	Am. T. & T	123⅞	123⅞	123⅝	123⅝
200	Am. T. & S.F.	100¼	100¼	99¾	99¾
150	Balt. & Ohio	97½	98	97⅝	97⅞
30	Beth. Steel	37½	37½	37¼	37¼
110	Brook. R. T	91⅜	91½	91¼	91¼
860	Can. Pacific	211⅜	212⅜	211¼	212¼
40	Cent. Leather	28½	28¾	28¼	28¼
100	Ches. & Ohio	67⅞	67⅞	67	67
130	C. & S. P.	105¼	105¾	105¼	105¼
10	Chino Consol.	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
200	Col. F. & I	33⅝	33⅝	33	33
100	Consol. Gas	136⅝	136⅝	136	136
330	Erie	32	32½	31¾	31¾
80	Gt. Nor. pf	129¼	129¼	129¼	129¼
100	Int.-Met	16	16	15¾	15¾
160	Int.-Met. pf	62¼	62¼	61¾	61¾
220	Lehigh Val	155¼	155½	154½	154½
20	Mo., K. & T	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
540	Mo. Pacific	29⅝	30	29¼	29¼
240	N. Y. Cent	95⅜	95⅝	94½	95
210	N. Y., N. H. & H	75¾	75¾	74¾	74¾
10	Nor. & West	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104½
90	North. Pac	116	116	115⅝	115⅝
10	Pacific Mail	27	27	26	27

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
220	Pennsylvania	115	115	115	115
10	Ray Copper	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
12,940	Reading	169¾	170	168¾	170
150	Rep. I. & S	26⅞	27	26½	26⅝
100	Rock Island	15½	16	15¼	15¼
210	Rock Isl. pf	23	24	23	23
1,650	South. Pac	99¼	99¾	98¾	98¾
180	Southern Ry	27	27	26¾	26¾
10	Tenn. Copper	35	35	35	35
30	Third Ave	43½	43½	43½	43½
150	Un. B. & P	69	69	69	69
5,560	Union Pac	162⅞	163⅛	160¾	161¾
300	U. S. Rubber	61¾	61¾	59½	60¼
15,870	U. S. Steel	66⅞	66⅞	65½	65½
50	Utah. Copper	54½	54½	54¼	54½
20	V.-C. Chem	32⅞	32⅞	32½	32½

40,770	MINING STOCKS.				
600	Atlanta	18½	18½	18½	18½
200	Belmont	7.85	7.85	7.85	7.85
1,000	Blue Bell	.02	.02	.02	.02
100	Caledonia	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
900	C. C. D.	.05	.05	.04½	.04½
700	Florence	.80	.80	.77	.77
400	Goldfld Con.	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
2,200	Jim Butler	.93	.94	.92	.92½
400	Jumbo Ext	.23	.23	.23	.23
1,000	McNamara	.11½	.11½	.11½	.11½
600	Mispah Ext	.40	.41	.40	.41
400	Ton. Ext	2.00	2.00	1.97½	2.00
500	Ton. Mercer	.60	.60	.60	.60
500	West End	1.55	1.55	1.50	1.50

10,100

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Jan. 26.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$360,127	$18,472,641	$177,060,550
Int. rev., ord.	589,817	19,717,547	185,818,877
Corporat. tax.	6,000	236,619	6,045,228
Miscellaneous.	547,928	5,105,572	80,797,287
Total receipts.	1,503,873	43,532,380	364,721,790
Expenditures.	2,041,973	49,627,162	414,146,720
Deficit	$537,974	$6,094,782	$49,424,930

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 27, 1914	$4,072,000
Same day last year	2,632,000
Total year to date	75,000,900
Same period last year	47,374,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.36 +.04
Same day last year	92.04 +.13

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.36	Jan. 27	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

City of Tokio 5s	4,000	87½	
Jap Gov 4½s, ster	2,000	88⅝	
2d Series	4,000	85½	
Rep of Cuba 5s	4,000	99¾	
N Y State 4s, 1962	2,000	100	
4½s, when iss	7,000	107⅞	
	129,000	107⅝	
	13,000	107⅜	
Va fd debt, 1991	4,000	84⅝	
Va 6s, def. Brown Bros & Co ctfs	10,000	59¾	
	30,000	60	
	10,000	59¾	
	27,000	60	
N Y City 3½s, 1954	8,000	85¾	
	7,000	86	
	5,000	85⅝	
4s, 1957	2,000	97¼	
4s, 1958	3,000	97⅜	
4s, 1959	46,000	97¼	
registered	15,000	97½	
4½s, 1960	3,000	101½	
4½s, 1963	1,000	105⅝	
	1,000	105¼	
	30,000	105⅞	
	13,000	105½	
	10,000	105⅞	
4½s, May, 1957	4,000s10f	105⅝	
	1,000	105⅝	
4s, Nov, 1957	1,000	105⅝	
Alb & Susq 3½s	10,000	86¾	
Allegheny Val 4s	10,000	96½	
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	7,000	100	
Am Cot Oil 4½s	20,000	93	
Am Cotton Oil 5s	10,000	91½	
Am Ice Secur 6s	10,000	81	
Am T & T col 4s	5,000	88⅞	
	16,000	89	
conv 4½s	10,000	99⅛	
	1,000	99⅛	
	34,000	99	
	21,000	99⅛	
Armour & Co 4½s	4,000	92½	
At, T & S F gen 4s	12,000	95⅞	
	2,000	95⅝	
	500	96	
	2,000	95½	
adj 4s	2,000	87¾	
stamped	14,000	87½	
conv 4s, 1960	10,000	89¾	
	10,000	90½	
	23,000	99⅛	
At, T & S F 5s	6,000s10f	101	
	4,000	101	
	6,000	101⅝	
	2,000	101½	
Trans S L 4s	3,000	90¾

FINANCIAL.

VALIER-MONTANA LAND & WATER CO.

5-Year 6% Gold Notes,
DATED SEPT. 1, 1912.
NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Indenture of Trust, dated September 1, 1912, made by the Valier-Montana Land & Water Company, securing its Five Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes, will, pursuant to the terms of said Indenture, sell at Public Auction by Adrian H. Muller & Son, Auctioneers, on the 18th day of February, 1914, at 12:30 o'clock P. M., at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, New York:

One hundred ninety-one thousand ($191,000) dollars, face amount of First Mortgage Series "A" Six Per Cent. Ten Year Gold Bonds of Valier-Montana Land & Water Company, bearing coupons due January 1, 1913, and subsequent coupons attached.

Dated, New York, January 16th, 1914.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee.
By J. M. PRATT, Vice President.

LOS ANGELES PACIFIC COMPANY

First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article Fourth, of the Mortgage given by the Union Trust Company of San Francisco, Trustee, dated January 3, 1910, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged the sum of $5,000 to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therwith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, to the amount of $5,294.53 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the 11th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Los Angeles Pacific Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Dated Los Angeles, Cal., January 14, 1914.

Notice of Issue and Sale of Warrants

Notice is hereby given of the intention of The Board of Public Instruction for St. Lucie County, Florida, to issue interest-bearing coupon warrants in the aggregate sum of $75,000.00, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on July 1st and January 1st of each year. Said warrants will be dated January 1st, 1914, and will be payable fifteen years after date. One of said warrants will be for $5,000.00, 10 for $1,000 each and 120 for $500 each. Said warrants will be issued for the purpose of constructing and equipping a Public High School Building for the County of St. Lucie, located at Fort Pierce, Florida. Said warrants will be issued and sold to the highest bidder for cash at 2 o'clock P. M. on February 3d, 1914. All bids must be accompanied by certified check for $500.00.

Further information, address J. W. Hodge, Secretary Board Public Instruction. Fort Pierce, Florida.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, January 9, 1914.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

You are hereby notified that a special meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York will be held at its banking house, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 13, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on said date, for the purpose of taking action upon the question of whether or not the terms and provisions of the recently enacted Federal Reserve Act shall be accepted by this Bank and of acting upon the application for subscription by this Bank to the capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank to be organized in the district in which this Bank shall be located as provided in said Act.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Jersey City, New Jersey, January 21, 1914.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, February 17, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books of the Company, both preferred and common, will be closed at the close of business January 20th, 1914, and will be reopened on the 18th day of February, 1914.

GAILLARD F. RAVENEL, Secretary.

Federal Light & Traction Co.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

New York City, N. Y., January 21, 1914.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway, (18th floor,) Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, February 4, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business January 23, 1914, and will be reopened on the 5th day of February, 1914.

H. HOBART PORTER, Secretary.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
City of New York.

Borough of Brooklyn, January 2, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) Directors to serve for three (3) years, and of three (3) Inspectors of Election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 30th, 1914, at the office of the company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, January 7th, 1914, and will remain closed until 10 o'clock on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

The Commercial Trust Company of New York.

Broadway and Forty-first Street.

New York, January 27th, 1914.

At the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Company, held January 21st, 1914, the following were elected Directors to serve until 1917:

George W. Elkins, Jos. R. Grismer,
Francis D. Gallatin, Marc Klaw,
M. Swenarton.

Inspectors of Election:

J. Romaine Brown, De Witt C. Flanagan, Truman Parsons.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, held on January 27th, 1914, R. R. Moore was re-elected President and G. J. Baumann, Vice President.

J. G. HEMERICH, Secretary.

The Importers and Traders National Bank of New York.

New York, January 26th, 1914.

To the Stockholders of The Importers and Traders National Bank of New York:

Notice is hereby given that, by order of the Board of Directors, a special meeting of the Stockholders of The Importers and Traders National Bank of New York has been called and will be held at 12 o'clock noon on Friday, the 20th day of February, 1914, at its banking house, No. 247 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City, for the purpose of ratifying the action of the Board of Directors in resolving to accept and comply with the terms and provisions of the Federal Reserve Act and for any other purpose that may come before the meeting.

H. H. POWELL, Cashier.

United Cigar Manufacturers Company.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of United Cigar Manufacturers Company will be held at the office of the Company, Nos. 1,018 and 1,020 Second Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on the 5th day of February, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of four Directors of the Second class to serve for three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Transfer books of Common Stock will close January 20th, 1914, at 3 P. M. and reopen February 6th, 1914, at 10 A. M.

Dated January 15th, 1914.

S. SCHLESINGER, Secretary.

January 27th, 1914.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Corporation of International Process Company will be held at three o'clock in the afternoon, Wednesday, February eleventh, Nineteen Hundred and Fourteen, at the offices of the Company, No. 5 Beekman Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, for the purpose of electing the Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

L. E. GUNDERSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AMERICAN KRON SCALE COMPANY, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held on Wednesday, February 4, at 3 P. M., at the office of the Company, 39 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

F. PFEIFFER, Secretary.

Globe Rubber Tire Mfg. Company.

A meeting of the incorporators of the Globe Rubber Tire Mfg. Company will be held at the office of the Corporation Trust Company of America, Wilmington, Delaware, on Tuesday, February 3, 1914, at eleven o'clock A. M.

H. B. JAMES, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of R. Christensen Company.

Sir: Please take notice that, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, duly passed at a meeting held on December 29th, 1913, a meeting of the stockholders of R. Christensen & Company will be held at the office of the corporation, 54 Warren Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, February 2, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of voting upon the question that the said corporation be forthwith dissolved.

GEORGE D. MUMFORD, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Standard Consolidated Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 519 California Street, Rooms 525 and 527, San Francisco, California, on Monday, the 23d day of February, 1914, at the hour of three o'clock P. M.

Transfer books will close in San Francisco and New York on Tuesday, the 10th day of February, 1914, at three o'clock P. M., and will reopen February 24th, 1914.

H. L. GUNZBURGER, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Meeting of the Stockholders of Renault Selling Branch, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, No. 710 Fifth Avenue, on the 31st day of January, 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Meeting.

J. PAILLARD, Secretary.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the WOODHAVEN WATER SUPPLY CO. will be held at No. 299 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 11th, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. H. STEVENSON, Secretary.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the LALANCE & GROSJEAN MFG. Co. will be held at No. 200 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 11, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. H. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND
COMMON DIVIDEND

Pittsburg, Pa., January 24th, 1914.

The Directors of this Company have to-day declared their regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the Preferred Capital Stock and ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Common Capital Stock, payable to shareholders of record this day. Checks mailed.

W. A. MYLER, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
Common Stock Dividend No. 7.
January 14, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. on the Common Capital Stock, payable March 2, 1914, to Stockholders of record at close of business February 10, 1914. Stock books will not be closed.

Checks will be mailed from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.

H. T. PARSON, Secretary.

MIAMICOPPERCOMPANY
42 Broadway, N. Y.
DIVIDEND NO. 8.

January 5th, 1914.

The Board of Directors of Miami Copper Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 50c per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable February 16th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 31st, 1914. Books will not close.

SAM A. LEWISOHN, Treasurer.

UNION AMERICAN CIGAR CO.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the full shares of Preferred Stock; also a dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the full shares of Common Stock, both payable February 15th, 1914, to stockholders of record January 20th, 1914. Transfer books will be closed January 20th to February 15th, inclusive.

N. D. LEAN, Treasurer.

EASTERN STEEL CO.

JANUARY 27, 1914.

The Board of Directors of The Eastern Steel Company, at a meeting held on Tuesday, January 27, 1914, declared a dividend of 1¾ Per Cent. on the First Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on March 16th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 2d, 1914.

MALCOLM D. SLOANE, Secretary.

THE EL PASO CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING COMPANY

Denver, Colorado, January 26th, 1914.

The Board of Directors at this day declared Dividend No. 52 of TWO PER CENT. (ten cents per share) on the Capital stock, payable on February 25th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 10th, 1914.

H. D. MILTON, Treasurer.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 37.

A dividend of 4% has been declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable February 14th, 1914, to stockholders of record January 5th, 1914. Books close February 5th, 1914, at 3 P. M., and open February 16th, 1914, at 10 A. M. Checks mailed.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

The German American Bank.

New York, Jan. 17, 1914.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable February 2d, 1914, to stockholders of record at close of business January 27th, 1914.

J. F. FREDERICHS, Cashier.

PACIFIC BANK.

470 Broadway, New York, Jany. 14, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. payable 2 cents, to stockholders of record of Jany. 13, 1914. The transfer books will be closed to Feby. 2, 1914.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, FIRST DISTRICT, New York City, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., January 24, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Hudson River Channel, N. Y., will be received at this office until 12 M., February 24, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. W. M. Black, Col. Eng'rs.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Norfolk, Va., Jan. 28, 1914.—Sealed proposals for constructing and delivering pontoons and pipeline for dredge CURRITUCK will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, Feb. 28, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col. Engrs.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, KINGS County.—REBECCA PURCELL, Plaintiff, against JOHN PURCELL, Defendant.—Summons.—Action to declare defendant legally dead.

To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York City, January 23d, 1914.

ANDREW P. McNICKLE,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office Address, No. 5 Beekman Street.

To John Purcell:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. James C. Van Siclen, Judge of New York Supreme Court, Kings County, dated the 23d day of January, 1914, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of Kings at Brooklyn, New York City.

ANDREW P. McNICKLE,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
5 Beekman Street, New York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMMA WALLACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Maxwell Davidson, their attorney, No. 170 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of July next.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of January, 1914.

SIGMUND M. SCHIELE,
LOUIS SCHIELE,
SIMON C. BERNSTEIN,
Executors.

MAXWELL DAVIDSON, Attorney for Executors, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

ROSEN, HARRY L.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HARRY L. ROSEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business at office of Bernard H. Arnold, 170 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of June, 1914.

Dated, New York, the 25th day of November, 1913.

FANNIE ROSEN, Executrix.
IRWIN ROSEN, Executor.
BERNARD H. ARNOLD, Attorney for Executors, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

STEEL EARNINGS SHOW A SHRINKAGE

Corporation Failed to Earn Its Dividend in Last Quarter of 1913.

YEAR'S SURPLUS IS GOOD

January's Operations Expected to Show Improvement Over December, Weakest Month.

The United States Steel Corporation reported yesterday its earnings for the last three months of the year ended Dec. 31. They showed a big shrinkage from the preceding quarter, and from the final quarter of the previous year. The decline in business became so severe as the year drew toward its close that the company failed to earn its dividends in the final quarter by a million dollars, and reported a deficit of that amount.

For the full twelve months the corporation not only earned the $50,615,000 required for the payment of 7 per cent. upon the preferred and 5 per cent. upon the common, but had a surplus over and above its needs of $80,539,000. The surplus over the preferred dividend for the year was equivalent to 11 per cent. on the $308,000,000 of common stock.

The rate at which the steel business fell off last Fall is measured by the corporation's monthly statements. For the last three months net earnings were $23,030,349. Of this total, October contributed $11,430,000; November, $7,392,000, and December only $4,214,000. The final quarter of 1912 brought net earnings of $35,185,557, of which $12,485,000 was earned in October, $11,120,000 in November, and $11,579,000 in December. Though business ran off rapidly toward the close of 1913, resulting in two very poor months, the corporation's earnings for the full year were well above those for either 1912 or 1911. As against 11½ per cent. earned on the common stock in the year just ended, the company earned 5¾ per cent., or only $3,610,000 over its dividend requirements, in 1912.

Officials of the corporation say that business has shown an improving tendency since the turn of the year, and January's operations are expected to show an increase over December.

At the close of the third quarter in 1913, with the report for September, the Steel Corporation carried a surplus of $32,337,000 over the dividends for the nine months. At the end of the year this surplus had been reduced $31,835,000. Against this $796,000 was charged off for sundry adjustments, and an extraordinary appropriation of nearly half of the balance, or $13,000,000, was made upon account of expenditures made and to be made on authorized appropriations for additional property, new plants, and construction.

The last time that a similar charge was made was three years ago when $6,000,000 was set aside. The Steel Corporation accordingly entered the current year with a balance of $15,599,215 surplus carried forward, against which $3,610,000 remaining at the end of 1912.

In following table is shown the income account for the last quarter compared with that for the preceding quarter and for the fourth quarter of 1912; also the earnings for each of the last three months:

	Quarter Ending—		
	Dec. 31,'13.	Sep. 30,'13.	Dec. 31,'12.
Net earn...	$23,030,349	$38,450,400	$35,185,557
Sink. fund, depr. ...	5,772,724	6,828,214	9,420,631
Balance ...	17,263,625	29,622,186	25,764,926
Bond int...	5,607,227	5,614,708	5,677,547
Balance ...	11,656,398	24,007,478	20,087,379
Pf. divs...	6,304,920	6,304,919	6,304,920
Com. divs.	6,353,782	6,353,781	6,353,782
Surplus ...	*$1,002,304	11,348,778	7,410,979
†Bal. surp. for prev. quarters..	31,541,519	.....	*2,800,850
Year's surp.	30,539,215	.....	3,610,129
Less ap. for cap., exp.	13,000,000	.....	.....
Bal. of surp.	16,539,215	.....	3,610,129

*Deficit. †After deducting sundry charges amounting to $796,224.

The earnings by months, compared with the two preceding years, were:

	1913.	1912.	1911.
October ...	$11,430,461	$12,485,412	$9,159,333
November..	7,392,160	11,120,742	8,946,717
December..	4,213,722	11,579,396	6,999,060
4th quar...	$23,036,340	$35,185,557	$23,105,110
3d quar...	38,450,400	30,063,512	29,522,791
2d quar...	41,210,313	25,102,295	25,108,520
1st quar...	34,426,801	17,826,973	23,519,203
Year	$137,133,363	$108,178,307	$104,255,563

In the absence of Judge E. H. Gary, who is at Miami, Fla., J. P. Morgan presided at yesterday's meeting of the Steel Directors. The regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock and 1¼ per cent. on the common were declared, payable Feb. 27 and March 30, respectively. No successor was elected to Charles Steele, resigned.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Forecasts:

N. Car.—Fair, warmer Wed.; Thurs. cloudy; moderate s. winds.

S. Car.—Fair, warmer Wed.; Thurs. cloudy; mod. s. e. to s. winds.

Ga.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. unsetl.; mod. s. e. to s. winds.

Fla.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. fair in e. and s., unsetl. in n. w.; mod. n. e. to e. winds, s. e. to s. over n. w.

Ala.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. unsetl., prob. rains; mod. s. winds.

Miss.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. unsetl., prob. rains; colder in n. and w.; mod. s. winds.

La.—Fair Wed.; rains at night or Thurs., colder Thurs. in n. and w.; mod. s., s. w. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair in s., cloudy in n. Wed.; rains at night or Thurs. in n.; fair in s.; colder Thurs.; mod. to brisk s. winds on the coast.

W. Tex.—Unsetl., colder Wed.; prob. rains in n.; Thurs. fair.

Utah—Fair Wed., Thurs.

Okla.—Fair Wed.; rain at night or Thurs.; colder Thurs.

Ark.—Unsetl. Wed.; rains, colder at night or Thurs.

Tenn., Ky.—Fair Wed. Thurs., unsetl., probably rains, colder.

Ohio—Fair Wed., colder in n. and cent. Thurs., unsetl.; mod., var. winds.

Ind.—Fair Wed. Thurs., unsetl. and colder, prob. rains.

Ill.—Fair Wed. Thurs., rain in s., rain or snow in n., colder; mod., var. winds, becoming s. e.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Wed., colder. Thurs., unsetl., prob. snow or rain; mod., var. winds, mostly n. and n. e.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy and colder Wed., prob. snow near Lake Superior. Thurs., snows.

Wis.—Fair Wed., snows at night or Thurs., colder Thurs.; mod. n. e. to e. winds.

Minn.—Fair Wed., snow near Lake Superior. Thurs., unsetl., prob. snows, colder in e. and s.

Iowa—Cloudy Wed.¼ rain or snow at night or Thurs., colder Thurs.

Mo.—Fair Wed., rain at night or Thurs., colder Thurs.

N. Dak.—Snows Wed. Thurs., prob. fair.

S. Dak.—Snow or rain Wed. Thurs., colder and prob. fair.

Neb., Kan.—Rains Wed. or Wed. night. Thurs., colder, fair.

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Cash Position, Jan. 24, 1914,
as shown by the Chamberlain's books.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Jan. 17, 1914		$21,575,963.89
Receipts—		
Taxes and other revenues	$1,023,310.90	
Loans	8,463,121.26	
		9,486,432.16
Total		$31,062,396.05
Payments—		
General administration	$3,386,430.34	
Repayment of loans	3,747,066.85	
Redemption of bonds	75,000.00	
Interest on the city debt	32,259.39	
		7,240,696.58
Balance Jan. 24, 1914		$23,821,699.47
SINKING FUNDS.		
Balance Jan. 17, 1914		$6,166,054.46
Receipts		230,596.08
		$6,396,650.54
Payments		651,700.00
Balance Jan. 24, 1914		$5,744,950.54
Aggregate balances Jan. 24, 1914		$29,566,650.01

Temporary Financing, Jan. 17 to 24, Inclusive,
as shown by the Controller's books.

	Corporate Stock Notes.	Rev. Bonds and Bills.	Special Rev. Bonds.
Outstanding Jan. 17, 1914	$61,582,203.08	$51,197,473.52	$4,964,225.00
Net increase, (cash borrowings)	246,018.84	3,770,095.57	125,000.00
Outstanding Jan. 24, 1914	$61,828,221.92	$54,967,569.09	$5,089,225.00
Cash balance Jan. 24, 1914	7,187,458.95		
Net obligation	$54,640,762.97		

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

McCREADY BEALS COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the McCready Beals Company, publishers of 11 West Thirty-second Street, by these creditors: Charles Francis Press, $2,823; Lord & Taylor, $1,700, and W. F. Etherington, $1,529.

SAMUEL WEINSTEIN.—A petition has been filed against Samuel Weinstein, manufacturer of dresses at 32 West Twentieth Street, trading as the Independent Garment Company, by these creditors: Denzer & Nathan, $500; Irving Cohen, $16, and J. A. Walsh & Co., $90. Judge Mayer appointed William D. Brush receiver. It is said that the liabilities for merchandise was $12,000, in addition to liabilites for borrowed money.

JULIUS COHEN.—A petition has been filed against Julius Cohen, trading as Julius Cohen & Co., manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 143 West Twentieth Street, by these creditors: Ida Steinberg, $500; Commercial Thread Company, $24, and Eva Lufshutz, $25. Liabilities are said to be $5,000.

ROSALIE JOEL, formerly a manufacturer of flags at 63 Nassau Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $24,754, of which $19,500 are secured by mortgages on real estate at 144 East Sixty-second Street, of which she was formerly one of the owners, and no assets. Among the creditors are George W. Wickersham and John L. Cadwalader, as trustees, $16,000; Isabelle Unger, $3,000, both secured by mortgages, and Joseph A. Joel, $1,600.

STEINWURZEL & SEGAL.—A petition has been filed against Steinwurzel & Segal, also trading as the S. & S. Furniture Company, dealers in furniture at 71 Essex Street, by these creditors: Louis Felt, $400; Joseph Birnbaum, $63, and the Ferrara Furniture Company, $131. Liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $3,000. Judge Mayer appointed Martin C. Jaeger receiver.

GOLDMAN & MASTER.—Wolf Goldman and Max Master, who composed the firm of Goldman & Master, shoe dealers, formerly at 208 Broome Street, have filed a petition, with liabilities of $2,088 and no assets.

VICTOR MONACKER, clerk, of 838 Hewitt Place, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $879 and no assets.

HENRY G. ANTHES, who was Building Inspector of New Rochelle, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $8,469 and assets of $104, claim for salary as Building Inspector.

PERFECT ADJUSTABLE DRESS FORM COMPANY.—Schedules of the Perfect Adjustable Dress Form Company of 501 Fifth Avenue show liabilities of $23,993 and nominal assets of $154,487, consisting of patents, $150,000; factory equipment at Newark, $3,405; materials, $261; office fixtures, $50; accounts, $683, and cash in bank, $33.

WILLIAM SALOMON.—Schedules of William Salomon, importer of novelty goods of 170 Ninth Avenue, show liabilities of $13,057 and assets of $5,090, consisting of stock, $3,000; fixtures, $200, and accounts, $1,890.

JOSEPH AUTLER COMPANY.—Schedules of the Joseph Autler Company, manufacturer of skirts and dresses at 133 West Twenty-seventh Street, show liabilities of $13,854 and assets of $4,836, consisting of proceeds of sale of stock and fixtures, $1,180, and accounts, $3,656.

ABRAM OFEFERBLUM.—Schedules of Abram Ofeferblum, dealer in dry goods at 570 Ninth Avenue, show liabilities of $16,311 and assets of $10,408, consisting of stock, $10,200; fixtures, $200, and cash, $3.

ABRAHAM SCHACHTER.—Schedules of Abraham Schachter, dealer in trunks and bags at 373 Grand Street, show liabilities of $2,178 and assets of $740, consisting of stock, $700, and cash in bank, $40.

CONSTAD & ROSEN.—Schedules of Constad & Rosen, manufacturers of furs, at 146 West Twenty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $36,843 and assets of $5,322, consisting of stock, $5,522; fixtures, $1,200; accounts, $200; claim for rebate, $400, and equity in assigned contract unknown.

REIN BROTHERS.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Dec. 15 against Rein Brothers, manufacturers of furs, at 132 West Twenty-second Street, on a settlement at 50 cents on the dollar.

HENKEL.—Judge Mayer has appointed Maurice P. Davidson receiver for Paul Henkel, restaurant keeper, of 58 West Thirty-sixth Street.

CORGIL REALTY COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed Albert Falck receiver for the Corgil Realty Company of 18 Old Broadway.

T. S. MARVEL SHIPBUILDING COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed J. Renwick Thompson receiver for the T. S. Marvel Shipbuilding Company of Newburgh.

BENJAMIN ACKERMAN.—Judge Mayer has appointed James O. Tryon receiver for Benjamin Ackerman, dealer in delicatessen, at 1,834 Amsterdam Avenue and 3,745 Broadway.

WEISSMAN & WEINSTEIN.—Judge Mayer has appointed Ward W. Smith receiver for Weissman & Weinstein, wholesale produce dealers, at 153 Attorney Street.

THE STANDARDIZING COMPANY, dealer in overhead tramways and portable cranes, of 78 and 80 Broad Street, has made an assignment to Julius J. Popper.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in N. Y. County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ackerson, Frank; Frank De Heyman, Charles Pilgrim, and Oscar Handler—B. K. Bloch, $240.
Adler, Lena—M. Orlinsky, $150.
Ahmad, Hasson—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., costs, $134.
Aitchison, George H.—A. Finley, $242.
Abbey, Henry—City of N. Y., $224.
Brandon, Alfred—D. W. Dunberg et al., $124.
Berlow, Chas. M.—Jamesburg Shoe Co., $588.
Bartolone, Antonio—S. Di Georgio, costs, $131.
Bedell, John J.—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of N. Y., $226.
Bal, Charles E.—P. H. McLellan, $2,451.
Barsial, Jean—D. Coulter et al., $166.
Blais, Raoul—E. Schlessinger, $133.
Blumenstock, Samuel—Apirian & Rabinowitz, $300.
Beck, Paul M., or Pincus M.—Trustees of Columbia University, $128.
Cebrello, Antonio—E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co., $205.
Catalano, Joseph M.—S. Di Georgio, costs, $131.
Campbell, Frederick W.—M. Rambow & Co., $536.
Dixon, Laurens P.—H. M. Guiterman et al., $1,184.
De Brizzi, Samuel—H. H. Harris, $150.
Barrington, John W.—C. Brown, $1,208.
Fish, George F.—J. H. Newbold, costs, $101.
Fusco, Giuseppe; James J. Astarita, S. Confortl Co., and Salvatore Conforti—D. Gercheu, $1,086.
Feuchtwanger, Minnie E.—Fred Butterfield & Co., Inc., $498.
Freeland, William—A. Peck, $1,595.
Gluck, Jacob S.—C. Gluck, $1,146.
Glass, Jacob—D. Busker, $1,086.
Green, John—F. J. Huton, $604.
Goldfeder, Louis—M. Sehrman, $291.
Greene, Alexander—Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad Co., costs, $115.
Goldfarb, Abraham—F. Herman et al., $115.
Goldberg, Maurice—Robert Marks Realty Co., $2,508.
Graziadio, Salvatore, adm.—L. Bretey, costs, $121.
Hamliston, Howard D; Robert B. Hincks, and Herman P. Olcott—New York Telephone Co., $158.
Hirt, Julius—Wrought Iron and Glass Fixture Co., $136.
Herzberg, Joseph—N. A. Eisner, $264.
Hanan, Alfred P.—W. M. Ford, $322.
Hassalls, Henry—Bayside Lumber Co., $101.
Hynson, Garrett P.—E. Hyde, $331.
Kronethal, Joseph—C. J. Edwards, $218.
Korte, Charles M. and Eliza—H. P. McGregor, $242.
Kelling, Frank C.—Peter H. Reilly & Bros. $158.
Korn, Harry H.—H. Grossman, $201.
Korson, Harry—A. Rothkrug, $177.
Lanpher, Henry S.—Brooksville Granite Co., $1,210.
Same—J. Harburger, Sheriff, &c., $267.
Lowenthal, Siegfried—Robert Maris Realty Co., $2,458.
Levy, Pincus L.—S. Sobel et al., $242.
Ludwig, Adam—Henry Kroger & Co., $278.
Mittelman, Arpo—Manhattan Realty & Leasehold Association, Inc., $144.
Murphy, Anna—E. A. Lynch, $1,000.
Morycz, Joe—Thomas Harrington's Sons, costs, $167.
Maurice, Joseph, & Jacob Streifler Co.—Wm. H. Thomas, $827.
Monzo, Anelo R.—H. Mayer et al., $55,613.
Mossa, Henry, & Joseph Lambroso—Valentine Produce Co., $376.
Naughton, Jeremiah—Polack Tyre & Rubber Co., $296.
Nadler, Sam, & Max Gang—D. Starer, $130.
Powell, Mary A., & Herman Wolf—W. Beckett, $345.
Palazzo, Joseph—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., costs, $115.
Pearce, Mary, & Meyer Wilensky—Beakes Dairy Co., $842.
Pines, Abraham, & Michael Gerstel—P. Rothenberg, costs, $417.
Parker, Elly Z., & Burton R. Law—Importers & Traders' Building Co., Inc., $419.
Rieser, Solon J.—Security Bank of N. Y., $730.
Roys, Herman E.—F. Beck, $133.
Russell, Thomas E.—Greeley Square Hotel Co., $238.
Radice, Francesco—Sasso Oils Co., $161.
Smith, Delevan C.—D. G. Eldridge, $197.
Schneider, Harry—Lansing & Shommard, $308.
Schlesinger, Harry—Nassau Electric R. R. Co., costs, $121.
Schwed, Adolph—G. Hoffspiegel, $100.
Sloane, John—I. Ehrenhaft, $1,250.
Skidmore, Ellsworth E.—Guardian Realty Co., $2,119.
Tait, John J.—Seeman Bros., $103.
Tischman, Benjamin—S. M. Brimberg et al., $218.
Taylor, Frank, or Frank Grant—B. Bushman et al., $161.
Witt, Albert C.—A. Haimovici et al., $319.
Wexler, Morris—D. Steinberg, $488.
Zorn, Charles A.—Julius Kessler & Co., $126.
Ziegfeld, Florence, Jr.—C. Mayer, $187.
Appleton Parker, Ins., Gilbert Metals Selling Co., and Joseph M. Gilbert—H. Auerbach, $32.
Comfort Realty Co.—Indiana Flooring Co., $471.
Same—Same, $313.
Comfort Realty Co. and Barnet House—Same, $402.
Same—Same, $472.
French & Co.—M. Booth & Co., $148.
Greenwich Stores, Inc.—W. Hills et al., $234.
Irish Industrial Exposition and Amusement Co., Ltd.—Van Buren and N. Y. Bill Posting Co., $1,263.
MacDonald Construction Co.—E. R. Weed, $304.
Manhattan Realty and Investing Corporation—A. De Bolt, $206.
N. Y. Herald—J. J. Franklin et al., $950.
N. Y. Taxicab and Auto Co.—E. Baum, $250.
Same—J. C. Baum, $350.
Nora Construction Co. and Illinois Surety Co.—Webster Iron Works, $844.
Stanworth Co.—City of N. Y., $232.
Spanish-American Exploration Co. — Same, $554.
Southern Desk Co.—Same, $179.
South Borough Realty and Construction Co.—Same, $232.
Sophia Hair Co.—Same, $125.
Sonntag Amusement Co.—Same, $232.
Spring Valley Land and Construction Co.—Same, $125.
Standard Nut and Fruit Co.—Same, $146.
Roth, Jacob J.—Same, $339.
Robinson, Samuel—Same, $447.
Rohan, John D.—Same, $339.
Robinson, Andrew J.—Same, $339.
Smith, Mary E.—Same, 339.
Scheidig, Stephen—Same, $447.
Schiel, William—Same, $282.

In Bronx County.

Alterman, Abraham B., and Joseph

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Correcting Errors in the Assessment of Duties.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Gardner Garnett, Bangor, Me., in which it was claimed that the American customs officials erroneously assessed duty on merchandise consigned for transportation from one point in Canada to another. The goods passed through this country in transit, and through a mistake a clerk of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company entered the articles for consumption at Bangor. The board reversed the assessment and ordered a refund of the duties collected.

F. Bariella, New York, was sustained in a contention relating to the percentage of pure alcohol in importations of still wine. The Government officers held that the commodity contained over 14 per cent. of spirits,, and taxed the goods at the rate of 60 cents a gallon. An analysis disclosed that the percentage was less than 14 per cent. The board accordingly ordered the wine admitted at 45 cents a gallon.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, were overruled in a contention that a certain reappraisement of merchandise imported by the firm did not proceed on correct principles. Judge Hay held that there was nothing in the record to show error.

Several importers were overruled in claims that merchandise was American goods returned. No testimony was submitted in support of the contentions. The importers included Street & Smith, the Loeb & Schoenfeld Company, F. B. Maynard & Co., P. Ruhlman & Co., J. Spiero & Co., and the American Express Company, New York.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Crane, J.
Vickers, admx<Mid-town cont. | Karlsson<Gilbert & B Mfg.
Graham et al<Kelly. | Nowakowski<NY & N S Tract.
Garbos<Keryc. | People ex rel. Allen<
Lutz<Bender & ano. | Ruoff as Co. Clerk.
Cullinan<B H R R. | Moynihan<CNY et al.
Gyntwy<Arbuckle & another.

Reserve calendar passed to Feb. 2, 1914.
Highest No. reached, 805.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.
Days<Woodin. | Gottlock<B,Q Co & S.
Walsh<B, Q C & S Ry. | Grubel<Zimmermann.
Ellis<NY & Q Co Ry. | Kent<B H RR Co.
Stavrakos<CI & B Ry. | Scherer<same.
Rustman & Koster< same. | Cronin<same.
Lewy<B H RR Co. | Fischer<Webber.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Neuer<Wirig et al. | Pira<Harkow.
Bohleka<Miller. | Green<Anderson.
Bastanzic<Ocean Elec Ry Co. | Reichling<Klotz et al.
Moran<Wilson. | Andrews<B H RR Co.
Bk of L I<Lurz et al. | Cohen<B,Q C & S Ry.
Dec<B H RR Co. | Fatum<same.
Scarborough<E R Gas. | Mack<Astoria V mill et al.
Lossaslo<Ft Masonry. | M'Donald<Walsh et al.
Friels<Piercy Cont. | Same<same.
Lechtman Laundry< Lancaster S B Imp. | Murray<B,Q Co & S.
Highest No. reached, 190. | Bk of L I<Lurz et al.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Platt, J.
People<M Aswiczk. | Same<Abel Smith.
Same<T Pitticecsis. | Same<A Notola.
Same<Geo Holdbach. | Same<John Caposela.

A EUROPEAN CURE
Without Going to Europe
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.
"THE GREENBRIER"
The World's Most Luxurious Resort Hotel
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"OPEN ALL THE YEAR."
The new bath establishment excels anything in America, having every modern appliance.
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EAST ORANGE,
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200 ROOMS. 100 BATHS.
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Descriptive Booklets at Chamberlin Office, The Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, McAlpin Hotel, Phone Greeley 3700. ASK Mr. Foster, 1 Madison Ave. Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av.; all Cook's Tourist Offices, or address GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

207—Silas A. Gilson, appel., v. USA. Passed, to be restored to the call on motion of atty. for appel.

209—Illinois, suing by the Canal Comrs., plffs. in error, vs. P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. et al. Passed, to be restored to the call.

210—Alois B. Renehan et al., appels., v. Tina Haffner Rotsch. Passed, to be restored to call on motion of counsel for appels.

211—Caldwell & Drake, &c., plffs. in error, v. John R. Jobe, auditor, &c. Dismissed, with costs.

200—Pennsylvania, appel., v. York Silk Mfg. Co., bankrupt. Submitted and leave granted to file briefs on question of jurisdiction within ten days.

201—Texas & Pac. R. R., plff. in error, v. John Jackson et al. Dismissed per stipulation.

208—Andrieus A. Jones, rec., appel., v. St. Louis Land and Cattle Co. Argued for appel. and submitted for appellee.

204—Vicenta Montoya et al., appels., v. Candido G. Gonzales et al. Argued.

Day call for Jan. 28: Nos. 208, 212, 192, 213, 214, 215, (and 216,) 217, 218, 219, and 220.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. (Admiralty.)

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J. (Equity.)
Case on. Hennessy<Wine Growers. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. (Jury.)
Halstead<NY, NH, &c. | In re Junction Rlty.
Sykes<Agriati. | Valentine<I M Marine
Meyer<NY, NH, &c. | Wallin<NY,NH & H.
Cary<At.&Pac.Tea. | Sittenfeld<Welpen.

DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. (Jury.)
Case on. Cauble<Central Vt. RR.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Boyle<Bush Term RR. | Wixom<Ervay.
Kunz<B & W RR. | Seeley<Hammond.
Bond<Atl Terra Cot. | McNally<Ga, Fla L.
H R Tel<CNY. | B H RR<B City RR.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Giegerich, J.
Litigated motions.
Content<White. | Van Hise<Underhill.
In re Foxvale Rlty. | Calofolous<Caracosta.
In re same. | Giusani<Coombe.
In re same, &c. | Same<Same.
Wanamaker<Towner. | In re Secoit.
Rly<Int RT. | In re Green.
Same<Same. | Fetman<Bishop.
Yellow Taxi<Smith. | Jennings<Roth.
Wisser<Int L T Mills. | In re Nell (NY P Fd.)
Carmichael<Carmich'l. | Blair<Blair.
CNY<Hyman. | Faltoute I & S Co<
In re C'wood Relty. | Tasker.
Heidelbach<Penn Rub. | Riley<Rosenberg.
Fritz<Van Beuren. | Ferris<McClenahan.
Same<Same. | State Bank<Berkowitz.
Montgomery L & P F<Rice. | Same<Delli Paoli.
Cox<St. Luke's HAW. | La Chicotte<O'Keefe.
Fetman<Bishop. | Martucci<Baker.
Peirce<Cochrane. | Wahst<Montagna.
Same<Steel Bbl of Am Cont Asphalt<CNY. | Bohland & A Const< Phillips.
Same<Same. | Reading Braid<Frank.
Same<Same. | Siegel<Abelowsky.
US Motor Cab<Ryan. | Hevenor<Hevenor.
In re Dayton(E 175 St) Demmerle & Co.< Morrison. | Myers<Weschler.
McDevitt<Gillespie Co. | Mueller<North Assur.
Haesaler<Browner. | Coffin<Mass B & Ins.
People ex rel Casey< Moskwitz. | Rambaut<Same.
Connolly<Habner. | Vulcan Detinning Co< Assmann.
Dietz<Joline. | Ehrlich<Ehrlich.
Rosenbaum<JMcCr'ry. | Farmers' L & T<Beneline Const.
In re Mapes (Benson Av.) | Vulcan Detinning Co< Assmann.
Stuchiner<Stuchiner. | Matter of Swift & Co.
Buchanan<Buchanan. | People<Sewing.
Empire City Sav Bk<M Tully Const. | Petiere<EBMeyrawitz.
Goldberg<Goldberg. | Echelman<HeddenCon.
Benson<Collins. | Same<Same.
CNY<Schonholz. | Lane<Charlton G'wich
Feinblatt<Feinblatt. | Same<Same.
Lieberman<Coffins. | Goldman<Hoff.
Met Life<NY,CR&C. | Same<Same.
Brown<Arb & Bastlan. | Kaplan<Mendetz.
Otten<Well. | People ex rel Grassl Bros<O'Rourke.
Barry<York Chem. | Murven<Renard.
Ward<Salomon. | Harris<Gt E Cas'lty
In re Wash Sav Bk. | Lerch<Hart.
In re Fischer. | Levine<Essex & Lee.
Wittman<Meng. | In re Szallar.
Cohn<Morris. | Gavin<Sullivan.
J Kutsukian Co<P & W Ins. | Skolnik<Skolnik.
In re Siegel, &c. | Van Brunt<Shaer.
Wellington<Welling'n.
Pines<Van Tuyl.

PART II.—Seabury, J. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—Motions.
Undefended divorces:
Gustafson<Gustafson. | Schuler<Schuler.
Dilcen<Dilcen. | Harris<Harris.
Dobbins<Dobbins. | Wexler<Wexler.
Graves<Graves. | Capps<Capps.
Salpaugh<Salpaugh. | Thomas<Thomas.
Preferred cause:
Public Bank<London.
General calendar:
Reilly<Frias. | Schnitzler<Distler.
Pfth<Leesche. | Callahan<Gerbereux.
Klein<Metz. | Ill Surety Co<Blanck.
Roth<Roth. | Skannel<Beach.
Beecher Mfg<Sokolow. | Tucker Co<Tucker.
Adler<Wilner. | Levin<Mayer.
Pizer<Schnaper. | Keegan<Marc W'less.
Lesch<Lesch. | N Res Bk<Lesk Rlty.
Levinson Wrecking< Brand. | Rosenthal<Greenberg.
Trevan<Porter. | Hopkins<Hammond Type.
Edmonds<Styles. | McClaskey<Niles.
Hughes<Hughes. | McCormack<M'C'm'k.
Darmand<Browning. | Case on.
Berry<Berry.

PART IV., case on; for the term; PART V., adjourned PART VI. case on; PART VII., case on; PART VIII., case on.

PART I. (Criminal Calendar)—Davis, J, Case on.
Everett Fowler.
Hans Schmidt.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.
Goldberg<N.Y. C.&H. R. RR. Co. | Bradley<Bowery S Bk
Browne<Bertie. | Hardman Tire, &c.< Kurras.
Mertens<Dyer. | Van Vorst<Strong.
The Mutual Bk<Slede. | Haney<L V SS Co. Case on.
Harris<Cone. | Gilman<Jones.
Deaton<Martin. | CNY<B H RR.
Dayton<3d Av RR Co. | Harrison<NYC RR.
Felberbaum<Union Ry Co. of N. Y. | Nicholas<3d St. Manhattan & St Nicholas Av. RR Co.
De Vitto<N Y C & H RR Co. | Levine<Essex & Lee. Case on.
Ratz<Fishman. | Grasso<Smith Met Bed Co.
Brauer<Lawrence. | Calabrisoto<Postal Tr Service, Inc.
Cook<Roth. | Jamaica W Supply< Drummond.
Sherry<Fed T Cotta. | Standing<Bradley.
Scott & Fowler Co.< Wright. | Schwarz<Frieder. Case on.
NY St'm<Bradley Con | Donohue<NY Ry. Clear.
Tanenblatt<Hamilton Fire Ins. Co.

PART IV.—Cohalan, S.
Ackerman<Hawkes. | Guckes<N Y Rys Co.
Van Oehsen<Laughlin. | Grasso<Smith Met Bed Co.
Same<same. | Calabrisoto<Postal Tr Service, Inc.
Libster<Lewis. | Gilesman<Rich L & R R.
Bagley<CNY. | Donohue<NY Ry. Clear.
Coglo<Bradley Const Co. | Karamanian<Westcott Exp.
Bohanon<Hastings. | Loghman<Brown Bros. Case on.
Waters<Hay Fdy & I Works.

PART V.—Dugro, J.
O'Donnell<Brown. | Fay<Marx.
Coffey<CNY. | Wallach<Same.
Same<Cauldwell-Wingate. | Pomerantz<Cushin.
Clark<N Y Staats. | O'Leary<Linch.
Johnson<St Phillips.
Gein<Colter.
O'Conner<NYC&HRR.
Spritzer<Ahearn.
Allinel<Morrison.
Sullivan<CNY.
Sullivan<CNY.
Wallace<CNY.
Kaplan<Roosin. Case on.

PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART IX.—Ford, J.
Bayer<Col Mantel. Clear. | Leary<Yellow Taxi.

PART X.—Causes to be sent from other parts. Case on.

TRIAL TERM—PART XI.—Goff, J.
Frank& Lambert, Inc, <CNY. | Larocque<Herald Co.
Suamanen<Gormsen. | Schain<Ronay.
Demos<Even Journal. | Fagan<Bradley Const.
Gaffney<Herbert & Co | Alpert<Morris.
Eig<Lempert. | Wolkowitz<Blecher Bros.
B Stanton<CNY. | Loftus<CNY.
M Stanton<same. Clear. | Hallion<CNY.

PART XII.—Hendrick, J.
Sackheim<Pigneron. | Schulman<Goldberg.
McGettrick<NY Rys. | Lee R E Co<Canavan Bros.
Jakobvitz<Mendetz. | Gerderick<NY Ry.
Shafer<Falke. | Zimmer<Freund.
Same<same. | Schwartz<3d Av RR. Case on.
McKeon<Sherman.
Same<same.
Campo<Gilman.

PART XIII.—Page, J.
Bazik<Bradley Const. | Jerkiewicz-Hedden Iron Const.
Sullivan<Stearns & Co of N Y. | Miller<Wells Bros.
Mandel NY&B Casket | O'Sullivan<Greenb'm.
Michnick<Gossett. | Ruddy<Radin. Case on.
Meagher<Hearn.

PART XIV.—Philbin, J.
CNY<Lewis. | Anderson<Weber.
Perley<Williams. | CNY<Levy.
Waldron<Steinburgh. | Shalek<Jetter Brew. Clear.
Farley<Bronx Hotel.

PART XV.—Whitaker, J.
Joseph<De Mauriac. | Rosenthal<C of Lang.
Egan<Con Trust. | Chappel<Kessler.
Cook<Roth. | Jamaica W Supply< Drummond.
Sherry<Fed T Cotta. | Standing<Bradley.
Scott & Fowler Co.< Wright. | Schwarz<Frieder. Case on.
NY St'm<Bradley Con | Donohue<NY Ry. Clear.
Tanenblatt<Hamilton Fire Ins. Co.

PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.
Scanlon<Carrellan. | Alpha Port Cement Co <Gaberial B Con Co
McCausland<Bogus. | N Y Assets R<Carnegie Trust.
F V Smith Contr Co< CNY. | Same<Thompson.
Cohen<Ratner. | Holloway<Brunn.
Brister<Rosenberg. | Rosenberg<Hamilton R & B.
Century Tire Co< Mason. Case on.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.
Fraelzer<Bach Fur. | Hutchinson<Smith.
Leopoldstadt<Mann. | Thomas<Thomson.
Alexander<Trent Tile. | Margolies<Ariz Tur.
Same<Cambridge Tile Mfg. | Rothereson<Rosenberg
Same<Nat Tile Co. | Eckenroth<Parshelsky Bros.
Same<O B Enameled. | Morgan<Bon Bon Co.
Same<C'bridge Tile Mfg. | Ringler<Weiss.
Hirsch<Freedman Bros Co. | Minzesheimer<Walker.
Crogan<Persion. | NY Assets Real< Demarest.
Conway<McRae. | Reynolds<Bachner.
Hefferberth<Duckett. | In S'less Powd, &c< Honeywell.
Fragner<Smith. | Case on.
Moore<N Am Accident

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.
Sykes<Shannon, Jr. Case on. | Fairfax<Kline R & I.

SURROGATES' COURT.

CHAMBERS —Fowler, S.
Wills for probate:
Mary Guerin, | James L. McElven,
Elizabeth Watson, | Edwin A. Force, Anna E. Paret.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

PART I.—Schmuck, J.
Christ<Int R T Co. | McGrath<Johnson Ltg.
Winter<Jackson. | Dutch<Ward.
Carpenter<Fraumann. | Rafferty<Conroy Bros.
Picard<Kumber. | Ozett<Nat Fireproof.
Rosefsky<Kitchen Imp | Col'n Shirt<Royal Ins
Heyman&Prin<Bren'n. | Same<Old Colony Ins.
Roth<T Stokes & S. | Same<German Fire In.
Sulzbacher<Elec Bk P. | Same<Wbg. C. F, &c.
Schaf<Hammer. | Same<Fire Assn, Phil
Hencken & W Co<Lee. | Same<Comi Un Assn.
Gresner<Healey. | Same<Law Union, &c.
Licht<Stroper. | Same<R I Ins.
Barnett<Eperhagen. | Same<Br-Am. Ins.
C RR<Shamrock Tow. | Same<Nor Assur.
Gold<Gross. | Same<Citizens Fire I.
Levy<Lawrence. | Same<No Brit, &c.
Salkind<Rabinowitz. | Same<Ins Co of N A.
Lehman<Union Ry. | Same<Aetna Ins.
Same<same. | Same<Atlas Ins.
Shumman<NY Rys. | Inovation Ing<Dooly.
Lehman<Grumburg. | Sedulsky<Ward Bread.
La Vigne<Waldman. | Patti<Smeed.
Gross<Sarlem. | Lusher<Kupfer.
Gutierrez<Garzia. | Rosen<Tremt Ir Wks.
Thomas<Rishell. | Tahl<Levey.
Ranger<Stewart. | Holtz<Auerbach.
Am Newspaper, &c., Co<Bates. | Tucker<NY Rys.
Dowd<Int R T Co. | Harris<US Gr L, &c.
Post<NY Transp. Co. | Thomas<Becker.
Judas<Naughton-M Co | Burns Bros<Burstein.
Dobson<Phillips. | Foyle<Pelber Eng W.
Wilmerding<Baesm'ch | Muster<Prich.
Schwab<Joline. | Williams<Hegeman.
Reid<Whiston. | La C Auto<Jdorf Auto
Seaman<Savoy Hold. | Same<same. Case on.

PART II.—Green, J.
B'klyn Parlor S.<Sobel, D'Angelo<Mestaniz. | Runkle<Harris H Urls Iron Wks.
Popini<McAtamny. | Freedman<P. S. Purchasing & D. Assn.
Shaw<McQueeney. | Warnick<Am A. News
Cobe<Cobe. | Rothman<Miller.
Fishbein<Define Raincoat Co. | Dewey<Broad Const
Bob<Rude. | Baerenklau<Elfron.
Fish<Horowitz. | Randle<Keystone Mat. Case on.
Kushner<Cohn.
Chaleff<Trebia Realty.

PART III., case on; PART IV., case on; PART V., case on; PART VI., case on; PART VII., clear; PART VIII., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Altman< The Bungay Co—Max Weider, Altman< McKeon—Samuel Stack. Hall<Doyle—Cyrus S Miller. Seabury, J.—Goldstein<Seyman—Harry N French. Altman<Lyons—Harry N French. Archibald<Johnson—Harry Bijur. Lehman, J.—Isaacson<Segelbohm—Wm J Quinn.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. In re Miller —Frederick C Kane.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Fredk Reifel<Wm P McCarthy—Harry N French.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Trials.—Manning, J.
Judson<Edwards. | Tabor<Same.
Noonan<Wallace. | Greve<Graf.
Mason<Mason. | Sessnon<Sessnon.
Magliano<Humphries Const. Co. | Oestreich<Oestreich.
Fein<Fein. | Enders<Enders.
Lawyers' Rlty<Parmelee. | Baumann<Baumann.
Send<Rodriquez. | Trommer<Trommer.
Nowak<Dubroff. | McDermott<SNY.
Klingenbeck<Heissenbuttel. | Patchen<Daug Isabella
Mustot<Muskat. | Neal<Neal.
Ellman<Slater. | Ithell<Malone.
Seller<McGregor. | Ball<Garvey.
Hill<Staintor. | Gordon<Gordon.
Highest number reached, 669. | Seal<Moore.
Horrocks<Horrocks.
Christman<Christman.

SPECIAL TERM—Scudder, J.—Litigated motions.
Kaufman<Wilbur. | Cohen<Cohen.
Marro<Hogan. | Berg<Berg.
N B Gun Club<Bay Assn et al. | Miller<Niegel.
O'Neill<B U Gas Co. | Kahl<Edgewater S.M.
McIntyre<B & S Brew. | Ennis<Ennis.
O'Connell et al<Wilson et al. | Fox<Oxx et al.
In re Hall (Curdy.) | Hess<Hess.
In re Lancashire. | Morris<Simmons et al.
Fragner&Fischel. | In re Cattin.
Carney<Penn Rlty. | Tempany, Henrietta< Tempany, Hewlett.
Tax Lien<Bible et al. | Morris<Summers et al.
Postal Life Ins<Dorey Rlty et al. | Randolph<HorneT Ins.
Alden et al<Law et al. | Fielding<Dewey.
Home Trust (Ao 1)< Kidney et al. | In re Catlin.
Capobianco<Capob'ca.
Home Trust (Ao 1)< Kidney et al. | Bupkiewitz<Cohn et al.
Supkiewitz<Cohn et al.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; II., Aspinall, J.; III., Kelby, J.; IV., Benedict, J.; V., Kelly, J.; VI., Kapper, J.; VII., Jaycox, J.
McFadden<Stand Oil. | Rothenberger<Lucker.
Block<Par S Co, &c. | Siegler<Fire As. Phil.
Dan<Rubenstein et al. | Glunz<Ross.
Fagan<M C I. RR. | Hoffman<Burkard.
Kiernan<B H RR. | Griffin<Hallock.
Berkoff<Bleistift. | Randall<Elfelt & ano.
Bower<Fisher. | Scott<Woolworth Co.
Lindsay<B, Q Co, &c. | Connolly<Bloeth.
Condon<Stoew Con. | Kerr<B H RR.
Geneas<Dalury et al. | Barnett<Huber Brew.
Gross<Lwood Mfg. | Rosenblum<Todd.
Yei Pine<Kelly et al. | Nicholson<CNY.
Reinhard<Conron Bros | Amerdin<Kahan.
Smith<Stone Constr. | Belkin<Hickey.
Galeski<Nassau RR. Good<CNY et al. | Levine<Cohen.
Quirk<Coopers Glue.
Vargo<Weinstock et al | Mitchell<Lawyers' T.
Perretta<Un Dress B. | Deebach<R. Gair Co.
Hansen<Wemple Co. | Empire State Surety Co.<Siebert et al.
Malorini<N Y Tel.
Kolacki<Am Sur Ref.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Hutton<Holmes et al. | Finelli<Bliss.
Jones<U Cities Rlty. | Benson<Crane's Sons.
O'Connor<Fuller et al. | Dillon<Cramer & ano.
Fox<Robins D. Dock. | Schrauth<Queen Chem
Cossentino<Van Ideretine & Son. | Cusano<Casamassa.
O'Neill<Intnl. S'shine. | Corrige<Int R T.
Jeviric<CNY. | Reiter<Hanson.
Heath<Johnson. | Levy<Nassau RR.
Goldberg<I. R. T. | Kolkebeck<Same.
Hyman<Stein. | Farrell<Same.
Gerety<Cont. P.W. Co | Dolan<Same.
Dehm<Langler. | Forglone<Steeplech'se.
Maslanka<Am Mfg. | Callahan<O'Neill et al.
Cowen<B H RR. | Zorn<Plant.
Livois<Hol. Cab & R. | Sparacino<Schumacher et al.
Rosenberg<McL.&Bros. | Novi<Moore et al.
Cohen<Smith et al. | Stazione<Moore et al.
Duluce<Brodie Mfg. | Banieri<Depano.
Springer<Schwartz. | Stohitsch<Rabinovitz.
Roy<NY & L I Trac. | Walsh<Henb'que Con.
Cristiano<Tunmore. | Brown<Atl St'dorting.
Ross<Tunmore. | Rothnagel<Con Gds.
Bierds<NY Rys. | Power<Orr Co.
Highest number reached 2389.

SPECIAL TERM.—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part VII.—Jaycox, J. Joseph Cassidy. | Louis T Walter, Jr.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS.—Ketcham, S.
James Howard. | Mary E Southworth.
Johanna Schmidt. | Hedwig Osthoff.

Accounting in the estates of:
Michael Reddington. | James C Gorman.
Sussane P Rowland. | John Cravin.
Peter Skelly. | T Fred Haag.
C W Harris. | Antonio Tonella.
Sidney White. | Frank Quirk.
Samuel Valentine. | Louis Evans.
D H Miller. | C Feltman.
Kenneth Sutherland. | Lydia Little.
Annie von Kantzel. | Estate of Joseph Wood

Contested Calendar—Wills of:
Caroline Newbut. | Fred Schmidt.
Johanna Holme.

County Court.

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part I.—Fawcett, J.
George Stahl, Jr. | George Murray.
David Schaerstein. | Frederick Wolfe.
William Abjer. | John Lockward.
Willard Wyckoff. | John Leyden.
Mary Lopetz.

PART II.—Dike, J.
William C Erake. | Abraham Brown.
Cornelius McNurney. | Herbert Rainey.
Samuel Morrell. | William Golden.
Joseph Pirpok.

PART III.—Addington, J.
John Donovan. | Frank Longo.
Joseph Levine. | Edward Swift.
Harry Kronhinberg. | Salvatore Marino.
Louis Rechtman. | Francesco Luparello.
Louis Ruffino. | Carmino Castigano.

CIVIL CAL.—Part IV.—Andrews, J.
Golfman<B H RR. | Schafer<Nas El RR.
De Matteo<Polonio. | Ryan<Canavan.
Duffy<So Bkl RR. | Harsenhan<N El RR.
Doletang<Sigretto. | O'Rourke<Rich.
Soldner<Bittner. | Cirolla<Bkl H RR.
Travis<Maher.

COUNTY OF BRONX.

Surrogate's Court.

George M. S. Schuls.

Wills for probate:
George Lutz. | Barbara Hahn.
Valentine Frees. | John G. Bunte.
Joseph Richter. | Elisabeth G. Meyle.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:13|Sun sets..5:12|Moon sets..7:44

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:05	9:35	2:57	3:25
Governors Island	9:24	9:56	3:29	3:56
Hell Gate	11:14	11:46	5:09	5:26

Arrived—Tuesday, Jan. 27.

SS Rochambeau, Havre, Jan. 17.
SS George Washington, Bremen, Jan. 17.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Jan. 21.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Olympic	Southampton	Jan. 21
San Urbano	Southampton	Jan 14
Guiana	St. Thomas	Jan. 21
California	Glasgow	Jan. 17
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	Jan. 17
Kroonland	Antwerp	Jan. 17
Narragansett	London	Jan. 13
Minnetonka	Southampton	Jan. 17
Hova	Boulogne	Jan. 20
Harmonides	Barbados	Jan. 19
Havana	Havana	Jan. 24
Grayson	San Juan	Jan. 21
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Jan. 24
Taormina	Naples	Jan. 14
Stiklestad	Gibraltar	Jan. 14
Christopher	Barbados	Jan. 19
Mineric	Barbados	Jan. 20
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	Jan. 22
Tenadores	Port Limon	Jan. 21
Oruba	Antilla	Jan. 24
Guantanamo	Tampico	Jan. 19
Apache	Jacksonville	Jan. 25
El Sol	Galveston	Jan. 22
Comal	Mobile	Jan. 20
Galileo	Hull	Jan. 10

DUE TO-MORROW.

Calabria	Naples	Jan. 12
Birkhall	Gibraltar	Jan. 15
Benedict	Para	Jan. 17
Zacapa	Santa Marta	Jan. 20
Arcadian	Bermuda	Jan. 27
Proteus	New Orleans	Jan. 24
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Jan. 26

DUE FRIDAY.

France	Havre	Jan. 24
Hudson	Fayal	Jan. 21
Esperanza	Havana	Jan. 27
Ancon	Cristobal	Jan. 23
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 27
El Rio	Galveston	Jan. 24

DUE SATURDAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Jan. 24
Cymric	Liverpool	Jan. 22
Tonawanda	Sunderland	Jan. 14
New York City	Swansea	Jan. 15
Jan Van Nassau	Haiti	Jan. 26
Advance	Cristobal	Jan. 24
Alamo	Galveston	Jan. 24
Lenape	Jacksonville	Jan. 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Campania, Liverpool	———	1:00 A.M.
Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Tyr, Curacao	———	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Colorado, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

*Caribbean, Bermuda	———	1:00 A.M.
Siam, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Albingia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Basil, Para	———	7:00 A.M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg	———	1:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	———	2:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

*Mails close at 11 P. M. Wednesday.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Majestic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Eastern Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Pinar del Rio, Havana	———	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

*G. Washington, Bremen	———	1:00 A.M.
Caronia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Berlin, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Oruba, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camagny, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	10:00 A.M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	———	2:00 P.M.
Laurentic, Havana	———	9:00 A.M.

*Mails close at 9 P. M. Friday.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, JAN. 27.

SS Olympic, Southampton to New York, was 684 miles E. at 6 A. M.; due 28th, afternoon. White Star Line.
SS Galileo, Hull to New York, was 224 miles E. at noon; due 28th, forenoon. Wilson Line.
SS Tonawanda, Sunderland to New York, was 960 miles E. at 8:30 A. M.
SS Michigan, Antwerp to New York, was 1,170 miles E. at 10 A. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 1,041 miles S. of Hoffman Shoals at noon.
SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 90 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Evelyn, San Juan to New York, was 294 miles S. at noon.
SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 1,027 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 988 miles N. of Colon at 7 P. M.
SS Radi

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Washington Heights Apartment House in $250,000 Deal —Colony Club Secures Option on Old Chapin Home— Oscar S. Straus Buys Country Estate in Westchester County—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

One of the important features of an active realty market yesterday was the sale of one of the new high-class apartments on Fort Washington Avenue recently completed in the upper Washington Heights section of the west side. The property sold was the six-story house on the southeast corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 161st Street, covering a plot 102.2 on the avenue by 108.10 on 161st Street. It is a six-story building and has been sold by the Friedman Construction Company to Joseph Shenk for investment. The property has been held at $250,000 and is fully rented, there being apartments for seven families on a floor.

Mr. Shenk has been a prominent investor of upper west side apartments, owning three other large houses in the locality, in addition to controlling others under long term leases. The building is one of four large houses which the sellers recently completed in the neighborhood on land formerly belonging to the Loyal L. Smith estate and purchased last year from Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum.

Colony Club's Option for New Home

For its proposed new home, the Colony Club, it was announced yesterday, has secured an option until Feb. 1 on the old Chapin home property, running through the block from Sixty-sixth to Sixty-seventh Streets between Lexington and Third Avenues. The plot covers an area of about 30,000 square feet, fronting 150 feet on Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets and 200 feet in depth.

The price to be paid to the trustees of the Chapin home, if the option is exercised, will be a little less than $400,000. The old buildings there are now unoccupied, the Chapin Home having moved about two years ago to its new quarters at Jamaica, L. I. Final action on the purchase and the removal from the present site at Madison Avenue and Thirtieth Street will be taken at the annual meeting of the Colony Club to-morrow.

Members who favor the site argue that it is near the new social centre of the city and that only 10,000 square feet could be secured on Park Avenue for the same price. If the site is secured it is proposed to have tennis courts on the grounds in Summer and a skating pond in Winter.

Oscar S. Straus Buys Country Estate

Oscar S. Straus, formerly Minister to Turkey, has purchased for occupancy the country estate of Harry S. Black at Purchase, in the town of Harrison, Westchester County.

The property consists of about forty acres, with extensive improvements, and is in the immediate neighborhood of the estates of William A. Read, Louis B. Ralston, Whitelaw Reid, Oliver Harriman, Herbert H. Lehman, and Donn O. Barber. Mr. Black held the property at $125,000. Kenneth Ives and Company negotiated the transaction.

Bank Resells Garage.

The three-story garage on a plot 50 by 100.5 at 54 and 56 West Sixty-seventh Street has been resold by the Franklin Savings Bank to the former owner William W. Hubbell. The property was purchased by the bank at foreclosure sale on Jan. 15 for $50,000.

Negotiations Pending For Harlem Plot.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the six-story elevator apartment house occupying a plot 120 by 100.11 on the north side of 115th Street, 125 feet west of Eighth Avenue. The property is owned by the 114th Street and Seventh Avenue Construction Company of which Max Weinstein is President.

Resale of East Harlem Tenement.

David Chenkin resold to an inventor for A. Jackson, the six-story tenement, 345 East 120th Street, on a plot 37.6 by 100.11, between First and Second Avenues. The property was purchased last week at public auction at the stand of Joseph P. Day for $35,000.

Bronx Borough Sales.

Dr. Henry Wollner has purchased for occupancy from the Hensol-Powell Realty Company the three-story two-family brick dwelling at 1,217 Vyse Avenue on a lot 18.9 by 100. The property has been held at $10,000.

James T. Barry has sold the vacant plot, 50 by 100, on the north side of Featherbed Lane, 233 feet east of the junction of Featherbed Lane and Nelson Avenue. The purchaser will improve the plot with a five-story apartment house.

A. Schoen has sold to Ackerman & Schaible 218 and 222 East 188th Street, two four-story dwellings, on a plot 50 by 90, between Grand Boulevard and Valentine Avenue.

To Widen Bronx Street.

Judge Irving Lehman has appointed John M. Thompson, Andrew Hally, and Joseph M. Callahan Commissioners in the matter of the widening of Third Avenue between East 180th Street (Welch Street) and Pelham Parkway, in the Borough of the Bronx. At the first meeting of this commission, held yesterday, John M. Thompson, Vice President of the M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, was made Chairman.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Barbara Meyer and another to a client, for investment, the four-story double brick stores and apartments, on a plot 26 by 100, known as 5,219 Fifth Avenue.

G. W. Snyder & Son have sold the three-story single brick flat 378 Thirteenth Street, near Seventh Avenue, for the owner to a client, for investment.

William G. Morrisey, Jr., has sold for the Bedford Associates, Samuel H. Coombs, President, the block bounded by Tenth Avenue, Fort Hamilton Avenue, and Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets, in the Borough Park district, to J. S. Gold of the Gold & Taylor Cut Stone Company. The block will be improved with small dwelling houses.

New Jersey.

Frederick A. Tetor and S. S. Walstrum, Gordon & Forman have sold for Mrs. Helen Elswald of New York her farm of sixty-seven acres in the Borough of Saddle River, N. J. Ezra F. Conklin of Hohokus, N. J., is the purchaser.

Westchester County.

O'Connor & McCann have sold for Justice Martin J. Keogh to a client three acres of land, with an old house and several outbuildings, on Mount Tom Road, New Rochelle. The purchaser intends improving with a fine residence. The property was held at $18,000.

Recent Buyers.

The Georgia Pine Turpentine Company is the buyer of the two old houses at 156 and 162 Perry Street reported sold Monday. The buyer owns the intervening parcels, 158 and 160, and now controls a plot having a frontage of 80 feet running through to Charles Lane.

Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley is the buyer of the dwelling at 529 Madison Avenue, sold last week by the Swan-Brown Company. Dr. Bulkley owns the adjoining dwelling at 531 Madison Avenue, southeast corner of Fifty-fourth Street, and now controls a frontage of 40.5 feet on the avenue and 80 feet on the street.

Dr. Richard J. Scofield is the purchaser of the dwelling at 71 West Ninety-second Street, sold recently by the Brodie Realty Company. Dr. Scofield will occupy the house.

Prof. Johnson to Address Brokers.

Prof. Charles French Johnson, Dean of the New York University School of Commerce and Finance, will be the principal speaker at the monthly luncheon of the Real Estate Board of New York to be held to-morrow at 115 Broadway. "The Increasing of the Land Tax," with special application to the present agitation for halving the tax on buildings and doubling it on land, will be the subject of the address.

Commercial Leases.

N. Brigham Hall and William D. Bloodgood, Inc., leased for the John Jacob Astor estate store 5 in the Astor Court building on Thirty-fourth Street, opposite the Waldorf-Astoria to J. W. Schermerhorn for a term of years.

The Nehring Company has leased one of the stores in the new Tax Payer now being erected and situated on the south-east corner of 176th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

Louis Schrag, has leased for the District Realty Company, the building 140 West Twenty-fourth Street, to the Boyertown Burial Casket Company, for a term of ten years.

M. Rosenthal Company have leased for a long term of years, the northwest corner of Thirtieth Street and Sixth Avenue, adjoining the Greely Square Theatre, for the Greely Square Amusement Company, to Madam "Nannette" of Paris, at an aggregate rental of $80,000.

James Kyle & Sons have leased the entire five-story building 723 Lexington Avenue, north-east corner of Fifty-eighth Street for Israel O. Blake to A. Paul, for a term of years. Extensive alterations are to be made, also the building 717 Lexington Avenue to M. Feinman for a term of years. The building is to be altered and used as a ladies tailoring establishment.

Real Estate Notes.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has been authorized by the Public Service Commission to start work on the Centre Street loop, and also the work on the Thirtieth Street cut from Fourth Avenue to Ninth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street.

Timothy Paddell is entitled to exercise an option of purchase at $60,000 on the property at 208 West Forty-second Street, in a lengthy decision handed down by Justice Davis in the Supreme Court.

The opinion formed part of an agreement with the late James M. Jones by Mr. Paddell in 1901 to lease the property for twenty-one years at a graduating rental of $22,400 the first year, $3,700 per annum, with the privilege of buying the property at any time after May 1, 1911, for $60,000. The property consists of a four-story business building on lot 20x49.5, which is assessed for purposes of taxation at $74,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

116th St, 151 East, n s, 52 ft e of Lexington Av, 17x80, 3-story dwelling; A. G. Cutter against E. T. Rosenheimer et al.; P. M. Tichenor, attorney; Paul Bernstein, referee; due, $11,832.25; taxes, &c., $614; to the plaintiff for $10.000.

Madison Av, 1,832, n w corner of 119th St, 25.10x100, 5-story tenement and stores; M. Bent against Sol Goldenkranz et al.; A. E. Ommen, attorney; F. I. Haber, referee; due, $44,273.20; taxes, &c., $1,021.69; to the plaintiff for $42,000.

164th St, 503-505 West, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, 6-story tenement; adjourned to Feb. 3.

By Joseph P. Phillips & Co.

2d Av, 2,003, w s, 25.5 ft n of 103d St, 25x75, 4-story tenement and stores; Miriam Isaacs et al. against Mary Barnett et al.; J. C. Levi, attorney; S. B. Gleason, referee; due, $14,815.20; taxes, &c., $307.00; to the plaintiff for $14,650.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Fordham Road, 600, s e corner of Arthur Av, 15x98.5x16.5x95.2, 2-story dwelling and store; G. Del Bello et al., exrs., and trustees, against Domenico Bastone et al.; Gerding & P., attorneys; Sol Simmons, referee; due, $10,879.71; taxes, &c., $653; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Bartholdi St, s s, 200 ft w of Holland Av, 15.9x126.11x8.11x126.11; N. B. W. Doolittle, admtrx. against Antony Maccarone et al., L. H. Andrews, attorney; M. J. Horan, referee; due, $1,627.79; taxes, &c., $1,104.34; to the plaintiff for $250.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

8th Av, 2,830 to 2,840, s e corner of 151st St, 179.1 to McComb's Place x 203.5 to 151st St x96.7, three six-story tenements and stores on avenue; New York County National Bank against C. H. Peckworth et al.; Kellogg & R., attorneys; J. F. Couch, referee; due, $32,040; taxes, &c., $3,274; subject to five mortgages aggregating $189,000.

10th St, 250 East, s s, 200.2 ft e of Park Av, 19.11x99.11, three-story dwelling; New York Life Insurance Co., trustee, against W. G. Rock et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; H. B. Lilpincott, referee; due, $5,435; taxes, &c., $600.

8th Av, 366, e s, 54.9 ft n of 28th St, 22x78, four-story brick stable; Amelie Lambert and C. O. A. Perceval et al.; R. P. Beyer, attorney; Warren Leslie, referee; partition.

Houston St, 436 East, n s, 111 ft e of Avenue D, 20.6x165.10, five-story tenement and store and four-story rear loft building; German Savings Bank against Isidor Berger et al.; Meyer Auerbach attorney; F. K. Hoffman, referee; due $16,129; taxes, &c., $1,229.

AT 3,288 THIRD AVENUE.
By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Bathgate Av, s e corner of Fordham Road, 100.5x82.5x100.7x82.5, two-story dwelling and vacant; C. F. Brown against N. S. McLaughlin et al.; D. S. Hardy, attorney; A. G. Mayer, referee; due, $13,092; taxes, &c., $610.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

44th St, 15 and 17 West, for a twelve-story store and loft building, 50x100; 15 West 44th St. Co., Inc., 68 William St., owner; G. & E. Blum, 505 5th Av., architects; cost, $190,000.

Park Av, e s, 189 ft s of 178th St, for a one-story frame shed, 20x10; John Tozkoski, on premises, owner; Charles S. Clark, 441 Tremont Av., architect; cost, $50.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Bayard St, 49, to a five-story tenement; M. Welinsky, 89 Canal St., owner; Hoernburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $5,500.

46th St, 34 and 36 West, to a factory and dancing academy; R. P. Bowler, 2 Rector St., owner; R. B. Bowler, 101 Park Av., architect; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JAN. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 354, w s, 19.3x75.10; Bleecker St, 350-352, n w corner of 10th St, 50.11x54.7x irregular x26.6; 10th St, 217 West, n s, 25.3x29; 4th St, 301, n e corner of Bank St, 39, 19.6x75; Mary A. Mortimer to Edgar E. Mortimer, 67 West 71st St, 1-7 part, quitclaim, Dec. 19, 1910; attorneys, Elkus, G. & P., 170 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Albert S. Mortimer, 1-7 part, quitclaim, Feb. 26, 1907; attorneys, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Robert P. Mortimer, 1-7 part, quitclaim, July 29, 1908; attorneys, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to George W. Mortimer, 1-7 part, quitclaim, July 25, 1904; attorneys, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Anna E. Mortimer, 1-7 part, quitclaim, July 25, 1904; attorneys, same $1

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 300 ft n of 125th St, 50x100; Max Gutschneider to Right Realty and Security Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $40,500,) Jan. 21; attorney, Louis J. Frey, 31 Liberty St. $1

COLUMBUS AV, 763-65, e s, 50x100; Lina Weil to Prosper Realty Corporation, 203 Broadway, (mtg $60,000,) Dec. 11; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway $100

EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 92 ft n of 137th St, 15.10x100; Isabel W. Bonner to D. H. Jackson Co., 153 Broadway, (mtg $11,000,) Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

MADISON AV, 1,694, w s, 25x100; Augustus J. Dieck to Louis Block, 79 East 96th St, Jan. 27, (mtg $23,500) $100

3D ST, s s, 50 ft w of Macdougal St, 25x100; E. D. Dowling, referee, to Elizabeth B. Price, Smithtown, L. I., Jan. 26, (mtg $17,000;) attorneys, Cannon & C., 135 Broadway $6,500

7TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x91; W. T. Emmet, as Superintendent of Insurance to liquidate the Empire State Surety Co., to Morris Spieleberg, 64 7th St, quitclaim, Dec. 13; attorney, Harold Spielberg, 309 Broadway $1

137TH ST, 626-28 East, s s, 39x103.3, (foreclosure Jan. 22;) Albert P. Massey, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Jan. 26; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St. $35,000

137TH ST, s s, 80 ft e of 1st Av, 19.10x53.7 to centre line of Stuyvesant St x23.9x66.8; George W. Acritelli to Santa M. Acritelli, 367 87th St, Brooklyn, ½ part, (mtg $7,000,) Jan. 16 ..... $1

48TH ST, 343-45 West, n s, 35x100.5; 7th Av, s e corner of 128th St, 49.11x75; Moses and Jennie Misch to Janem Realty Co., Inc., 105 West 130th St, Jan. 27; attorney, Ordam Wiener, 320 Broadway $1

54TH ST, 60 East, s s, 17x100.5; Edward C. Henderson to Douglas M. Moffat, 30 West 44th St, S. S., June 23, 1913; attorneys, Cravath & H., 52 William St. $1

SAME PROPERTY; Douglas M. Moffat to Edward C. Henderson and wife, 58 East 54th St, tenants by entirety, E. & S., June 23, 1913; attorneys, same $1

65TH ST, s s, 164.8 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.5; John W. Alexander to Elizabeth A. Alexander, 116 East 65th St, Jan. 27; attorneys, Alexander & Keenan, 24 Broad St. $1

81ST ST, 433 East, n s, 25x102.2; James A. Donegan to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, (foreclosure Jan. 20,) Jan. 26, attorney, Harold W. Swain, 173 Broadway $10,000

82D ST, 337 East, n s, 51.7x102.2; Moris Steinberg to Sophie Steinberg, 537 East 82d St, Jan. 12; attorney, Moris Steinberg, 337 East 82d St. $1

88TH ST, s s, 180 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; Henry M. Stevenson, referee, to William Engel, 38 West 92d St, Jan. 27; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St. $20,000

98TH ST, 320 East, s s, 25x100.9; Empire City Savings Bank to Esther Cukell, 326 East 98th St, Jan. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

110TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Manhattan Av, 50x100.11x irregular; Herman Joseph, referee, to Percival Wilds, 204 West 78th St, Jan. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

110TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Manhattan Av, 50x100.11x irregular; Herman Joseph, referee, to Percival Wilds, 204 West 78th St, Jan. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

117TH ST, 110 East, s s, 75x8x irregular x 50.11x e 25x n 100.11 to street x w 24.6 to beginning; Abr. Mandelbaum to Nathan Morgenstern, 370 East 10th St, (mtg $15,000,) all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

153D ST, s s, 175 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x94.11; Bradford K. Wiley to Hy. W. Gaines, executor and trustee, Huntington, L. I., (mtg $8,000,) Jan. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, 134, e s, 19.6x89.6; Edward Nicholson and another, executors, to Selvin Realty Co., Inc., 5 Beekman St, (mtg $7,000,) Jan. 22; attorney, A. L. Gelilch, 5 Beekman St. $7,125

BELMONT AV, w s, 253.1 ft n of 181st St, 24x82; Hyman Chlebowsky to Jacob Chlebowsky, 2,167 Belmont Av, (mtg $4,250) $100

BRONX AND PELHAM PARKWAY, n s, at land of Harlem River & Port Chester Railroad, 902.2x irregular; also, Eastern Boulevard, n w s, 284.2 ft n of Willow Lane, 175x irregular; Colorado Realty Co. to Mary E. Colford, 143 Wadsworth Av, April 15, 1913 ..... $1

CLASSON (now Hammond Av), n w corner of Mansion Av, 75x102.6x irregular; John W. Barthel to Peter Kiefer, 2,426 Westchester Av, Jan. 26; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St. $1

SAME PROPERTY; Peter Kiefer to John W. Barthel, 1,741 Wallace Av, Jan. 5; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St. ..... Omitted

FORDHAM ROAD, s s, 50.11x63.1x irregular, Lots 129 and 130, map of S. Cambreling and others; Ida Starke to John J. Tully Co., 780 North Oak Drive, Jan. 26, (mtg $1,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

FRANKLIN AV, n w s, 134.5 ft n w from s w side of 170th St, 100x20; Jennie Starr to Henry H. Snedeker, 129 Beech St, East Orange, N. J., Jan. 23; attorneys, Wells & S., 34 Nassau St. $1

JEROME AV, w s, 230.11 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, n s, 150x200; Knox Place, w s, 433 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, n s, 25x100; Gates Place, e s, 388.6 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 25x100; Mosholu Parkway, n e side, 55.3 ft n w of Gates Place, 85.3x87.11; Mosholu Parkway, n e side, 175 ft w of Gates Place, 312.1x —; Jerome Av, e s, 98.4 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 50x100; Kossuth Place, n e corner of 210th St, 100x20; Wm. Klein, referee, to Geo. M. Thompson, Bound Brook, N. J., Jan. 22; attorneys, Stimson & W., 2 Rector St. $5,000

JEROME AV, n e corner of Mosholu Parkway, n s, 221.2x irreg.; Knox Place, e s, 111.1 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 25x100; Jerome Av w s, 380 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 150x200; Gates Place, w s, 282.1 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, n s, 161.1x irreg.; Knox Place, w s, 608 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, n s, 25x100; also DeKalb Av, w s, 100 ft n of 208th St, 100x100; Wm. Klein, referee to Elbert H. Dickinson, at Rindge, N. H., et al, Jan 22; attorneys, Stimson & W., 2 Rector St. $55,000

KNOX PLACE, e s, 436.4 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 150x100; Knox Place, s e corner of Gun Hill Road, 25.3x irregular; Knox Place, w s, at n e s of Mosholu Parkway, n e s, 312.1 ft e of Gun Hill Road; 56.5x irregular; also Mosholu Parkway, n e s, 403.8 ft s e of Jerome Av, 55x200; Wm. Klein, referee, to Charles Dickinson, 1,190 Broadway, Jan. 22; attorneys, Stimson & W., 2 Rector St. $28,000

KNOX PLACE, e s, 123.7 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 100x irregular; Knox Place, w s, 114.1 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x100; Knox Place, w s, 333 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 100x100; Gates Place, c l, 135 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 150x100; Gates Place, e s, at n e s of Mosholu Parkway, 88.6x100x—; also Mosholu Parkway, n e s, 378.8 ft e of Jerome Av, 25x100; same to George William Dickinson, Paris, France, and others, trustees, Jan. 22; attorneys, Stimson & W., 2 Rector St. $37,000

LINCOLN AV, w s, 30.3 ft s of 135th St, 19.6x100; Otto Goetzel to Leonora R. Lowenthal, 462 East 138th St, Jan. 23, (mtg $7,900;) attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St. $100

LOT 100, map of 297 lots of Hunts Point Estates; Casualty Co. of America to John P. Magner, 157 West 95th St, Jan. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

LOTS 164 and 165, map of 170 lots of Siems estate; Thomas B. Beckwick to Kaia Paulsen, 628 East 138th St, Jan. 10; attorney, T. C. Enever, 132 Nassau St. $1

MARION AV, e s, 50 ft s of 195th St, 25x100; Julia E. Winkler to Mary B. W. Booth, 41 West 10th St, Jan. 26, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

TINTON AV, s w corner of 149th St, 125x100; Frank Begrisch, jr., to Clinton Building Corporation, 1,794 Prospect Av, Jan. 22, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway $100

VALENTINE AV, e s, 346.8 ft n of 194th St, 40.2x90.5x irregular; John J. Tully to Ida Starke, 397 East 153d St, Jan. 26, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WEBSTER AV, 1,414, e s, 175 ft n of 170th St, 25x90; Alois L. Ernst to Congregation Ezias Israel Anshei, Bronx, 1,416 Webster Av, Jan. 20; attorney, Solomon Brinn, 63 Park Row $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CLINTON ST, 176, e s, 25x100; Max Sturtz to Albert Engelhoff, 172 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, Jan. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Samuel Sturtz, 198 Broadway $3,000

LEROY ST, 15, n s, 25x90; Charles J. Schlesinger to Leah Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, Jan. 26, due July 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 250 Broadway $750

ORCHARD ST, 74, e s, 25x—; Morris Goldstein to Gussie Morgenstern, 53 Lenox Av, Jan. 27, due as per bond; attorney, J. Y. Tuckman, 320 Broadway $1,000

PIKE ST, e s, 24x85; Joseph H. Marin to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 27, 5 years; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St. $20,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Meyer Vesell, 767 5th Av, prior mtg $20,000, 5 years, Jan. 27; attorney, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway $4,000

SHERMAN AV, n s, 200 ft w of 204th St, 100x150; Vermilyea Realty Co. to Joseph E. Mark, 790 Riverside Drive, prior mtg $85,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Jan. 27; title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

WADSWORTH AV, s e corner of 192d St, 111.1x110.11; 191st St Construction Co. to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, Jan. 26, prior mtg $100,700, due May 27, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $2,300

3D ST, s s, 50 ft w of McDougal St, 25x100; Elizabeth B. Price to Minham H. C. Cannon, 323 West End Av, prior mtg $17,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Cannon & C., 135 Broadway $6,207

7TH AV, 240, 29.4x55.5; Henry M. Moeller to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, Jan. 26 ..... $30,000

18TH ST, 122 East, 25x103.3; Margaret Daub to Frederick Kalb, 1,696 2d Av, Jan. 8, prior mtg $18,000, 1 year, 6 p. c. $2,150

37TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.8; Bernard J. Foss to Joseph A. Snyder and another, Ridgefield Park, N. J., prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Jan. 27, 1914; attorney J. A. Snyder, 504 10th Av. $4,500

71ST ST, 67 West, 21x102.2; Mary A. Mortimer to Anna E. Mortimer et al., 67 West 71st St, Jan. 23, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway $25,165.85

37TH ST, 541-543 West, n s, 50x98.9; Edward T. Thomson to John W. Minturn, Syosset, N. Y., prior mtg $17,000, due as per bond, Jan. 27, 1914; attorney, F. S. Foster, 44 Wall St. $3,000

75TH ST, 168 West, 21.10x100; Barney Estate Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, Jan. 27. ..... $20,000

85TH ST, 164 West, 18.9x102.8; Isabel De F. Colbron to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Jan. 26, 3 years. $4,000

89TH ST, s s, 160 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8; William Engel to German Savings Bank 15 the City of New York, 157 4th Av, Jan. 27, 1 year; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St. $12,000

98TH ST, 320 East, s s, 25x100.9; Esther Cukell to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Jan. 27, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,900

116TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Manhattan Av, 50x—; George M. Davis to Percival Wilds, 204 West 78th St, Jan. 26, 5 years; attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlin, 31 Nassau St. $36,000

136TH ST, 128 West, 15x99.11; Albertha G. Turner to John Donegan, 542 East 137th St, prior mtg $9,350, Jan. 24, Due, &c., as per bond; attorney, W. J. Conway, 473 Lenox Av $750

Bronx.

BOSTON RD, 966 s e s, 20.5x73; John W. Fetzer to Yetta Edelstein, 3,151 3d Av, (prior mtg $10,000;) Jan. 23, 1 year, 6 per cent; attorney, M. B. Rich, 66 Broadway $1,000

CLAY AV, w s, 50 ft n of 174th St, 73x95; William A. Hard to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St. Jan. 27, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St. $8,000

LOT 160, Map Hunt's Point Estate; John P. Magner to Herrmann F. Bauerle, 636 East 219th St, Jan. 24, due Jan. 1, 1917; 6 per cent; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $20,000

MORRIS ——— e s, 310 ft n of 165th St, 20x95; Kate Reichwein to Frank Berkes, 1,395 Gates Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $7,500, Jan. 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. D. C. Sperry, 233 Broadway $1,000

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 193d St, 179.2x159.2; Henry U. Singhi to Babette Moller, 2,015 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, Jan. 26, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $20,000

TINTON AV, w s, 40 ft s of 149th St, 25 lots, 92.6x100 ft each; Tinton Building Corporation to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Jan. 22, due, &c., as per bond $64,000

TINTON AV, s w corner 149th St, same to same, Jan. 22, due, &c., as per bond $46,000

VALENTINE AV, 2,184, e s, 20x118.3; Home Specialty Co. to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, Jan, 23, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Levison, 208 East 138th St. $250

VALENTINE AV, e s, 346.8 ft n of 194th St, 40.2x99.5; Ida Starke to John J. Tully Co., A 730 North Oak Drive, prior mtg $20,000, Jan. 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,500

WEBSTER AV, 1,414, e s, 25x90; Congregation Ezrad Israel Anshev Bronx to Alois L. Ernst, 541 West 113th St, prior mtg $6,500, Jan. 20, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Freeman, 99 Nassau St. $2,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Jan. 20, 5 years,; attorney, same $6,500

165TH ST, 47.3 ft w of Trinity Av, 24.2 x100; Frank J. Dreher to John Alhers, 161 Franklin Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 27, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, John D. Kahrs, 1,454 3d Av. $2,000

240TH ST, n e s at s e corner of Bronx Boulevard, 44x100; George Schumann to Agnes H. Behlmer, 853 3d Av, Jan. 26, 3 years; attorney, L. J. Langbein, 302 Broadway $3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 8, store floor; Stern & Saalsberg Realty Co. to Karl Fischer, 8 Amsterdam Av, 5 10-12 years, from Sept. 1, 1913 ..... $1,716

EDGECOMBE AV, 132, double store floor; Conrad Von Eiff to Frederick Hilmer, 336 East 82d St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Otta A. Deffaa, 3,013 3d Av. $1,080

NORFOLK ST, 79, all; Jos. D. Goldstein to Max Anstreicher, on premises, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Jos. Perlbinder, 128 Rivingston St. $4,130

PIER at foot of 41st St, North River, wharfage, &c.; City of New York to Central Railroad of New Jersey, 143 Liberty St, 11 months, from Jan. 14, 1914, 10 years renewal; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records $1,000

PIER at foot of West 132d St, North River, wharfage, &c.; City of New York to Hudson Navigation Co., at Pier 32, North River, 5-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1913, 5 years renewal; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records $8,350

PIER 32, East River, e ½ of pier; City of New York to Seaboard and Gulf Steamship Co. 309 Broadway, 10 years, from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records $10,000

PIER 39, North River, extension; City of New York to Central Railroad of New Jersey, 143 Liberty St. 6 8-12 years, from Dec. 30, 1913; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records ..... 27½c per square ft.

PIER NEW 8, North River, bulkheads, &c.; City of New York to Lehigh Valley Railroad Co., 143 Liberty St, 12 years, from completion of work; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records. 27½c per square ft.

WASHINGTON ST, 385-387, all; Charles H. Dreyer to Oscar J. Weeks, 515 West 110th St, 4 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, W. J. Carlin, 2 Rector St. $4,250

9TH ST, 619 East, all; Lena Brown to Harry Klibanoff, 59 East 101st St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Chas. Liebling, 1202 Nassau St $1,976

40TH ST, 402 West, all; Samuel Rosenstock to Schwarz Brothers Co., 242 West 41st St, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Suire & W., 50 Pine St. $2,400

145TH ST, 239-253 West, all; Jos. Shenk to Jos. Sheinsinger, 68-70 West 139th St, 4 years and 10 months from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Samuel Kahan, 63 Park Row. $24,000

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,272, store, &c.; Maria O'Connor to Martin G. Heldt, 122 East 86th St, 8 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, E. A. Hassey, 302 Broadway ..... $1,020-$1,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 15 to 21; Benjamin Silverman against Solomon L. Fakas, owner; Louis Blicker, contractor. $61

PARK AV, 640; Luken Iron and Steel Co. against Fullerton-Weaver Realty Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor $1,135

VERMILYEA AV, s w corner of Academy St, 100x25; Thomas C. Edmonds & Co. against Warren P. Johnston, owner; Benjamin Wigderowitz, lessee; Picken Contracting Co., contractor $166

10TH AV, e s, 46.6 ft n of 16th St, 39.8x100; Church E. Gates & Co., Inc., against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors $803

10TH AV, 100 and 102; M. F. Westergren, Inc., against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors $450

SAME PROPERTY; New Jersey Terra Cotta Co. against same $385

SAME PROPERTY; Albert Biechner's Sons, Inc., against same $749

10TH AV, 100 and 102; Manhattan Sand Co. against Michael McGuire & estate of Roffiequora, owners; Long & Hagen, contractors $267

10TH AV, 100 and 102; Hudson Coating Co. against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors $100

14TH ST, 413 to 419 West; Gelbaud Contracting Co., Inc., against estate of John J. Astor, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors $148

14TH ST, 413 to 419 West; Manhattan Sand Co. against John J. Gillen, Inc.; Henry Kelly, Jr., and Henry Kelly & Sons and William W. Astor, owners; Long & Hagen, contractors $261

55TH ST, 124 and 126 West; Pelham Operating Co. against George Backer Construction Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co. contractor $159

57TH ST, 105 and 107 West; Pelham Operating Co. against Freundschaft Society, owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor $104

69TH ST, 14 West; Winthrop L. Jenison against estate of Eleanor E. Locke, owner; Charles E. Locke, contractor $169

87TH ST, 102 West; Braunfels, Browning & Co. against Princeton Construction Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor $64

87TH ST, 162 to 172 West; Pelham Operating Co. against West Side Construction Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor $112

169TH ST, 709 West; Benjamin Silverman against Solomon L. Pakan, owner; Louis Blicker, contractor $61

Bronx.

EAGLE AV, n e corner of 156th St, 357x113; John Giannattasio against

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Westfield—Semi-bungalow, 6 rooms, steam heat, water, gas, walks, decorations, &c.; new, on plot of 10,000 square feet; near depot and trolley; $4,875. Terms like rent. Home and Gardens Company, H. C. Lockwood, agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

BUNGALOW.

New, 8 rooms, bath, steam heat, open fireplace, Mission trim; large plot; $500 cash and balance as rent; send for photo. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N.J.

Commuting farms and modern bungalows right near station, with city improvements; open fireplace, &c.; thirty minutes out; express; quarter acres up; ask for list. John F. Walter, Glen Rock, N. J.

Fine old residence, modernized; exceptional neighborhood and surroundings; large grounds; barn, garden, fruit. Owner, 674 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—On account of poor health I wish to dispose of my country home, consisting of twelve acres of improved land, pleasant location on two public roads, modern built house of eight rooms, with water in house; barn good size, water in barn; outbuildings new; all in good repair; stock and tools; near good city market and State road; rural delivery and telephone. C. L. Squires, owner, Branford, Conn.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Furnished or unfurnished, on Riverside Drive, near Subway, in the seventies, for Spring and Summer months or longer period if desired, four-story private residence; reasonable to desirable tenant; exceptionally cool in Summer. R 156 Times.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

House suitable for club above 110th St., west side. P 322 Times Downtown.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

26 JOHN STREET.

Three floors of about 1,200 square feet each; six-story fireproof building, with electric elevator and all improvements; good light and air; suitable for offices, showrooms, and manufacturing; rental $1,400 and $1,000 per floor; any reasonable offer will be considered. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

Will sublet office, completely furnished, rugs and mahogany furniture, at $24 a month, if given privilege of retaining mailing address and desk-room during four hours each week; 200 feet from entrance to Grand Central Terminal. Call, between 11:30 and 1 o'clock. Address Room 1,001, corner 43d St. and Madison Av.

DESIRABLE SITES.

WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER. Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located; LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER. Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Desk room, adjoining Grand Central; direct entrance Subway and railroad; elevator service unequaled; telephone, stenographer, water; leased fifteen months; references; fair price. A 184 Times.

A cheap corner on Madison Av., above 59th St.; large frontage; easy terms. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St.

Two light lofts, 50x95, with or without power, non-fireproof; also one loft, 50x90, with power, fireproof building. A. Happell, 408 East 93d St.

17-19-21 WEST 31ST ST.

Several large stores and rentals from $720 & up. WM. HARVEY SUPERINTENDENT.

BEST SMALL OFFICE on 5th Av.; front, sunny, airy; new oak furniture; rent reasonable. POWELL, 235 5th Av.

43d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Part of office in corner suite Metropolitan Building. Room 9,071.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

GOING SOUTH, WILL SUBLET FIVE LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS; FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; EXQUISITELY FURNISHED FOR HOUSEKEEPING; MODERATE RENTAL. KING HAVEN, 445 WEST 153D ST. AUDUBON 1097.

83d St., 46 West.—Compelled to sublet attractive apartment 8 rooms, 2 baths; all outside; perfect condition; everything modern; furnished or unfurnished; sacrificed. P. C. Shannon, 165 Broadway.

Riverside Drive, (convenient to 96th St. Subway.)—Seven large, light rooms, two baths; beautifully furnished; player piano; three months or longer; $225 month. 2567—River-side.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 562 West 113th St., corner of Broadway, Apartment 4 C.

Duplex apartment to lease; sunny, spacious rooms, southern exposure, and northern exposure; with or without hotel service. The Chelsea, West 23d St.

Furnished corner apartment to rent at Van Dyck, 72d St. and Broadway, containing 9 rooms, 2 baths. Apply to Manager. Telephone 5547—Columbus.

Cosily furnished four rooms, kitchen, mahogany, Oriental rugs; near Drive; $65. Apply Superintendent, 311 West 95th.

Artistically and completely furnished four-room apartment; convenient. Pringle, 612 West 135th St.

Beautiful Riverside apartment, 4 rooms; furniture optional; southern exposure. Phone 2600 Spring.

Eight rooms and two baths, newly furnished. Apply to Superintendent, 307 West 79th St.

Bachelor apartment to let; references required. Telephone Plaza 7410, 59 West 56th.

East Side.

Comfortable, attractive apartment; large rooms and bath; steam heat, electric lights; refined, quiet locality; modern whitestone house; convenient transportations. Dr. Wolbart, 113 East 19th St.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

89th, 52 West.—Suite, two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; electric light, telephone extension; suitable for studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

92d St., Near Park Av.—Top floor of private house, three or four beautiful rooms; bath; all improvements; one or two refined adults. Write to 74 East 92d St.

Eight outside rooms, two baths; newly decorated; sublet reasonable, account moving West. 441 Fort Washington Av. Audubon 4173.

91st St., 15 West.—High class; 8 rooms; all light; rent $75; reduced to sublet; immediate possession.

802 West 111th St.—Two and four elegant rooms, overlooking Central Park; bath, steam, electricity, telephone. Janitor.

Brooklyn.

One-half New York rent; 10 minutes from New York; excellent location on Brooklyn Heights; 11 Monroe Place; attractive, new; every convenience; service; one, two, and three rooms, with baths.

642 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42. 6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.
Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc., 345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408
956 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin.
59 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
16 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Completely furnished loft for fur business; fixtures for sale at bargain; present owners have dissolved partnership and retired out of business. Call at once, Jaffe & Nadler, 159 West 26th St.

A Big Sale—Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, hat trees, telephone booths, wardrobes, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St.

SIXTY typewriters visible and others, costing $100 each new, $5 up; selling them out. Store, 427 Broadway, near Howard.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry.
Forty cents a line.

Japanese spaniels, male, female, and pup. Beautiful and affectionate; ideal pets for ladies. J. B. Takebe, 1,837 61st St., B'klyn.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—A pear-shaped emerald cabochon pendant, surrounded by diamonds, platinum chain, Saturday night, Jan. 17, 11 P. M. to 3 A M., between Sherry's and 140 West 55th, thence to Healy's, 66th St. and return; $100 reward; no questions. Miss Joan Sawyer, 140 West 55th St.

LOST—In or about Waldorf-Astoria, Jan. 22, chamois bag containing four-stone diamond lavalliere set in platinum, pearl necklace, ruby ring set with diamonds, sapphire diamond pin, pair seed pearl earrings, and pearl cuffbuttons. Advise R 148 Times.

LOST—Between Waldorf and Best's, chamois bag containing diamond lavalliere, diamond and sapphire bar pin, diamond and garnet ring, cuffbuttons and pearl necklace; very liberal reward. Frederics, 1 West 34th St., city.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold watch on bracelet that was picked up by a gentleman on 3d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Brooklyn, on the evening of the 26th. Owner, 607 3d St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Jan. 25, lynx fur scarf on Central Av. or Richmond Turnpike. Finder please communicate with Furlong, 63 Haven Esplanade, Tompkinsville, S. I. Telephone 1415 Tompkinsville. Reward; no questions asked.

LOST—In Subway, or vicinity 42d St. and Broadway, gentleman's gold, open face watch; initials "G. S. L."; Tiffany make; liberal reward. Little, 49 Claremont, N. Y. C.

LOST—Gold ring with two serpent heads, each containing diamond. Reward if returned to McMurray, 604 West 191st St.

LOST—Lady's small gold watch, between 116th St. and Fort Lee Ferry. Address Stulpnagel, Palisade, N. J.; reward.

LOST—Small gold lorgnette, at Globe Theatre Monday, Jan. 26. Finder please return to theatre office and obtain reward.

LOST—Pair silver lorgnettes, large eyes, between Stern's and Hearn's, Jan. 26; reward. R 163 Times.

LIBERAL REWARD.

Strayed from 19 East 70th St., about 10 o'clock Monday night, a light-colored sable Pekinese dog, answers to name of "Munski"; black face, white fore paws and chest, long black hair on ears, wore black harness, weight about 7 pounds. Liberal reward if returned and no questions asked.

$50 REWARD and no questions asked for return of dress suit case, marked "F. S. M., Plainfield, N. J.," and contents and hat box marked "F. A. M.," taken from parcel room Grand Central Station on Saturday, Jan. 24. Return to F. A. Martin, 52 Beaver St., New York.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Brown and black Boston bull, female, undershot jaw; liberal reward. Logan Tailoring Co., 58 East 10th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, single, double; private bath; steam; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Rooms with board; table board; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; board gentlemen or families; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d.—Sunny rooms; clean, comfortable; steam heated; best board.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

47TH, 50 WEST.—LARGE ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
ROOMS; FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

57TH ST., 411 WEST, (Hotel La Grange.)—Choice accommodations; double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; steam heated; superior cuisine.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; excellent French board; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 58 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; TABLE GUESTS; PARLOR DINING.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large, desirably furnished rooms; modern conveniences; refined home. Columbus 1740.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; electricity, steam; excellent course dinner 50 cents; outside guests accommodated.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Suite of rooms with bath; all conveniences. Telephone 8966 Columbus.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large sunny room; newly decorated; running water; refined surroundings; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms, quiet, refined sunrroundings; home table; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsome large rooms; all improvements; references exchanged.

73D ST., 256 WEST.—First-class rooms; exceptional table; parlor, dining room; near Subway; reasonable.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, sunny room; running water; single room; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, heated, attractive room, smaller room; choice table.

78TH ST., 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.

Norcee Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—One large, one small room; refined, homelike; references.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; references; modcrate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single; steam, electricity, unusually good meals; telephone; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent table; references exchanged.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

91ST, 149 WEST.—Handsome rooms, single, en suite; desirable home; gentlemen or couple.

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home; 252 West, table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, Corner West End Av., 879.—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Elegant room, southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Table guests accomodated. Telephone Morningside 8136.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive single sunny rooms; excellent table.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms; steam; parlor dining rooms; American table.

160TH ST., WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.) —Comfortable rooms, single or en suite.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway and beautiful Riverside.)—Nicest, healthiest section; "The Audubon"; only a few vacancies in our large establishment; those who appreciate a clean, well-heated, cozy room and good home cooking please apply; large room and meals for two, $15 to $20; $10 to $12 for one; smaller room, $8; every comfort. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

867 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location; overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END, 524, (86th Subway).—Floor, rooms, single, suite; excellent table; references.

Pianos and Organs.
Thirty cents a line.

Chickering upright piano, fine condition; cost $500; sacrifice for $125. Anguera, 816 W. 42d.

Kimball organ, with electrical appliances, perfect order, for sale. Write R 168 Times.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, Between University Place and 5th Av.—Nicely furnished front rooms; telephone and bath.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room, elegantly furnished; private bath, dressing room, closet.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

19TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large, sunny room; running water; telephone, bath; $6; references.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished rooms; modern conveniences.

47TH ST., 5 EAST.—Large rooms; private baths; furnished, unfurnished; $6, $8 weekly.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Large, small, light rooms; all improvements; bath, steam heat; phone.

49TH, 38 EAST.—Comfortable room; for gentleman; refined house; conveniently located; references.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome rooms; connecting bath; southern exposure; suitable two people; unusual conveniences; electricity; telephone.

122D ST., 72 EAST.—Single flat, eight large rooms and bath; sunshine in every room; steam heat; hot water; rent, $40.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,336, Near 53th St.—Parlor suitable manicure or chiropodist; also large rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 586. — HOMELIKE ROOMS; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES; SELECT.

West Side.

12TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large sunny clean room; private bath; well furnished; telephone.

34TH ST., 339 WEST.—Three-room suite of parlor, bedroom, and private bath; other rooms; moderate; respectable. Telephone, Halleck.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large room; running water, bath; refined surroundings; $8.

43D ST., 113 WEST.—Attractive front parlor; comfortable, warm rooms; conveniences; reasonable. 2276 Bryant.

45TH ST., 156 WEST, (NEAR BROADWAY.) —COMFORTABLE, NEWLY FURNISHED, HEATED ROOMS; RUNNING WATER; RESPECTABLE COUPLES; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Steam-heated front basement bedroom; reasonable; would consider business proposition.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Front basement bedroom; reasonable; steam; telephone; would consider light business.

51ST ST., 25 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double, single rooms; baths, studios; basements. 1972 Plaza.

51ST ST., 354 WEST.—Large room; steam heated; special value; $4 weekly; reference.

56TH ST., 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience. 6286 Columbus.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, small, desirably furnished rooms; bath; modern conveniences; southern exposure.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

68TH, 65 WEST.—EXCEPTIONAL ROOMS; STEAM; BATH; CONVENIENCES; SELECT.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished, sunny rooms; private bath; select. 8826 Columbus.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, with or without private baths; references; telephone.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive room; exclusive apartment, (near Broadway;) telephone, shower; breakfast. Wilde.

69TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large room; fine private bathroom; telephone; meals optional.

70TH, 36 WEST.—Newly opened; beautiful furnished rooms; running hot, cold water; homelike.

70TH ST., 109 WEST.—Extra large, handsome front rooms; conveniences; telephone Subway. "L"; reasonable.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Newly furnished, warm, quiet room; suitable two; conveniences; refinement.

70TH, 134 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, with or without private bath; reference.

71ST, 282 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Scrupulously clean rooms, singly or en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for refined business people; running water, telephone, electricity.

71ST ST., 151 WEST.—Small, bright, cozy rooms; conveniences; immaculate; private house; telephone; rafercnces.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Desirably furnished large, small rooms; private bath; parlor; telephone; Subway.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Attractive rooms; telephone; beautifully furnished; all conveniences; references.

73D, 102 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, with private bath; telephone; Subway.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; also single room; reasonable; references exchanged.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room, southern exposure; private house; electricity; hot water heating; references.

76TH, 253 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

76TH ST., 242 WEST.—Suites, with bath; single rooms; board optional; reasonable; telephone.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Large sunny room; all conveniences; twin beds; gentlemen.

78TH, 111 WEST.—Responsible gentleman can rent elegantly furnished room; all conveniences.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Delightful small room, near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

80TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large, sunny room, next bath; dressing room; telephone; reasonable.

82D, 70 WEST.—Large, small rooms; reasonable; southern exposure; couples, bachelors; table boarders.

82D, 80 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable large, small, outside rooms; telephone. Anderson.

82D, 146 WEST.—Light, clean, comfortable; electricity, lavatories, elevator. 8706 Schuyler. Haskins.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Handsome large, small rooms; conveniences; select.

82D, 118 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; private bath; also single room; reasonable.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private family; telephone; references.

83D ST., (Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.)—Unusually large and beautifully furnished room, private lavatory; every convenience; small private family; references. R 174 Times.

86TH ST., 41 WEST.—Well-furnished double room, adjoining bath; unusually desirable; reasonable for two men.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; continuous hot water; refined private home.

93D, 63 WEST.—Desirable warm, sunny rooms; large; homelike; lavatories; housekeeping privileges.

93D, 107 WEST.—Large, well-heated front room; also $4 front room.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished front room; high-class apartment. Ling.

95TH ST., RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Large, beautifully furnished rooms; southern exposure; private family. D 110 Times.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway Subway express one block; board optional.

97TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large room; private bath, parquet floors, Oriental rugs, electricity, vacuum cleaning; only refined professional party considered; highest references exchanged. 2087 Riverside.

108D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

106TH ST., 225 WEST.—Two front rooms and bath; one flight; well furnished; $10 per week. Ayer.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment. Apt. 19.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Apt. 9; desirably furnished, medium room; all conveniences; gentleman; select; reasonable.

113TH, 523 WEST.—Rare opportunity those desiring high-class furnished rooms; reasonable.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Columbia University; light outside room; bath, shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

116TH, (Near Drive.)—Attractive, light room, adjoining bath; private family. X 246 Times.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Two attractive, sunny corner rooms, Morningside Heights; overlooking Park; magnificent view; celebrated restaurant; rooms $12; references.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; elevator, shower, telephone. Apartment 41.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Rooms with board; table board; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; board gentlemen or families; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d.—Sunny rooms; clean, comfortable; steam heated; best board.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

47TH, 50 WEST.—LARGE ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
ROOMS; FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

57TH ST., 411 WEST, (Hotel La Grange.)—Choice accommodations; double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; steam heated; superior cuisine.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; excellent French board; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 58 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; TABLE GUESTS; PARLOR DINING.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large, desirably furnished rooms; modern conveniences; refined home. Columbus 1740.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; electricity, steam; excellent course dinner 50 cents; outside guests accommodated.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Suite of rooms with bath; all conveniences. Telephone 8966 Columbus.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large sunny room; newly decorated; running water; refined surroundings; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms, quiet, refined sunrroundings; home table; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsome large rooms; all improvements; references exchanged.

73D ST., 256 WEST.—First-class rooms; exceptional table; parlor, dining room; near Subway; reasonable.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, sunny room; running water; single room; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, heated, attractive room, smaller room; choice table.

78TH ST., 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.

Norcee Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—One large, one small room; refined, homelike; references.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; references; modcrate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single; steam, electricity, unusually good meals; telephone; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent table; references exchanged.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

91ST, 149 WEST.—Handsome rooms, single, en suite; desirable home; gentlemen or couple.

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home; 252 West, table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, Corner West End Av., 879.—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

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121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms; steam; parlor dining rooms; American table.

160TH ST., WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.) —Comfortable rooms, single or en suite.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway and beautiful Riverside.)—Nicest, healthiest section; "The Audubon"; only a few vacancies in our large establishment; those who appreciate a clean, well-heated, cozy room and good home cooking please apply; large room and meals for two, $15 to $20; $10 to $12 for one; smaller room, $8; every comfort. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

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near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location; overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END, 524, (86th Subway).—Floor, rooms, single, suite; excellent table; references.

High-Grade Men

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,
Schenectady, N. Y.

January 23d, 1914.

The New York Times:

We recently inserted a Want advertisement in The New York Times seeking an assistant to the writer. You may be interested to know that we have already received seventy replies, and these have been from high-grade men, so that we are very confident of locating among these responses just the man we are looking for.

We are most satisfied with the results of our small investment in your service.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.
By R. L. Stone, Supervisor of Printing.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

129D ST., 201 WEST.—Desirable outside room in corner apartment; private family; convenient to "L" road, Subway, restaurants; references required; gentlemen prefered; reasonable. Halleck.

129D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4580. Apartment 51.

122D ST., 501 WEST.—Front room, bath, in quiet apartment; $4 weekly. Keating.

123D, 111 WEST.—Large, light, well-heated front rooms; suitable for two; running water; ample closet space; reasonable.

124TH, 541 WEST.—American family; elevator; Broadway Subway; gentlemen; $3.00. Apartment 21.

126TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house; conveniences; moderate rates.

128TH, 147 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished front room, private residence; telephone; Subway. "L."

129TH, 39 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; private family. Lene, Apt. 19.

140TH, 143 WEST, (Apartment 10.)—Large, airy room, heated, bath, elevator; refined family.

142D, (1,649 Amsterdam Av.)—Large, sunny room; elevator, &c.; $3.50. Apt. 62.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, clean, comfortable front room; gentlemen; elevator. Apt. 27.

169TH, 511 WEST.—Young business woman will share small, new apartment (piano) with young woman; exceedingly reasonable. Bowman; telephone during day 7720 Murray Hill.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 631, (West 148th.)—Pleasant room, bath, 'phone; reasonable; private house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (Madrid.)—Beautiful room; Hudson view; newly furnished; elevator. Turner.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

147 CLINTON ST., NR. SUBWAY.
Private family has nicely furnished room.

PRESIDENT ST, 906.—Twenty minutes from Wall St. by Subway; refined neighborhood.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG COUPLE want room, with or without board; private family preferred; or small furnished apartment; state terms and particulars. R 171 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires comfortable room, with or without board; upper west side; please give particulars and terms. R 166 Times.

Help Wanted Female
Fifteen cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

LACE DEPARTMENT—We require for our Lace Department several bright saleswomen that have had a thorough experience in selling a full line of laces and lace robes. Application can be made in person or by mail to Superintendent.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 25, for outside position, requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; must be self-supporting; good income (salary) guaranteed to suitable person. Ask for manager, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND SECRETARY, charge of office, mail, &c.; highest references. Apply by letter only, C. A., 1,364 Broadway.

CLOAK MODEL wanted; experienced; size 36. Apply Room 705, 1,182 Broadway.

CORRESPONDENT. — Permanent position, with good prospects for the future, for a young woman with good ideas in dress, able to express herself clearly in correspondence. Apply by letter only, giving age and experience, to C. M. Payne, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN AND DEMONSTRATOR FOR THEIR SHEET MUSIC SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN WANTED, well educated, bright, and understanding dressmaking, capable of making grammatical Spanish translations from the English. Apply W. C. Reed, Butterick Building, New York.

STENOGRAPHER. — ONE OF THE LARGEST PUBLISHING HOUSES CAN USE A FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER, WITH INITIATIVE, NOT OVER 28 YEARS OF AGE; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND EDUCATION. R 172 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Rapid and accurate; good grammarian; $6. D. B., 515 West 187th St.

TRIMMERS, MILLINERS; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY.
SCHWARTZ'S,
685 8TH AV., NEAR 43D ST., N. Y.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

MISS CONKLIN'S
SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
7 West 42d St., opp. the Library.
STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, SECRETARIAL WORK, ENGLISH.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

DRESSMAKERS. — Practical dressmakers with experience in first-class city establishments may secure very desirable, permanent positions, with excellent future. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience, to C. M. Payne, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

Help Wanted, Male
Fifteen cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior; to assist temporarily on audit; good penmanship; accuracy and accounting experience required. Apply R. A. G., 20th floor, 315 4th Av.

AN ENERGETIC MAN may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. M Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N.Y.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man in steamship office; must be experienced and accurate at figures; no others need apply; steady position to right party. Address, with full particulars, salary expected, &c., Immediate, P 343 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, to handle set of double entry books; rapid and exact work; also reference required; salary, $25. Busk Terminal Building, 32 33d St., top floor, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER as partner, with cash investment secured; old-established business, doing $100,000 yearly; good chance to right party. P 115 Times Downtown.

BOY (16) for office; one who can operate typewriter preferred. R 105 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, well addressed, convincing talker, with knowledge of Yiddish or Italian. Call, 10 to 11, 115 E. Houston St., first floor. Schapiro.

DANCERS.—Expert dancers wanted; good salary. Apply to Louis Martin, 1,845 Broadway.

ESTABLISHED daily trade paper desires the services of bright man, not over 25, capable of grasping details, for general reportorial work; some experience helpful; give qualifications and salary desired. R 175 Times.

EXPORTER.—American, Englishman, or German wanted with export experience, knowing Spanish and Portuguese thoroughly, also knowledge French and German, for permanent position with well established Western house. Address Export, 1,364 Broadway.

MANAGER WANTED.—A first-class furniture man, capable of managing store 150 miles from New York; state age, references, and salary expected. Address "Furniture," Room 219, 147 4th Av.

PROOFREADER and editor's assistant wanted in an educational publishing house; must have college education, and have had successful experience as proofreader; good salary. Reply D 126 Times.

SALESMAN.—Capable man, over 25, for refined, congenial work on class book proposition where leads, easy terms, and liberal commissions assure income over $100 weekly; new, low-priced edition now ready; opportunity good bookmen. Call forenoon, 16 East 40th St. Ask for Mr. Bastien.

SALESMEN.—$50 per week; men on commission who can sell new, classy, moderate priced specialty direct to business men, stores, and homes; cash or rental system. Chest Co., 722 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—EXPERIENCED IN KIMONOS; PARTY WITH OFFICE PREFERRED; COMMISSION BASIS. SALIM & SHOHFI, 151-3 WEST 19TH ST.

SALESMAN acquainted with buyers; ladies' neckwear; city and vicinity; state age, experience; salary, commission basis. C. B., Box E 201 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Man over 25; education and address; salesman first, then manager; guarantee and commission. Rynal, 106 5th Av.

SALESMAN on high-class unique proposition; large commission basis; leads furnished. Suite 1,109, 44 East 23d Street.

SALESMAN to call on housefurnishing departments and jobbers; commission. P 338 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman on kimonos. National Negligee, 85 Washington St. Commission.

SALES

70 ROSEVILLE TRUST INDICTMENTS FOUND

Essex Grand Jury Acts on Looting of More Than $400,000 from Newark Institution.

CHARGE HIGH MISDEMEANOR

Names Not Yet Announced — Officials and Large Depositors May Be Included in List.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 27.—The Essex County Grand Jury, which has been investigating the affairs of the defunct Roseville Trust Company of Newark, which was wrecked and looted of about $400,000 last August, handed up yesterday afternoon about seventy indictments to Chief Justice William S. Gummere. The indictments charge high misdemeanor.

Prosecutor Louis Hood, who has been working on the case for the last three months, refused to discuss the case in any way other than to say that indictments had been returned and that capiases would be issued immediately for the persons named. No quarter will be shown to any of them, and they will have to go to jail until their bondsmen have qualified.

According to rumors around the Newark Court House, several of the officers and Directors of the defunct institution have been indicted and other defendants will be men whose notes were found in the bank when the Examiners went over the books. These men, it is said, entered into an agreement with the officials to become depositors with the understanding that their notes would be accepted. If such an agreement was made it was a crime, as it is considered a conspiracy.

William F. Odell, President of the trust company, is employed by H. B. Claflin & Co. as a confidential man, and among the other men prominent in the affairs of the institution were John B. Scarlett, a Director and real estate operator, and Frank Bruno, an Orange contractor.

Prosecutor Hood would not say whether Raymond E. Smith, the Secretary-treasurer of the trust company, now in jail in default of $50,000 bail on indictments already returned against him, has been again indicted. Besides Smith, a teller of the bank and a former clerk of the institution have been indicted, and at the present time are out under bail.

Smith disappeared from the bank last Summer soon after the arrival of the State Banking Examiners. He was gone several weeks, but then returned, and voluntarily surrendered. Mr. Odell and others went on his bail, but later withdrew. It was believed at the time that Smith could aid the bank examiners, and thereby materially reduce the alleged shortage.

Prosecutor Hood said last night that the case would be pushed as rapidly as possible and that in all probability Chief Justice Gummere would preside at some of the trials.

The jury spent weeks on the case and went over heaps of papers and books and reports of the State Banking Department. It also examined Special Deputy Banking Commissioner L. R. Vredenburgh, who had charge of the investigation, and Ray E. Mayham, a State Bank Examiner, who worked at first for the Banking Department, and then conducted a special investigation for the Prosecutor.

TAKES COURTS TO TASK.

Southern Jurist Tells Cooper Union Audience That He Favors the Recall.

Chief Justice Walter Clark of the North Carolina Supreme Court in an address before the People's Institute at Cooper Union last night deplored "Government by Judges" and asserted that the high courts had, without any authority conferred by the Constitution, taken upon themselves the power of reversing acts of Congress and the various Legislatures.

The North Carolina jurist sounded a note of warning in his talk against a "judicial oligarchy." He then told about various "remedies," as he called them. One of them was the recall, and a man in the audience asked him why it was that the Judges always opposed the recall bitterly.

"I can only say," retorted Chief Justice Clark, "that I have served the people and do not fear it. Any time the people want me to retire I am ready to obey their will."

"The overwhelming preponderance of the judiciary," Justice Clark continued, "was unexpectedly created in 1808 by a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. Without a line in the Constitution to authorize it, that body assumed the right to veto an act of Congress they chose to hold unconstitutional. The doctrine has practically made the courts the dominant power in every State in the Union. Whenever any progressive statute has not been in accord with the economic views entertained by the courts, they generally have exercised their power to declare such statute unconstitutional because it was not 'due process of law.'"

Justice Clark opposed the appointment of Judges for life. He said, with emphasis, that he did not want it understood that he was attacking the Judges.

ADOPT MARKS'S REFORM.

Tammany Aldermen, Unable to Defeat Borough President's Proposal.

Borough President Marcus M. Marks put a reform through the Board of Aldermen yesterday notwithstanding the efforts of the Tammany members to sidetrack it. When the Chairman announced that the Board would pass upon the list of 100 Commissioners of Deeds whose names, according to established custom, were not to be made public at the meeting, President Marks objected, saying that the system should be revised so that the names could be made public.

"President Marks is a new man," said Alderman White sarcastically, and he should be forgiven."

Alderman Dowling, leader of the minority, objected also. To take up such matters, he said, would mean that the Board would have to sit all day.

It was decided finally that the Rules Committee would devise a plan whereby the names of all Commissioners of Deeds appointed by the Aldermen should be printed, together with their proposers and indorsers, so that a citizen could object to any appointment if he saw fit to do so.

EARNED CHURCH MONEY.

One Woman Ran a Dime Up to $1.15 at a Rival Church Fair.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 27.—The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Baptist Church decided a year ago last night that during the ensuing year each member should earn a dollar for the church. Last night $55 was turned over to Mrs. G. Adrian Rolfe, the treasurer.

One woman earned the money by boarding a dog for a week during the summer. Another refrained from scolding her husband when he spilled coffee on the tablecloth, and so earned a dollar. A third collected a penny from every gentleman in her acquaintance. Her dollar was accepted, but her method disapproved of.

One woman who was reticent during the meeting confessed afterward that she ran a dime up to $1.15 at a wheel at a fair held in another church, and then had sense enough to stop playing.

Schmidt Trial Nears Close.

Yesterday's session of the trial of Hans Schmidt, the murderer of Anna Aumuller, was taken up with the reading of reports made in Germany and tending to show that the accused man was insane. The defense expects to call to-day Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe and Dr. M. S. Gregory as alienists who will help support the Schmidt plea of insanity. The case may go to the jury on Friday night.

MRS. LEEDS ENDS QUARREL.

Stepmother Sailed with Her to England—Former on Way Back.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Jan. 27.—Mrs. Estella Ecker Stewart, widow of William C. Stewart, the retired banker and father of Mrs. William B. Leeds, who died last Friday at his home, 208 South Mountain Avenue, sailed with Mrs. Leeds to England three weeks ago, according to a relative of Mrs. Stewart now living in Mrs. Stewart's home at Mountain Lakes. This was taken to mean a reconciliation had been effected between the two women, who abruptly severed their relations in the Summer of 1910, when Mrs. Leeds had Mrs. Stewart ejected from the house in South Mountain Avenue, after having removed her father to her home in Newport.

Fern Parkhurst, Mrs. Stewart's daughter by a former marriage, accompanied her mother on the voyage.

There was much talk when Mrs. Stewart was ejected from the house that Mrs. Leeds, who is the widow of William B. Leeds, the "Tin Plate King," and inherited the greater part of his $30,000,00 estate, fitted up for her stepmother and father at a cost of some hundred of thousands dollars. Neither his wife nor daughter attended Mr. Stewart at his death. The latter started abroad not knowing the gravity of her father's illness. Mrs. Stewart never returned to her husband's home here after she was forced to leave Montclair with her daughter in 1910.

The body of Mr. Stewart has been placed in a vault in Woodlawn Cemetery, where it will remain until the arrival of Mrs. Leeds, who is on her way back to the United States. Whether Mrs. Stewart will return for the funeral is not known.

WOULD CLEAN UP PATERSON

Reform Associations Complain to Mayor of Saloons and Resorts.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 27.—A campaign for moral house-cleaning was begun here to-day. Letters have been sent by such reform associations as the New Jersey Anti-Saloon League and the Paterson Ministerial Association to Mayor Robert Fordyce, complaining of excise violations, gambling, and disorderly houses.

The case has been cited of a girl of tender years who was found an involuntary inmate of a disorderly resort, and River, Ryerson, Market, Straight, Harrison, Jay, Arch, and Montgomery Streets have been mentioned as needing the attention of the police. The illegal sale of liquors and conditions prevailing in certain licensed hotels in the central part of the city are also complained of.

The Anti-Saloon League has asserted that children have been found living in the environment of a disorderly house and that young girls have been brought to this city from adjoining States in violation of the Mann White Slave law.

SAVE GIRLS FROM AUTOISTS.

Driver and Helper of Passing Truck Chase Men Away.

Special to The New York Times.

ARLINGTON, N. J., Jan. 27.—John Reddington, driver of a Siegel-Cooper automobile grocery truck, was nearing the Arlington Cemetery, about five miles north of Jersey City on the Belleville Turnpike tt 5 o'clock to-day when he heard two girls screaming. Looking ahead he saw the girls stabbing with their hatpins at two young men. Reddington stopped his truck and ran toward the place, followed by his helper. When the young men saw them coming they bolted for a touring car which had been left in the road and drove away.

Reddington brought the girls to Arlington, where they boarded a trolley car for Jersey City. Their faces were bleeding and their clothing was torn. They would not give their names, but told John Sobel, the conductor, and James Arnot, the motorman, that they had gone for a spin with the two young men, who suddenly stopped their machine at the Arlington Cemetery and attacked them.

KERMANSHAH CARPET, $590.

Ancient Persian Manuscripts in Collection at Fifth Avenue Galleries.

A collection of Oriental rugs is being sold this week at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, and will be concluded on Saturday. There is also a collection of ancient Persian fabrics and textiles, and interesting old manuscripts, beautifully illuminated.

In this part of the collection is a curious scientific instrument, the astrolabe, made by the great mechanical artificer of the seventeenth century, Abdul-A-Immah; there are copies of El Koran, manuscript volumes of scientific knowledge, and vellums of the poets hundreds of years old; miniatures delicately done in fadeless colors by Reza Abbasie, Special Painter to Shah Abbas the Great; embroideries wrought of fine seed pearls and pure silver on old exquisite Cashmere, made for the imperial family, and a beautiful fragment of a Zary, the rich silk and gold brocade fine in designs in which Persian ladies of high rank were costumed.

Shaninshah Kermanshah carpet went to J. K. Smit for $590. F. B. Kruger gave $295 for a Kermanshah carpet with camel's hair ground, and a palace carpet went to George Brown for $205. The returns for the day was $7,175.

WIRELESS TO HAWAII FROM IRELAND SOON

Test Will Be Made in Direct Communication Over More Than 7,800 Miles.

CROSSING THIS CONTINENT

Station at New Brunswick Nearing Completion — No New Agreement with Western Union.

Vice President John Bottomley of the Marconi Wireless Company of America announced yesterday that a reduction of one-third in the present wireless rates would be made after the completion some time this year of the series of high-power wireless stations stretching nearly half-way around the world. Regarding a statement published yesterday that the Marconi Wireless Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company had formed a new working agreement, Mr. Bottomley said that such an agreement with the Western Union had existed for a year, and that no closer connection was contemplated than that which had been in effect.

C. H. Taylor, an English engineer in charge of the erection of the new Marconi wireless towers; his assistant, L. C. Everett, and other officials of the American Marconi Company will make a trip to-day to Belmar and New Brunswick, N. J., to test the new plant under construction near those towns. The wireless apparatus there forms a single plant, the receiving station being at Belmar and the sending station at New Brunswick. Between the two towns there are thirteen steel masts, each 430 feet high, erected in a row a mile and a quarter long. Receiving instruments of ordinary capacity will be used at the test to-day, and it is expected to pick up wireless messages sent out from Ireland, and possibly from San Francisco.

The New Jersey station will communicate with a station under construction in Carnarvonshire, Wales. Another station is to be erected in Massachusetts for direct communication with a high-power wireless plant at Stavanger, Norway. The largest Marconi plant, which is now nearly completed, is in the Hawaiian Islands, near Honolulu. The steel masts at this station are 475 feet high. A plant of extraordinary capacity was required here because the station will receive and send wireless messages in two directions—between Honolulu and San Francisco and between Honolulu and Japan and the Philippines.

Assistant Engineer Everett said that in about two weeks it was expected to receive at the wireless station in Honolulu the farthest wireless message ever sent. The Honolulu station will try to pick up messages sent out at Clifden, Ireland. The air waves sent out from Clifden will cross the Atlantic Ocean, the American Continent, and one-third of the Pacific Ocean, traversing a distance of about 7,800 miles before they reach the receiving station at Honolulu. As soon as the message from Clifden is caught at Honolulu the news will be flashed by wireless from Honolulu to San Francisco, and telegraphed to the Marconi headquarters in the Woolworth Building in this city.

The permanent receiving apparatus for the New Jersey station is due to arrive in this city from England on the Philadelphia on Saturday, but the station will not be entirely equipped and in service before this Summer.

WOMEN AT TRENTON TO-DAY

Suffragists and Antis Will Appear on Ballot Measure.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 27.—Assemblyman Walter L. McDermott of Jersey City this afternoon gave up his fight to have the Legislature proceed under the so-called California plan. The House Democrats by a vote of 25 to 10 decided against the scheme, and with the unanimous consent of the Republican minority they amended the rules so that bills may be taken up for second reading at once and not wait until March 2, as previously had been agreed.

Before adjourning until next Monday night, the Senate went into executive session and confirmed Gov. Fielder's nomination of State Road Commissioner Stevens for another term, and other nominations.

Senator Wheaton of Cape May County introduced a bill authorizing the construction of an inland waterway from Cape May to Bayhead, along the Atlantic Coast, and making an appropriation for the work. Another bill introduced by Mr. Wheaton regulates the practice of neuropathy, creating a neuropathic board, and prescribing a method of examination for the obtaining of a license from such a board.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate has been invited to sit with the members of the Assembly to-morrow morning for the public hearing on the woman suffrage resolution. The hearing will begin at 10 o'clock, and great preparation has been made for it by both the suggragists and the antis.

With the Senate and Assembly in joint session to-day, State Controller Edward I. Edwards of Jersey City was re-elected for another term.

PRICE CUTTING IN SUGAR.

Brokers Testify That Competition Is Always Active.

Levis W. Minford, Joseph B. Turner, and Lambert V. B. Cameron, all sugar brokers, testified yesterday in the Government suit for the dissolution of the American Sugar Refining Company that competition prevailed in all grades of sugars, except those that were made by the American alone.

James R. Knapp, representing the Government, asked Mr. Cameron if the absorption of a refinery or its closing down had any effect in staying price cutting and in raising prices. He said it had not, as it was always followed by the establishment of other refineries.

"Do you think," he was asked, "there was as much price cutting after the American absorbed the Spreckels refinery as before?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Cameron, "except that there was a temporary steadying of the market between the closing of one refinery and the opening of another."

The hearings, which are held before Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice at 50 Wall Street, will go on to-day.

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Madras
COLLARS

Granton—made of a fine quality self striped Madras. A collar that has the character and individuality that always accompany correct styles. *2 for 25c*

CLUETT, PEABODY & Co., INC., TROY, N.Y.
Makers of ARROW SHIRTS

Who Is Responsible, Wilson or Bryan?

Col. George Harvey, editor of The North American Review, discusses **The Diplomats of Democracy** in the light of the Democratic platform. Everybody who is interested in the representation of this country abroad should read this article

In Next Sunday's Times

First Photographs From Stefansson's Arctic Party

Seattle man, after a hazardous journey through a long stretch of Northern Alaska never before visited by a white man, returns with snapshots of the party. They will be reproduced in the **Pictorial Section**

In Next Sunday's Times

Order next Sunday's Times of your newsdealer to-day. The Times is always sold out early.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
MAUDE ADAMS
in J. M. BARRIE'S comedy, only for those who have ever had a mother.
THE LEGEND OF LEONORA
By the author of "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Sat., 2:30.
"Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun.
MISS BILLIE BURKE
in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success.
THE LAND OF PROMISE

THE SUN THAT SHINES IN THE EVENING SAYS:
"WHAT happened to Cyril Maude at Wallack's when Grumpy turned the tide of success in his favor has happened to H. V. Esmond and Eva Moore in the success of The Dear Fool at the
GARRICK THEATRE"
35th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:30.

HUDSON "BIG LAUGHING SUCCESS" —EVE. WORLD. 44 St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8.30. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:20.
WM. COLLIER
in a three-hour laugh-a-minute comedy.
A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday.
LAST 4 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATS.
—POPULAR PRICE MAT. TO-DAY.—
ELSIE FERGUSON
in William Hurlbut's Iowan Comedy,
THE STRANGE WOMAN
Next Mon., Mabel & Edith TALIAFERRO "YOUNG WISDOM."

GLOBE B'way, 46th Street Mat. To-day
THE QUEEN OF THE MOVIES
Bear "Follow the Crowd." "O, Cecelia." "In the Night." VALLI VALLI, FRANK MOULAN, ALICE DOVEY, FELIX ADLER

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:15.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy,
The Little Cafe
by Ivan Caryll & C. M. S. McLellan.

LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
The International Operetta Sensation.
SARI
"Girls arrayed in the most startling and original gowns that have yet appeared on B'way."—N.Y. Sun

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE.
NEXT MONDAY TO THE GAIETY.
MABEL AND EDITH
TALIAFERRO
in RACHEL CROTHERS' NEW COMEDY,
YOUNG WISDOM

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15.
Last Week—Mats. To-day & Sat.
Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks
With Amelia Bingham & Patricia Collinge
In "THE NEW HENRIETTA"
NEXT MONDAY...SEATS TO-MORROW
THE NEW VIENNESE MUSICAL COMEDY,
THE LAUGHING HUSBAND

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
Popular 50c to $1.50 Mat. To-day
COHAN'S BEST PLAY
Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills
7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. T'm'w & Sat., 2:20.
"THE PLAY OF THE YEAR."—FRANCES STARR A REVELATION."—EVE. WORLD.
Frances Starr
in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

FULTON 46 St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:30.
THE MISLEADING LADY

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees To-morrow & Sat., 2:20.
LAST WEEKS
BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS.
ADELE

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c to $1.50.
CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor.
in the tremendously successful comedy drama,
"GRUMPY"

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. M. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
POPULAR 50c. TO $1.50 MAT. TO-DAY.
POTASH AND PERLMUTTER

HUDSON THEATRE DURING FEB'Y.
Annual Season of Dickens Matinees.
FRANK SPEAIGHT
England's Celebrated Dickens Actor.
Feb. 5, Pickwick. Feb. 19, Nickleby.
Feb. 13, Copperfield. Feb. 26, Christmas Carol.
Course Tickets, $1.50 to $5.00 at Box Office.
LYCEUM THEATRE.....SPECIAL
NEXT TUESDAY; also Feb. 10th at 3:30.
Beatrice Herford
IN HER ORIGINAL MONOLOGUES.

GRAND Opera Ho. 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. To-day. Belasco's "The Man Inside."
STARTING NEXT MON.—Seats Now.
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in Shameen Dhu.

Waldorf-Astoria Ballroom. TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
GRAND CHARITY CONCERT.
Mme. Emma Eames
EMILIO de GOGORZA
ST. CECILIA CLUB, Victor Harris, Conductor. Tickets, $3.00. Boxes $25 and $50 at TYSON'S and Mgt. ANTONIA SAWYER, 1425 Broadway.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 31st, at 2:30
Violin Recital—MISCHA
ELMAN
Tickets 75c. to $2.00. Now at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Steinway Piano.

Zadora entirely recovered. His postponed Piano recital To-morrow Aft., at Aeolian Hall.
Mgt. Edelman & Gouldon. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST.
Matinee To-day at 2. Prices 25c. to $1.
This Week & Next Mon., "ROMEO & JULIET."
Week Beg. Next Tues., "RIGOLETTO."

AEOLIAN HALL. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
Violin Recital by JACQUES KASNER
50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Explanatory Recital at the Piano by WALTER DAMROSCH.
This Afternoon at 3, "SIEGFRIED."
Seats 50c. to $1.50. AEOLIAN HALL.

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BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST
LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE UPTOWN HOTEL.
Subway Station and Surface Cars at door; new "Elevated" Station, 86th St., (within two blocks.) Large, Quiet Rooms with Bath for transient or permanent residence. All the comforts of the better New York Hotels at one-third less price.

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164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.
Unusually attractive residential hotel for refined folks, near Riverside Drive. Harmonious furnishings; every comfort. Handsome suites and single rooms, with bath; prices moderate.
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14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d,44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.

WINTER GARDEN B'way 50th. Evs. 8 sharp.
Matinee To-morrow at 2, Best Seats $1.50.
GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS.
THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY.
Lew Fields .....Proprietor
Evs. at 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2 sharp.
Matinee To-day, Best Seats $1.50.
Sensational Success of the London «Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production
THE GIRL ON THE FILM

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 1760.
11 to 1 Nightly. Adm. $1. Variete. Dancing. Restaurant. Dorothy Toye, Oy-Ba, and Dorma Leigh. Marcel's Art Studies. The Skatells, etc.
Next Monday night—Dancing contest. Prizes awarded to ladies and gentlemen.

LITTLE Bernard Shaw's
44th W. of B'y. Mts. T'day & Sat. 2:30. Evgs. 8:45.
AMAZING COMEDY.
THE PHILANDERER

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. T'm'w & Sat. 2:30
JOE WEBER & WALTER HAST Present
THE WELSH PLAYERS in CHANGE By J. O. Francis.

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS
39 n'r B'way
SATURDAY NIGHT JAN 31, ALL NEW BILL
The Neglected Lady
The Hard Man
It Can Be Done
The Kiss in the Dark
The Fountain

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, $1.50.
A THOUSAND YEARS AGO
Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. T'day, $1.50.
The DEADLOCK with EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER

39TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:20.
Dorothy Donnelly with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA.
MON. FEB. 2 Seats T'm'w. BLANCHE RING
Supported by HARRY CONOR in "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES."

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Reg. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Popular Price Mat. Every Tues. 2:15.
KITTY MacKAY
Absolutely the Biggest Laughing Success of the year

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
HIGH JINKS

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30.
Popular Matinee To-day, $1.50.
OWING TO THE ENORMOUS SUCCESS
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
Special Extra Matinees
Fri., Feb. 6, & Fri., Feb. 13
BUY YOUR SEATS NOW

MANHATTAN OP. HOUSE. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'day & Sat., 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW with JANE COWL.

WEST END 125th, W. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. T'day & Sat., 2:15.
The Fantasy with music, PRUNELLA with Marguerite Clark.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:20.
Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. 115 PERFORMANCES 2, 8, 7 & 9:25
Photo drama Sensation, The House of Bondage

JARDIN DE DANSE Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30. 8:30 TO CLOSING
TO-NIGHT—THE GREAT
LOPOUKOWA LAST WEEK

CARNEGIE LYCEUM. Daily inc. Sund. 2:15 & 8:15. Mats. 25-50. Nhts. 25-$1.50.
VICTOR HUGO'S LES MISERABLES
The Photo Play that Electrified Paris.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
To-night, Prof. Bernhardi; Thur., Kasemenluft; Sat. Mat., Weisse Rosal; Sat. Ev., Heidelberg.

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 9:30, 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 15-25c.
THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation

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Ben Welsh AND HIS BURLESQUERS

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Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M.
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MURRAY HILL Evenings 8:15. Mat. To-day. AMERICAN BURLESQUE. BEAUTIES.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
To-night at 8:15. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia: Martin, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Mat. at 2:30. Rheingold. Fremstad, Ober, Curtis, Alten, Sparkes; Jorn, Well, Goritz, Witherspoon, Braun, Reiss. Con., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8. Boris Godunow. Ober, Braslau, Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8:15. Boheme. Alda, Alten; Caruso, Gilly, Didur, Rothler. Con., Polacco.
Sat. at 1:30. Meistersinger. Gadski, Mattfeld; Jorn, Well, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel, Leonhardt. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices (Double Bill). Cavalleria Rusticana. Destinn; Cristalli, Gilly; foll'd by Pagliacci. Bori; Martin, Gilly. Cond., Polacco.
Next Mon. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Chicago Opera Co. (1 time.) Don Quichote. Garden; Marcoux (debut), Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay. Cond., Campanini.
Wed. at 8:15. Girl of the Gold. West, Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Polacco.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues., Feb. 3, at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Goritz, Well, Jorn. Cond., Hertz.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
ANNOUNCE A
BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL
On the following evenings: Feb'y 18, 20, 25, 27, March 4, 7.
SOLOISTS.
MR. ISAYE. MME. JOMELLI. MISS MILLER. MR. MIDDLETON.
MR. HOFMANN. MME. CULP. MR. SEAGLE. MR. MILLER.
THE KNEISEL QUARTET
Oratorio Society, Louis Koemmenich, Cond.
Subscriptions, Room 1201, Aeolian Hall.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Ev., Feb'y 4, at 8:15. The Mighty Trio. Last Appearance This Season.
YSAYE GODOWSKY GERARDY
Mozart, Saint-Saens, Schubert and Beethoven. Prices 75c-$2.50. Boxes, $15 & $18, at Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
T'm'w (Thur.) Ev., 8:15, next Fri. Aft., 2:30.
Tschaikowsky, Schubert, Wagner, Richard Strauss, Wolf, Liszt.
Soloist, JULIA CULP
CARNEGIE HALL. Tickets at Box Office.

HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., FEB. 1ST.
TETRAZZINI
TITTA RUFFO
Seats $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50. Now on Sale. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. (Hardman Piano.)

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Fri. Aft., Jan. 30. Sunday Aft., Feb'y 1.
KATHARINE GOODSON, Pianist.
JACQUES BENARD, 'Cellist.
SYMPHONY NO. 2 JEAN SIBELIUS.
Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.

Academy—14th St. & Irving Place. Mat. Daily, 2:30. The Bandit King

48th St. Theatre E. of B'way Bryant 178 135th TIME TO-NIGHT
BARGAIN MATINEE TO-MORROW. BEST SEATS $1.50. REG. MAT. SAT.
IF YOU ARE GOING TO SEE A PLAY TO-NIGHT, DON'T HESITATE; BUT GO AND SEE THE DRAMA THAT HAS CREATED MORE TALK THAN ANY PLAY IN A CENTURY
"TO-DAY"
By GEORGE BROADHURST and ABRAHAM SCHOMER.
Everybody Is Talking About the Wonderful Play "To-day."
Is Talking About the Wonderful Cast in "To-day."
Is Talking About the Wonderful Thrills in "To-day."
Is Talking About the Wonderful Climax in "To-day."
Is Talking About the Wonderful Gowns in "To-day."
Is Telling Everybody Else to See "To-day."
It is NOT a White Slave or a Red Light Drama, nor a Play of the Underworld, but it Does Hold You Spellbound from the Rise of the Curtain to the Terrific Climax at the End of the Play.
'Phone, Write, or Wire for Seats for Lincoln's and Washington's Birthdays.

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COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c
ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c.
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Premier Stock Co. in "The Master Mind." Daily Mat. 10-25. Ev. 15-50.
Palace B'way and 47th St. 2,000 Mat. Seats, 50c.
HYAMS & McINTYRE, NEIL KENYON, Adele Ritchie, "The Trained Nurses," with Clark & Bergman, others.
F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES
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